# Liberal Arts Colleges 

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# Camden College of Arts and Sciences 

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

Dean: Margaret Marsh, Ph.D. Associate Dean: Daniel Hart, Ed.D. Assistant Dean: Nancy G. Rosoff, M.A.<br>Business Manager: Maria Garcia<br>Administrative Assistant: Iris Rodriguez<br>Administrative Assistant: Lori Mariano

The Office of the Dean administers the academic programs of the Camden College of Arts and Sciences (CCAS). It is responsible for program planning, faculty appointments, the maintenance of instructional standards, and the observance of the college's academic policies.

In addition, the office is concerned with the scholastic accomplishments of the students. The dean's staff administers the New Jersey College Basic Skills Placement Test, academic orientation, student advising services, and the Dean's List, as well as other programs which promote academic excellence at the college.

## HISTORY AND AIMS OF THE COLLEGE

Since its origin in 1927 as the College of South Jersey, the Camden College of Arts and Sciences has undergone a dramatic growth in curricular offerings, facilities, and the size of the student body. Starting as a two-year college serving the needs of a small group of students, the college today, as part of Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, has more than 2,400 day students studying in over twenty-five different fields. Its graduates have entered many avenues of professional and business life, perhaps contributing most outstandingly in the fields of medicine, law, the sciences, business, and education.

The college is committed to maintaining its tradition as a liberal arts institution. A broad range of subjects in the humanities, social sciences, and natural and physical sciences is available to its students. Distribution requirements ensure that students gain an understanding of all areas of the liberal arts curriculum.

## PROGRAMS OF STUDY

## Major Programs

The Camden College of Arts and Sciences offers the major programs listed below and described in detail in the Programs and Courses chapters.

A major program includes 30 to 48 credits of course work in the selected major department, and any other courses required, as specified by that department. However, the total number of credits specified by the department may not exceed 80 .

## Bachelor of Arts

014 African-American Studies<br>080 Art (art history, design, electronic art, fine arts)<br>120 Biology<br>160 Chemistry<br>198 Computer Science<br>202 Criminal Justice (proposed)<br>220 Economics<br>350 English<br>420 French<br>470 German<br>510 History<br>555 Student-Proposed Major<br>640 Mathematics<br>700 Music<br>730 Philosophy<br>750 Physics<br>790 Political Science<br>830 Psychology<br>840 Religion<br>890 General Science<br>910 Social Work<br>920 Sociology<br>940 Spanish<br>965 Theater Arts<br>975 Urban Studies

## Bachelor of Science

124 Biomedical Technology
705 Nursing
CCAS also offers special concentrations for students interested in premedicine, preagriculture (017), preengineering (005), and prepharmacy (720). Air Force and Army Officers Training Programs are available to students.

## Minor Programs

The majority of the departments offer approved minor programs of study. Students pursuing either the B.A. or B.S. degree may elect an approved minor.

## ACADEMIC POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Note: See also the general Academic Policies and Procedures chapter for regulations that pertain to all three undergraduate colleges.

## Selecting Courses

Course selection for the fall and spring terms occurs during the months of October and March. Most currently enrolled students can select their courses by telephone registration or via the Internet. However, students in academic jeopardy normally are required to select their courses in person and with the approval of a dean or faculty adviser.

## Course Load

A typical course load for a full-time student is 15 credits. Students desiring to register for more than 18 credits must meet the cumulative grade-point average listed below. Students in their first term at the college may not register for more than 18 credits. Exceptions to these rules can be made only by the Committee on Scholastic Standing.

For each hour of class time, students are expected to do a minimum of two hours of out-of-class study. Students should plan their course loads accordingly.

Overload. A student who takes more than 18 credits in a term has an overload. To take an overload of 19 or 20 credits, a cumulative grade-point average of 3.0 or better is required; to take an overload of 21 or more credits (maximum overload is 24 credits), a cumulative grade-point average of 3.5 or more is required.

Students should take an overload only for compelling reasons. Each student who has the required cumulative grade-point average and is considering taking an overload should discuss carefully with his or her adviser whether an overload is in the student's best interest. Approval must be granted by a dean in the student development office.

## Change of Courses

The addition or substitution of courses is permitted only during the first five class days of the term. Courses may be dropped, without penalty, until the end of the eighth week of the term.

Exceptions to the deadline for dropping courses can be made only by the Committee on Scholastic Standing. Petition forms for this purpose may be obtained from the Office for Student Development. Completed forms must be received in the Office for Student Development not later than one week before the end of the term. When the reason for the petition involves personal problems, it is expected that students will have discussed the problems with a dean in the Office for Student Development before the closing one-week period. Petitions are granted by the committee only when serious personal problems have developed after the stipulated penalty-free drop period and the problems are confirmed by the Office for Student Development.

No course may be dropped during the last week of class.

## Day and Evening Class Schedules and Hours

Starting and closing dates for each term, scheduled holidays, and other important scheduling information can be found in the academic calendar. Classes meet Monday through Friday between thehours of 8:00 A.M. and 5:40 P.M. Students may schedule classes that meet for three fifty-five-minute periods a week, two eighty-minute periods a week, or a combination thereof. Laboratory, studio art, and theater arts classes generally vary in the length of period from thoseabove.

Evening classes normally are scheduled to meet either two evenings per week or in a single session, i.e., one double-period class per week. There are two class periods per evening for courses meeting twice a week, each running for an hour and twenty minutes with a ten-minute break between classes; the periods begin at 6:00 P.M. and 7:30 P.M. Classes meeting once a week begin at 6:00 P.M. The majority of students choose schedules of two evenings per week, although some students find it desirable, or necessary, to attend three or four evenings. Students also may select day courses when appropriate.

## HONORS AND AWARDS

## Dean's List

The dean's list recognizes current academic achievement. The list is published at the end of each term for full-time students and in August for part-time students. Full-time students are eligible if they have completed 12 or more credits for numerical grade credit with a term grade-point average of 3.5 or better. Part-time students are eligible if during the previous academic year they have completed
12 or more credits for numerical grade credit with a gradepoint average of 3.5 or better.

## Honor Societies

Alpha Delta Mu. This society is the national social work honor society. Its purpose is to advance excellence in social work practice and to encourage, stimulate, and maintain scholarship of the individual members in all fields, particularly in social work. To be eligible for membership, a student must have senior standing, have completed 33 credit hours in the social work program, and have a cum ulative grade-point average of 3.5 or a cum u lative gradepoint average of 3.0 or higher and the recom m endation of two facultym em bers. In addition to academ ic excellence, a student must have demonstrated leadership ability, a high standard of personal behavior, and a dedication to social work practice.
Athenaeum Honor Society. The members of Athenaeum, the honor society of the college, are elected from among the best scholars in the upper classes. Membership is limited to seniors who have earned at least 60 credits at the college with a cumulative grade-point average of no less than 3.5 and juniors who have earned at least 80 credits at the college with a cumulative grade-point average of no less than 3.7. In addition, the society may, from time to time, elect honorary members.
Kappa Delta Pi. Membership in this national education honor society is based on academic excellence and an exhibited professional attitude that would enable one to grow in the field of education.
Omicron Delta Epsilon. Membership in this international honor society in economics requires junior or senior status, standing in the top 25 percent of class, exceptionally high grade-point averages overall and in economics, and departmental approval.
Phi Sigma Alpha. Students attaining honors standing in the college and in political science are eligible for nomination to membership in this national political science honor society.
Pi Delta Epsilon. Members are elected to this national journalism honor fraternity by the chapter members from the staffs of The Gleaner and Mneme.
Pi Mu Epsilon. Students who have completed the work of at least the sophomore year with honors in mathematics and who have a high class standing will be considered for membership in the national mathematics honor society.
Psi Chi. Students attaining honors standing in the college and in psychology are eligible for nomination to membership in the national psychology honor society.

Sigma Delta Pi. Students are selected on the basis of high scholastic achievement in Hispanic studies for this national Spanish honor society.

Sigma Theta Tau. Membership in the national honor society of nursing is competitive and is based on scholarship and leadership.
Tau Kappa Alpha. Members of the national forensic honor fraternity are selected by the chapter from their participation in the forensic program, including debating squads.

## Awards and Prizes

The following prizes are open annually to Camden College of Arts and Sciences students. Further information can be obtained from the various disciplines offering the prizes or the assistant dean for student affairs.

Academic Achievement Award in Nursing
African-American Studies Award
Air Force Community Service Award (nursing)
Ralph Bergen Allen Prize in English Composition
Army Nurse Corps "Spirit of Nursing" Award
Athenaeum Honor Society Award
Jane Watt Baird Prize in Music (piano or organ)
Edward J. Bloustein Community Service Award
James M. Boland Memorial Award (nursing)
Tommaso A. Borda Memorial Award
Mary Camishon-Malone Memorial Scholarship (nursing)
Nancy Camishon Memorial Scholarship (nursing)
Richard A. Caulk Memorial Scholarship (history)
Computer Science Award
Nancy Higginson Dorr Award for Student Teaching
Alfred E. Driscoll Memorial Prize in Art History
Marian Eichman Memorial Award (nursing)
English Department Prize
Faculty Award for Distinguished Service in Advancement of Education
James M. Gaffney Memorial Award
Anthony Giannotti Memorial Prize in Art
Fay Giannotti Memorial Prize in Art
Gulick-Coleman Scholarship

History Department Award
William Hoffman Prize in Painting
Betty Harris Jones English Award
Dorothy Mallery Scholarship Award (music)
George Masterton Award in Sociology and Anthropology
Mathematical Sciences Distinguished Service Award
Mathematical Sciences Scholarship Award
Minority Alumni Council Outstanding Senior Award
New Jersey League for Nursing Award
New Jersey State Nursing Association \#5 Betty Malloy Memorial Award
The Petros Odabashian Award in Foreign Languages (primarily Russian)
Robert D. Packard Memorial Scholarship Award (political science)
Philadelphia Chapter of the American Institute of Chemists Senior Student Award
Philadelphia Section of the American Chemical Society Senior Award
Psychology Award
Psychology Department Award for Public Service
Drs. Owen and Ronald Rahman Award in Biology
Drs. Owen and Ronald Rahman Award in Chemistry
Rotary Club of Camden Scholarship
Rutgers-Camden Alumni Association Award (outstanding senior, man and woman)
Rutgers-Camden Alumni Association Award (writing)
Rutgers-Camden Alumni Association's Nursing Program Award
James Sanderson Humanities Award
Harry H. Shapiro Senior of the Year Award (political science)
Sigma Theta Tau Academic Achievement Award (nursing)
Sigma Theta Tau Best All-Around Student Award (nursing)
Stedman Art Award
Howard Morris Stuckert Memorial Award in Philosophy
Harry S. Trautenberg Award (music)
Jack Marvin Weiner Memorial Award (political science)
Gerard S. Weissman Award in Biology
John C. Wentz Memorial Prize (English essay)
Mary Jane Kelleher Wille Memorial Prize in Visual Arts
Brian C. Wright Social Work Award

# University CollegeCamden 

## OFFICE OF THE DEAN

Dean: Margaret Marsh, Ph.D.<br>Associate Dean: Marie Cornelia, Ph.D. Administrative Assistant: Elizabeth A. Skyta

University College-Camden is the evening degreegranting unit for the Faculty of Arts and Sciences-Camden. The University College-Camden dean's office is responsible for program planning, part-time faculty appointments, maintenance of instructional standards, and the enforcement of Rutgers' academic policies.

In addition, this office is concerned with coordinating the support services of the School of Business-Camden's advising, business, campus center, career planning and placement, counseling, financial aid, and registrar's offices for the evening student on and off campus.

## HISTORY AND AIMS OF THE COLLEGE

The mission of University College-Camden remains what it has been since the college was founded in 1934: to provide programs of study leading to undergraduate degrees which primarily are geared to the needs of adult, part-time students. The college strives to make an undergraduate education of high quality available to students who only can attend evening classes because of their other responsibilities.

The curricula of the Faculty of Arts and SciencesCamden and the School of Business-Camden are built on a solid foundation in liberal arts and sciences. Half of all credits earned toward a baccalaureate degree are devoted to study in the humanities, social sciences, and mathematical and natural sciences. The Faculty of Arts and Sciences-Camden offers seven major programs in the evening leading to the Bachelor of Arts degree. They are computer science, English, history, liberal studies, physics, political science, and psychology. The School of BusinessCamden also offers evening majors in accounting, finance, management, and marketing that lead to a Bachelor of Science degree.

## A Diversified Student Body

The student population of University College-Camden is composed mainly of transfer students from other colleges, but the college also accepts qualified students with no previous college experience. Students' ages range from seventeen to seventy, and even beyond. About three-fourths of the students are between the ages of twenty-four and fifty-four and over 50 percent are women. While most are candidates for a baccalaureate degree, others are college graduates who are pursuing new fields of study in order
to earn a second bachelor's degree or prepare for graduate school in a different area. When appropriate, the college also admits students who are not enrolled in any degree programs but who wish to take courses for special professional or personal purposes. The strength of the University College-Camden student body lies in this diversity.

While the majority of University College-Camden students take courses primarily in the evening on a parttime basis, all students may register for any undergraduate course in the daytime program for which they have the prerequisites.

## PROGRAMS OF STUDY

Eleven major programs of study that lead to a baccalaureate degree are available in their entirety in the evening. Students not interested in pursing a degree program may, within prescribed limits, schedule individual courses on a nonmatriculated basis.

## Major Programs

The following majors are available to evening students in Camden. They are offered by the Faculty of Arts and Sciences-Camden and the School of Business-Camden. The general curricular requirements for a bachelor's degree are outlined in the Degree Requirements and the School of Business-Camden chapters. The major academic programs are described in detail in the Programs and Courses chapter. Some majors have specific admission requirements, e.g., accounting, computer science, and management. Consult the appropriate section for admission requirements to major programs.

## Majors Offered in the Evening

## Bachelor of Arts

198 Computer Science (Information Systems option only)
350 English
510 History
606 Liberal Studies
750 Physics
790 Political Science
830 Psychology
Bachelor of Science
010 Accounting
390 Finance
620 Management
630 Marketing

## Student-Proposed Major

Rather than a traditional curriculum, a University CollegeCamden student, with the approval of the faculty, may elect an interdisciplinary major for either the B.A. or B.S. degree. See Student-Proposed Majors in the Programs and Courses chapter for further information.

## Minor Programs

The majority of the departments offer approved minor programs of study. Students pursuing either the B.A. or B.S. degree may elect an approved minor.

## ACADEMIC POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

Note: See also the general Academic Policies and Procedures chapter for regulations that pertain to all three undergraduate colleges. Refer to the section under the Camden College of Arts and Sciences.

## HONORS AND AWARDS

## Dean's List

The dean's list recognizes current academic achievement. The list is published at the end of each term for full-time students and in August for part-time students. Full-time students are eligible if they have completed 12 or more credits for numerical grade credit with a term grade-point average of 3.5 or better. Part-time students are eligible if they are matriculated and if, during the previous academic year, they have completed 12 or more credits for numerical grade credit with a grade-point average of 3.5 or better.

## Honor Societies

## Gamma Xi Chapter of Alpha Sigma Lambda National Honor

Society. Open by invitation to students who have earned, at the time of induction, 75 credits in academic subjects, including a minimum of 45 credits in the liberal arts and sciences and a minimum of 15 credits in the major, and who have earned a minimum of 45 of these 75 credits in evening classes at Rutgers-Camden. Students must have maintained a cumulative grade-point average of 3.5 or better where 4.0 is the highest grade-point average attainable.

## Awards and Prizes

University College-Camden and evening School of Business-Camden students who demonstrate outstanding academic achievement are eligible for awards and prizes which are presented annually at the Academic Honors Convocation, an event usually conducted during the month of April.
Alumni Association Award. Donated by the Rutgers University Camden Alumni Association. Presented to that evening student in the graduating class of University College-Camden or the School of Business-Camden who has demonstrated outstanding student leadership and academic excellence.
Arthur E. Armitage Award. Given by the University CollegeCamden Honor Society, Gamma Xi Chapter, Alpha Sigma Lambda in honor of the founder of the evening college at Camden. Presented to that member of the graduating class whose academic record has evidenced the highest achievement among evening students who are candidates for degrees. The honoree must be a member of Alpha Sigma Lambda.
Ed McNall Burns Memorial Award. Supported by an endowment fund which is the gift of Mrs. Edward McNall Burns. Presented to the University College-Camden senior with the highest academic record in the field of history. The recipient must have completed at least 21 credits in history, must be taking at least 3 additional credits during the last term, and must have the highest grade-point average in all courses in history.

Computer Science Award. Given to the University CollegeCamden senior who has demonstrated academic excellence in computer science.

## J. Fredrik Ekstrom Scholarship Award for Graduate Study.

Awarded annually to an Alpha Sigma Lambda honor society member who has been accepted for graduate study. The amount of the scholarship is dependent upon contributions received by the honor society. Information regarding eligibility and application may be obtained by writing Connie Cramer, 19 Lafferty Drive, Cherry Hill, NJ 08002.
English Department Award. Given to the University College-Camden senior who has demonstrated academic excellence in English.
Dr. Louis Forman Humanities Award. Established by the University College-Camden Class of 1976 to honor the outstanding teaching of Professor Forman. Presented to the University College-Camden student who has demonstrated outstanding ability in the humanities.
Charles Kaden Memorial Award for Psychology. Presented to the University College-Camden senior whose progress in the field of psychology warrants special recognition.
Outstanding Student Activities Award. Given by the University College-Camden Student Council to the senior who has given outstanding service in activities.
Jack Marvin Weiner Memorial Award. Given to the University College-Camden senior who has demonstrated academic excellence in political science.

## STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS AND ACTIVITIES

Note: See also the Student Life and Student Programs and Services chapters for information that pertains to all the colleges.

To meet the needs and interests of its diversified adult student body, University College-Camden has developed a student life program that extends the educational experience beyond the classroom by providing cultural, intellectual, and professional activities.

Many of the student organizations are oriented to discipline-related activities; others offer excellent training as well as opportunities to participate directly in college and university governance. Student leaders take responsibility for the operation and financial allocations of the Student Council and the special interest clubs and organizations. A list of the organizations and activities currently active on the campus may be obtained from the University College-Camden office.

## Student Council

The Student Council is an elected group of students who represent the total student body's interests in the university partnership of students, faculty, and administrators. It is through the council that students have a voice in matters that affect their educational development and environment.

## University Cultural and Social Activities

University College-Camden students are urged to participate in cultural and social activities. Theatrical presentations, art exhibitions, athletic events, and lectures are scheduled during evening hours throughout the year.

## Programs, Faculty, and Courses

## AVAILABILITY OF MAJORS

The programs of study outlined in this section are, in general, available to undergraduate students enrolled in the two liberal arts colleges in Camden: Camden College of Arts and Sciences and University College-Camden. School of Business-Camden programs and courses are included in the School of Business-Camden section of this catalog. However, not all programs are offered at both liberal arts colleges, and many are available only with daytime attendance. Therefore, it is important to consult the three college chapters in this catalog for lists of the majors available to students at each of the schools.

Individual undergraduate courses offered at Rutgers in Camden are, in general, open to students at all undergraduate colleges, subject to prerequisite restrictions and space limitations.

## COURSE NOTATION INFORMATION

## Changes in Course Numbers and/ or Titles

In most cases, if a course number has changed recently, the previous course number is given immediately below the title of the course with the following notation: (Formerly 00:000:000). Nevertheless, it is the student's responsibility to read course descriptions carefully and, when in doubt, to check with his or her adviser or the appropriate department to avoid registering for a course that the student may have already taken. Credit is not given twice for the same course, despite a change in number and/or title.

## Explanation of Three-Part Course Numbers

The number preceding each course title is divided into three parts. The first two digits are the administrative code, the next three digits are the subject code, and the final three digits are the course code.

## Administrative Codes

50 Camden College of Arts and Sciences (daytime and evening courses)
52 School of Business-Camden (daytime and evening courses)

## Subject Codes

A subject code indicates the subject matter of the course. (This list does not constitute a list of majors.)

[^0]African-American Studies
American Studies
Anthropology
Art (design, electronic art, fine arts)
Art History
Arts and Sciences
Astronomy
Biochemistry
Biology
Biomedical Technology
Botany
Chemistry
Computer Science
Criminal Justice
Dance
Economics
Education
English (Literature and Writing)
English, American Literature
Film Studies
French
Geological Sciences
German
History
History, American
Home Economics
International Studies
Student-Proposed Majors
Italian
Journalism
Justice and Society
Latin American Studies
Liberal Studies
Linguistics
Mathematical Sciences
Microbiology
Museum Studies
Music (and Musical Theater)
Music, Applied
Nursing
Pharmacy
Philosophy
Physics
Physiology
Plant Physiology
Political Science
Psychology
Public Administration and Government Service
Religion
Russian
General Science
Social Work
Sociology
Spanish
Speech
Statistics
Theater Arts (and Musical Theater)
Urban Studies and Community Planning
Volunteer Organization Leadership
Women's Studies
Writing
Zoology

## Course Codes

Courses coded from 100 to 299 are introductory and intermediate undergraduate courses; codes from 300 to 499 indicate advanced undergraduate courses. Courses coded from 500 to 799 are graduate courses and are described in the graduate catalogs of the university.

Two course codes separated by a comma indicate that each term course may be taken independently of the other (example: 50:160:453,454). Two course codes separated by a hyphen indicate that satisfactory completion of the first term course is a prerequisite to the second term (example: 50:750:203-204); the first term may be taken for credit without the second, except if a statement is added to indicate that both term courses must be completed in order to receive credit (example: 50:160:335-336).

## Other Course Notations

If the course title is followed by an (R), i.e., General Chemistry (R), the course may be repeated under the course repetition procedure described in the Academic Policies and Procedures chapter.

Credits awarded for the successful completion of each course are indicated in parentheses following course title. The notation (BA) indicates that the number of credits is determined by arrangement with the department offering the course.

The university reserves the right to augment, modify, or cancel the courses listed in the catalog, or to change degree requirements. Except for certain types of advanced courses, a course will automatically be withdrawn if fewer than ten students register for it.

## ENGINEERING TRANSFER 005

This program leads to either a B.S. degree or a joint B.A./B.S. degree. It can be completed only through daytime attendance.

Students starting at the Camden College of Arts and Sciences may transfer to the College of Engineering at Rutgers in New Brunswick after two years, provided they are in good standing with a cumulative grade-point average of 2.5 or better and a grade of C or better in all technical subjects. These are the usual criteria for acceptance by the receiving dean of the College of Engineering at New Brunswick. There are two options available to students entering the engineering transfer program at Camden: a two-year transfer program and a five-year program (two-plus-three).

## Two-Year Transfer Program

The first two years of the program are taken at the Camden College of Arts and Sciences. After two years, students transfer to the School of Engineering in New Brunswick and come under its jurisdiction for the remaining two years. At that time, the student also chooses a liberal arts college in New Brunswick (Douglass College, Livingston College, or Rutgers College) with which to affiliate for student services. The program leads to a B.S. degree in the selected engineering curriculum. Elective courses during the first two years must be selected with the aid and approval of the student's faculty adviser in Camden. Some curricula may require attendance at one or more summer sessions or an extra year of study in New Brunswick due to the lack of availability of second-year courses for some engineering majors at CCAS.

## Five-Year Program

The first two years of the program are taken at the Camden College of Arts and Sciences. The last three years are taken at the College of Engineering and a liberal arts college in New Brunswick (Douglass, Livingston, or Rutgers). The B.S. degree is conferred by the College of Engineering and the B.A. degree is conferred by the chosen liberal arts college.

Elective courses in the social sciences and humanities, generally totaling 18-24 credits, are required for graduation from the New Brunswick colleges. The elective requirements are determined by the New Brunswick college with which the student affiliates. A list of suitable electives is available in the advising office.

## First Year

## First Term

50:350:101 English Composition I (3)
50:640:121 Unified Calculus I (4)
50:750:131 Elements of Physics I (3)
50:750:133 Elements of Physics Laboratory I (1)
Elective (3 or 4)

## Second Term

50:198:151 Introduction to Programming Methods Using FORTRAN (3)
50:640:122 Unified Calculus II (4)
50:750:132 Elements of Physics II (3)
50:750:134 Elements of Physics Laboratory II (1)
Two electives (6-8)

## Sophomore Year

## First Term

50:160:115 Chemical Principles I (3)
50:160:125 Chemical Principles Laboratory I (1)
50:640:221 Unified Calculus III (4)
50:750:233 Electric Circuits I (3)
50:750:235 Electric Circuits Laboratory I (1)
50:750:253 Mechanics I (3) *

## Second Term

50:160:116 Chemical Principles II (3)
50:160:126 Chemical Principles Laboratory II (1)
50:640:314 Elementary Differential Equations (3)
50:750:232 Elements of Modern Physics (3)
50:750:291 Mechanics of Materials (3)
Elective (3 or 4)
Students planning to major in electrical engineering should also take 50:750:234 Electric Circuits II, 50:750:236 Electric Circuits II Laboratory, and 50:750:237 Computer Organization and Logic Design. Students planning to major in chemical engineering should take 50:160:115,116 Chemical Principles I,II in the first year and 50:160:335,336 Organic Chemistry in the sophomore year.

Junior, Senior, and Fifth Years
Same as programs starting in New Brunswick.

## ACCOUNTING 010

See the School of Business-Camden: Courses chapter.

[^1]
## AFRICAN-AMERICAN STUDIES 014

Director: Wayne Glasker, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., Pennsylvania

The program in African-American Studies is designed to provide students with a sound understanding of the black experience nationally and internationally, while focusing on North America. The interdepartmental and interdisciplinary features of the program allow for a broad and varied exposure to black culture, economics, politics, and history from Africa to the Americas. Each African-American Studies major must take 33 credits in courses approved for the major and choose a departmental minor; the required departmental minor may not be in another interdisciplinary or area program. Thus the program focuses the course of study on material that prepares students for meaningful careers of their choice and/or advanced degree training.

Students who wish to major or minor in African-American Studies should consult with the program director. A gradepoint average of 2.0 or better is required in courses for the major or minor in African-American Studies. This program can be completed only through daytime attendance.

In addition to the college curriculum requirements, the following requirements must be met to satisfy the African-American Studies major:

## Major Requirements

Students must take the following courses:
50:014:130 Introduction to African-American Studies (3)
50:512:203 African-American History I (R) (3)
50:512:204 African-American History II (R) (3)
50:920:316 Race and Ethnicity (3)
Students must take one course from the following:
50:510:241 Precolonial Africa (3) or 50:070:356
Peoples and Cultures of Africa (3)
50:510:242 Africa since 1800 (3) or 50:790:335
Government and Politics of Sub-Saharan Africa (3)

Students must take one course from the following:

| 50:352:250 | African-American Literature I (3) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 50:352:251 | African-American Literature II (3) |
| 50:352:350 | African-American Writing in Its |
| 50:352:451 | Social Context (3) |
| Major African-American Writers (3) |  |

Students must take one course from the following list of courses:

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50:790:391 Quantitative Methods in Political Science (3)
50:830:215 Statistics for Social Science (3)
50:920:301 Methods and Techniques of
    Social Research (3)
50:960:183 Elementary Applied Statistics (R) (3)
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Students must take a minimum of 6 credits from the following list of courses in the humanities. (Students may not use the same course(s) to meet both the major requirements and the humanities requirement.)

[^2]50:352:250 African-American Literature I (3)
50:352:251 African-American Literature II (3)
50:352:350 African-American Writing in Its Social Context (3)
50:352:451 Major African-American Writers (3)
50:420:243 African and Caribbean Literature in Translation (3)
50:510:241 Precolonial Africa (3)
50:510:242 Africa since 1800 (3)
50:510:265 Imperialism (3) *
50:512:340 The Civil Rights Movement (3)
50:700:348,349 Jazz, Rock, Folk, and Pop $(3,3)$ *
50:840:216 The Black Church (3)
50:920:430 African-American Culture (3)
50:965:215 Black Theater I (3)
In addition, appropriate special topics, independent study, and new courses may be substituted for the above courses with the approval of the director.

Students must take a minimum of 6 credits from the following courses in the social sciences. (Students may not use the same course(s) to meet both the major requirements and the social science requirement.)

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50:070:356 Peoples and Cultures of Africa (3)
50:202:337 The Poor, Minorities, and Justice (3)
50:220:339 Economic Development (3) *
50:790:242 Urban Social Ecology (3) *
50:790:335 Government and Politics of
    Sub-Saharan Africa (3)
50:790:364 Politics of Minority Groups (3) *
50:830:203 The Psychology of Minority Groups (3)
50:910:352 Groups at Risk in Contemporary Society (3)
50:920:270 Social Change in the Global Economy (3)
50:920:321 Urban Sociology (3)
50:975:103 Urban and Regional Ecological Planning (3) *
50:975:204 Poverty and Urban Environmental
Systems (R) (3)
50:975:219 History of the Ghetto and American Slums (R) (3)
50:975:369 Communications and Urban Problems (3) *
In addition, appropriate special topics, independent study, and new course offerings may be substituted for the above courses with the approval of the director.
Additional courses that are recommended for AfricanAmerican Studies majors are the following:
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50:070:341 Peoples and Cultures of Latin America (3)
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50:070:341 Peoples and Cultures of Latin America (3)
50:198:110 Introduction to Computing (R) (3)
50:198:110 Introduction to Computing (R) (3)
50:790:332 Urban Political Systems (3)
50:790:332 Urban Political Systems (3)
50:790:346 Urban Legal Problems (3)
50:790:346 Urban Legal Problems (3)
50:790:360 Urban Public Policy (3)
50:790:360 Urban Public Policy (3)
50:790:469 Rich Nations/Poor Nations (3)
50:790:469 Rich Nations/Poor Nations (3)
50:790:480 Radical Politics (3)

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50:790:480 Radical Politics (3)
```


## Minor Requirements

A minor in African-American Studies requires that students complete 18 credits.

The following courses are required for the minor:
50:512:203 African-American History I (R) (3)
50:512:204 African-American History II (R) (3)

[^3]Students must select four courses from the following list of courses:

| 50:014:130 | Introduction to African-American Studies (3) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 50:070:356 | Peoples and Cultures of Africa (3) |
| 50:082:285 | Art of Africa (3) |
| 50:202:337 | The Poor, Minorities, and Justice (3) |
| 50:352:250 | African-American Literature I (3) |
| 50:352:251 | African-American Literature II (3) |
| 50:352:350 | African-American Writing in Its |
|  | Social Context (3) |
| 50:352:451 | Major African-American Writers (3) |
| 50:510:241 | Precolonial Africa (3) |
| 50:510:242 | Africa since 1800 (3) |
| 50:512:340 | The Civil Rights Movement (3) |
| 50:790:335 | Government and Politics of |
|  | Sub-Saharan Africa (3) |
| 50:830:203 | The Psychology of Minority Groups (3) |
| $50: 840: 216$ | The Black Church (3) |
| $50: 920: 316$ | Race and Ethnicity (3) |
| $50: 975: 204$ | Poverty and Urban Environmental |
| $50: 975: 219$ | Systems (3) |
|  | Slums (3) |

## Course

50:014:130. Introduction to African-American Studies (3) A broad study of the African-American which surveys the key issues affecting that group's status in the United States. The interdisciplinary dynamics of history, sociology, anthropology, psychology, politics, economics, urban studies, literature, general aesthetics, religion, philosophy, and media theories. Course defines and traces development of projected images to analyze and eliminate the myths.

## AGRICULTURE AND ENVIRONMENTAL <br> SCIENCES

Students who are interested in following careers in agriculture or environmental sciences may pursue one year of liberal arts preparation at the Camden College of Arts and Sciences before applying for admission to Cook College in New Brunswick. The first-year curriculum should include general biology (with laboratory), 50:160:115-116 Chemical Principles, expository writing, and 50:640:121,122 Unified Calculus I,II. Courses in the arts, human diversity, microeconomics and macroeconomics, the structure and function of American political systems, and computer competence also are required to complete degree programs at Cook College. Three additional years should be sufficient to complete the requirements for the B.S. degree. Cook College programs can be completed only through daytime attendance. For further information, contact the Office of Academic and Student Affairs, Cook College, Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, 88 Lipman Drive, New Brunswick, NJ 08901-8525; 732/932-9465.

AMERICAN HISTORY 512

AMERICAN STUDIES 050
See Walt Whitman Program.

## ANTHROPOLOGY 070

See Sociology.
ART (Art 080, Art History 082)
See Fine Arts.

## ARTS AND SCIENCES 090 (INTERDISCIPLINARY COURSES)

## 50:090:201,202. Makers of the Modern World $(3,3)$

An interdisciplinary approach to modern culture, which traces the roots of contemporary attitudes through the history of fiction and drama, political theory and philosophy, economics and natural science, and painting and film. Emphasis on Europe, with some attention to the United States. First term (nineteenth century) treats writers such as Dickens, Marx, Darwin, and Kipling, and movements such as romanticism, feminism, and modern art. Second term (twentieth century) treats topics such as literary responses to the First World War, the thoughts of Freud and Einstein, communism and fascism, science fiction, existentialism, and more recent developments. Each term may be taken separately and may be counted toward either an English or history major.

50:090:206. Earth Resources and Mankind (3)
An interdisciplinary and interdepartmental course that combines insights from several of the natural and social sciences. Focuses on the distribution of key natural resources and human patterns of consumption, regulation, conservation, and conflict that are part of the total ecological system. Taught by staff from various natural and social science departments.

## 50:090:291,292. Intellectual Heritage (3,3)

Prerequisite: 50:350:102.
A team-taught interdisciplinary approach to some of the great ideas that have helped shape the development of our civilization. Examines one or more themes in-depth through classic texts of literature, philosophy, history, natural science, and the social sciences. Course requirements include brief writing assignments amounting to at least 4,000 words.

## 50:090:293,294. SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, AND SOCIETY $(3,3)$

Prerequisite: 50:350:102.
A team-taught interdisciplinary approach to some of the great issues that face the world; examined from the differing perspectives of the natural sciences, the social sciences, and the humanities. Course requirements include brief writing assignments amounting to at least 4,000 words.

## 50:090:323. The Bible and Western Literature (3)

Studies examples of the major genres of biblical literature, utilizing historical and literary critical methods developed both in the field of English literature and in biblical studies. Central symbols and themes along with stylistic and structural characteristics are extrapolated and used to identify and analyze major works in Western literature that exhibit the direct and indirect influence of biblical literature.

See History.

## ASTRONOMY 100

Astronomy is taught by the Department of Physics. See Physics 750 for listing of faculty.

## 50:100:306. Descriptive Astronomy (R) (3) Lec. 3 hrs.; occasional short field trips.

 Introduction to astronomy and astrophysics. Emphasis on the solar system and Kepler's Laws, stellar magnitudes, distances, and stellar evolution, the galaxy, black holes, and the Big Bang. Recommended for nonscience majors; however, numerical examples are used. Depending on the time of year, students also may be required to participate in a star-viewing program.
## BIOCHEMISTRY 115

See Chemistry.
BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES (Biology 120, Botany 130, Microbiology 680, Physiology 760, Plant Physiology 780, Zoology 990)

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/biology/index.html

Major requirements in biology can be completed only through daytime attendance.
Department of Biological Sciences
Chairperson: Patrick J. McIlroy
Professors:
Dennis J. Joslyn, Associate Dean; B.S., St. Procopius College; M.S., Ph.D., Illinois
Hsin-Yi Lee, B.S., National Taiwan; M.A., Oberlin College; Ph.D., Minnesota
Mark D. Morgan, B.S., California (Davis); M.S., Wisconsin (Milwaukee); Ph.D., California (Davis)

Associate Professors:
Robert C. Evans, B.A., Dartmouth College; M.S., Ph.D., Ohio State
Joseph V. Martin, B.A., Northwestern; Ph.D., Southern California
Patrick J. Mcllroy, B.A., Ph.D., California (Berkeley)
William M. Saidel, B.S., Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Assistant Professors:
Daniel Shain, B.S., M.S., New Hampshire; Ph.D., Colorado State Lisa T. Szeto, BA., M.A., M.Phil., Ph.D., Columbia

Assistant Instructor:
Charlene W. Sayers, B.A., M.S., Rutgers (Camden)

## Major Requirements

The major in biology is designed to meet the minimum requirements for students interested in biology, premedicine, predentistry, preveterinary medicine, and related fields of biological concentration. All students must complete the core program described below. Those students planning a career in the biological sciences are advised to take more than the core program. They should consult with their advisers concerning the selection of additional courses. Students interested in biomedical technology should see information regarding that program in this chapter.

## First Year

The following core program totaling 29 or 30 credits is required of all majors.

[^4]50:350:101-102 English Composition I,II $(3,3)$
50:640:130 Calculus for Business, Economics, and Life Sciences (3) or 50:640:121 Unified Calculus I (4)*
Elective (4)
Sophomore, Junior, and Senior Years
In addition to the above, the following core program must be completed by all majors.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 50:120:305-306 Molecular Biology (3) and Laboratory (1) } \\
& \text { or 50:160:325 Analytical Chemistry (4) } \\
& \text { 50:120:307-308 Genetics (3) and Laboratory (1) } \\
& 50: 120: 351,353 \text { General Ecology (3) and Laboratory (1) } \\
& \text { or 50:130:331-332 Plant Ecology (3) and } \\
& \text { Laboratory (1) } \\
& \text { 50:130:310-311 Developmental Botany (3) and } \\
& \text { Laboratory (1) or 50:990:304,310 Vertebrate } \\
& \text { Embryology (3) and Laboratory (1) } \\
& \text { 50:160:335-336 Organic Chemistry (3,3) } \\
& \text { 50:160:339-340 Organic Chemistry Laboratory (1,1) } \\
& \text { 50:750:203-204 General Physics (3,3) } \\
& 50: 750: 205-206 \text { General Physics Laboratory (1,1) } \\
& 50: 760: 301-302 \text { General Physiology (3) and Laboratory } \\
& \text { (1) or 50:780:301,383 Plant Physiology (3) } \\
& \text { and Laboratory (1) } \\
& \text { Four biology electives of } 3 \text { or 4 credits each at the } \\
& \text { 300 level or above (50:120:491,492 Special } \\
& \text { Problems in Biology may satisfy the require- } \\
& \text { ment of up to two biology electives [or up to } \\
& 8 \text { credits], if taken from different instructors.) }
\end{aligned}
$$

By selecting the appropriate biology core and elective courses in consultation with a faculty adviser, the student may concentrate in one of the following specialized areas:

1. Botany
2. Cell and developmental biology
3. Ecology
4. Genetics and evolutionary biology
5. Microbiology and immunology
6. Molecular biology (biotechnology)
7. Neurobiology
8. Physiology and anatomy (physical therapy)
9. Zoology

Additional courses in electives are required to bring the total number of credits to 120 . These electives should include sufficient selections from outside the natural sciences to satisfy the general college requirements for the B.A. degree.

Advanced undergraduate students may enroll in one or more graduate ( 500 level) biology courses if permission is first obtained from the instructor.

It is strongly recommended that students who are planning to continue their education in professional schools or graduate schools complete 16 credits of a modern foreign language.

## Minor Requirements

Students not majoring in biology may graduate with a minor in biology if they complete 18 credits of work in biology, with at least 10 credits above the 100 level, and 6 credits at the 300 to 400 level (excluding 50:120:491,492). Transfer students who want to minor in biology at RutgersCamden, but who have fulfilled all the requirements for

[^5]this minor elsewhere, must take a minimum of two courses from among the offerings of this biological sciences department at the 300 level and above. A student is free to design his or her own minor program from among the courses listed under the biological sciences. Furthermore, a nonmajor who takes the 18 required credits in botany may graduate with a minor in botany; a student taking 18 credits in zoology may minor in zoology. Biology majors also have the option of minoring in botany or zoology, but no course may be counted both as part of a complete 18 credits in a botany or zoology minor and to the 40 biology credits which count toward the major.

## Transfer Credit

Transfer students who want to major in biology at Rutgers-Camden, but who have fulfilled all the requirements for this major elsewhere, must take a minimum of 14 credits from among the offerings of this biology department at the 300 level and above. Only those credits earned within the past five years are transferable as biology (or science) credits. Nonscience majors may transfer only one course in biology toward fulfilling the science requirement.

## Departmental Honors Program

A candidate for honors should consult his/her academic adviser or department chairperson during the spring term of the junior year. The student must have completed at least 75 credits of course work with a cumulative grade-point average of 3.5 and demonstrated an aptitude for original research. Once admitted, the candidate must enroll in 50:120:491,492 Special Problems in Biology (4 credits in each term of the senior year), where he/she will carry out a research project under guidance of a biology faculty member and write an honors paper which must be accepted by three faculty members of the biology department who constitute an Honors Committee. The candidate must maintain the requisite grade-point average until the end of the senior year and take a comprehensive examination (oral and / or written, prepared by the Honors Committee) during the last week of classes of the final term. The Honors Committee will determine whether the student's work merits honors, high honors, or no honors.

## Teacher Certification in Biology

Students seeking teacher certification in biology must complete the requirements for the major in the biology department as well as satisfy other requirements for certification. For details regarding admission to the teacher certification program and its requirements, students should consult both their department adviser and the chairperson of the education department.

## Courses (Biology 120)

## 50:120:101,102. General BIology (R) (4,4)

Lec. 3 hrs., lab. 3 hrs. 50:120:101 is prerequisite for 102. Principles of biology, including the cellular basis of life; genetics; evolution; and the morphology, physiology, and development of plants and animals, including man. Required laboratory includes techniques such as microscopy, dissection, physiological experimentation, and use of the scientific method.

## 50:120:103. Biology of Cancer (R) (3)

Satisfies the college's natural sciences requirement for nonscience majors. Although open to biology and biomedical technology majors, does not satisfy the biology major elective requirement.
Discussion of the basic mechanisms underlying carcinogenesis and its prevention and treatment. Topics include the cellular basis of cancer, regulation of cellular reproduction, cancer as a hereditary disease, induction of cancer, occupational cancer, consumer products and cancer, and prevention and treatment of cancer.

## $\mathbf{5 0 : 1 2 0 : 1 0 5 . ~ T h e ~ F a c t s ~ o f ~ L i f e ~ ( R ) ~ ( 3 ) ~}$

Not normally open to biology or biomedical technology majors. Satisfies the college's natural science requirement for nonscience majors.
Introduction (without laboratory) to biological principles. Covers basic concepts involved in understanding the structure, function, and evolution of organisms with an emphasis placed on the application of biological knowledge to problems of man and society. Topics include human nutrition, disease, reproduction and development, genetic engineering, pollution, and conservation.

50:120:106. Human Reproduction and Development (R) (3) Not normally open to biology or biomedical technology majors. Satisfies the college's natural science requirement for nonscience majors.
Topics include the hormonal control of reproduction, infertility, artificial insemination, "test-tube" babies, sex manipulation, abortion and miscarriage, genetic counseling, and birth defects.

50:120:110. BIOLOGY OF DISEASE (R) (3)
Not normally open to biology or biomedical technology majors. Satisfies the college's natural science requirement for nonscience majors.
Scientific overview of the major human diseases of current interest.

## 50:120:127,128. Principles of Biology (R) $(3,3)$

Corequisites: 50:120:129,130.
Principles of biology, including the cellular basis of life, genetics, evolution, and the morphology, physiology, and development of plants and animals, including man.

## 50:120:129,130. Laboratory in Principles of Biology (R) (1,1)

Corequisites: 50:120:127,128.
Includes techniques such as microscopy, dissection, physiological experimentation, and the use of scientific method.

## 50:120:201. ECOSYSTEM ECOLOGY (3)

Satisfies the natural science requirement for nonscience majors. Credit does not apply toward satisfaction of the biology major elective requirement. A theoretical analysis of the interactions between biological populations and their environments.

## 50:120:202. HUMAN-ECOSYSTEM INTERACTIONS (R) (3)

Satisfies the college's natural science requirement for nonscience majors.
Although open to biology majors, does not satisfy the biology major elective requirement.
Discussion and analysis of environmental problems facing the human species. Emphasis on physical and biological principles affecting population growth; resource and energy consumption; and the pollution of the air, water, and land. Alternative solutions to environmental problems discussed in terms of conflicting economic and political values.

## 50:120:305. Molecular Biology (3)

Lec. 3 hrs. Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 and two terms of organic chemistry. Molecular mechanisms involved in the expression of genetic information; the control of macromolecular synthesis; the aggregation of macromolecules into DNA-protein complexes, membranes, chromosomes, and cell organelles; and an introduction to recombinant DNA technology.

## 50:120:306. Molecular Biology Laboratory (1)

Pre- or corequisites: 50:120:305 and two terms of organic chemistry. This course usually is taken concurrently with 50:120:305.
Introduction to protein purification techniques, gene cloning, and recombinant DNA technology.

## 50:120:307. GENETICS (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 and two terms of organic chemistry or permission of instructor.
Organization, expression, and evolution of hereditary elements in procaryotes and eucaryotes; principles and mechanisms of inheritance at the classical, molecular, cytological, and population levels; emphasis on molecular genetic analysis.

## 50:120:308. GENETICS LABORATORY (1)

Corequisite: 50:120:307.
Applications of genetics principles reviewed through demonstrations, problem solving, and research.

## 50:120:309. EXPERIMENTAL GenEtics (2)

Pre- or corequisite: 50:120:307.
Experimental techniques employed in the study of genetics utilizing plants, animals, and microorganisms.

50:120:310. EvOLUTION (3)
Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102
A study of the principles and mechanisms of organic evolution; the history of evolutional theory, the origin of life, and the role of the genetic systems, variation, and natural selection in species formation; molecular evolution.

50:120:334. CELL Biology (3)
Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 and two terms of organic chemistry or permission
of instructor.
Structural analysis and functional correlations of cytoplasmic and nuclear components of plant, animal, and microbial cells; analysis of mitosis and meiosis; analysis of developmental mechanisms at the cellular level. Introduction to techniques and tools of biochemistry, cytology, and tissue culture.

50:120:335. CeLl Biology Laboratory (1)
Prerequisite: 50:120:334.
Introduction to techniques and tools of biochemistry, cytology, and tissueculture.

## 50:120:351. General Ecology (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 or permission of instructor. Pre- or corequisite: 50:640:121 or 130.
A study of the interrelations of organisms and their environments. Principles of growth, regulation, and distribution and structure; energetics of populations and communities explored.

## 50:120:353. General Ecology Laboratory (1)

Pre- or corequisite: 50:120:351. This course is usually taken concurrently with 50:120:351.
Field and laboratory exercises illustrating concepts of general ecology.

50:120:401. MICROTECHNIQUE AND ITS APPLICATIONS (3)
Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 and 50:990:311 or permission of instructor. Covers topics on the theory and methods of fixation, sectioning, and staining, including techniques in histochemistry. Among others, the following procedures are taught: paraffin, plastic, and frozen sectioning; standard staining methods (e.g.,hematoxylin and eosin), as well as special methods for identifying carbohydrates, enzymes, lipids, and other cell tissue components; black and white photomicrography and processing.

50:120:402. MICROTECHNIQUE AND ITS APPLICATIONS LABORATORY (1)
Corequisite: 50:120:401.
Exercises in histologic, histochemical, and related techniques.

## 50:120:410. ELECTRON MICROSCOPY (2)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102.
Use of the transmission electron microscope and ultramicrotome. Preparation of samples and examination of thin sections of tissues, negative stained materials, and replicas of cells. Immunolabeling and cytochemistry of cells.

## 50:120:480. Recombinant DNA Technology (

Lec. 3 hrs. Prerequisite: 50:120:306.
Examination of the recombinant DNA technology and its utility in specific medical and industrial applications as well as its use in basic research. Topics include discussion of in vitro mutagenesis, heterologous and gene expression in a variety of hosts, disease diagnosis, and gene therapies using genetic engineering, as well as the ecological/societal impacts of recombinant DNA technology.

## 50:120:491,492. Special Problems in Biology (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor. No more than 8 credits can be counted toward the biology major (maximum of 4 credits per instructor).
Designed to meet the needs of outstanding students who have demonstrated an aptitude for original work and may wish to undertake special problems.

## 50:120:494. Seminar in Biology (2)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Members of the seminar prepare and present reports on current biological topics. The specific topic of each term's offering announced during registration.

## 50:120:495,496. Honors Program in Biology (BA,BA)

Open only to biology majors who have completed at least 75 credits of course work with a 3.5 cumulative grade-point average.

## Courses (Botany 130)

## 50:130:307. Comparative Morphology of Plants (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 or permission of instructor. An evolutionary survey of the plant kingdom: development, adaptations for survival, and representative types and life cycles from the simplest to the most advanced groups.

## 50:130:308. Comparative Morphology of Plants Laboratory (1) <br> Corequisite: 50:130:307.

Field and laboratory exercises to study plants, ranging from the simplest to the most advanced groups.

## 50:130:310. DeVElOPMENTAL BOTANY (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102.
A study of the hormonal, physiological, and environmental control mechanisms underlying morphological changes in the life cycles of angiosperms. Topics include embryogenesis, seed dormancy and germination, seedling growth, flowering, fruiting, and senescence.

## 50:130:311. Developmental Botany Laboratory (1) Corequisite: 50:130:310.

Laboratory studies of the anatomical, morphological, and hormonal changes that occur throughout the life cycles of plants.
$50: 130: 322$. SYSTEMATICS AND ECOLOGY (3)
Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102.
Designed to integrate principles of taxonomy, ecological interactions, and morphology. Field trips are taken to representative New Jersey plant communities to provide practical experience in collecting and identifying botanical materials.

## $50: 130: 323$. SYSTEMATICS AND ECOLOGY LABORATORY (1)

Corequisite: 50:130:322.
Field and laboratory exercises designed to integrate principles of taxonomy, ecological interactions, and morphology.

## 50:130:331. PLANT ECOLOGY (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102.
A study of plants in relation to their environment with emphasis on field studies of plant communities in New Jersey.

## 50:130:332. PLANT EcOlogy Laboratory (1)

Corequisite: 50:130:331.
Field and laboratory exercises focusing on plants and their relationship to their environment.

## 50:130:401. Mycology (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102.
An examination of the major groups of fungi emphasizing morphology, modes of growth and development, mechanisms of spore dispersal, and the role of fungi as pathogens.

## 50:130:402. MYCOLOGY LABORATORY (1)

Corequisite: 50:130:401.
Introduction to the techniques involved in growing fungi in culture and studying their morphology, physiology, and development.

## 50:130:430. Field Ecology (2)

Prerequisites: 50:130:322 or 331, 50:120:351, and / or permission of instructor. Registration limited. Covers five to ten days during spring recess; outdoor camping and cooking for longer trips.
A field study of major plant communities in the general area of
Everglades National Park, Great Smoky Mountains National Park, or the Mid-Atlantic States.

## Courses (Microbiology 680)

50:680:211. MiCROBIOLOGY AND ITS APPLICATION (4)
Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 or 50:990:253, or permission of the instructor. Designed primarily for students in the nursing program; will not satisfy the biology or biomedical technology requirements.
Structure and behavior of bacteria, fungi, and viruses, with emphasis on forms pathogenic for humans. Principles of immunology and review of selected animal parasites.

## 50:680:212. MICROBIOLOGY AND ITS APPLICATION LABORATORY (1) <br> Corequisite: 50:680:211.

Basiclaboratory techniques for characterizing bacteria, fungi, and viruses with special emphasis on clinical techniques used for pathogenic organisms; elementary immunological techniques.

## 50:680:301. General Microbiology (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102.
Structure and behavior of bacteria as well as selected fungi, algae, protozoa, and viruses; microbial genetics; microbial ecology and biotechnology; principles of immunity and disease.

## 50:680:303. General Microbiology Laboratory (1) Corequisite: 50:680:301.

Basic laboratory techniques for isolating, examining, and identifying bacteria, fungi, and viruses; elementary immunological techniques.

## 50:680:304. AdVanced Microbiology (3) <br> Prerequisite: 50:680:301.

Deals with a more in-depth presentation of selected topics surveyed in 50:680:301 GeneralMicrobiology. Topicsinclude aspects of virology, bacterial physiology, plasmids and genetic engineering, and pathogenesis of bacterial, fungal, and viral diseases.

## 50:680:311. Immunology and Serology (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102.
Nature of antigens and antibodies and their relationship to humoral and cellular immunity. Discussion of laboratory procedures for the study of antigen-antibody reactions and their use for diagnostic and analytical purposes.

## 50:680:312. Immunology AND Serology Laboratory (1)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102. Pre- or corequisite: 50:680:311 or permission of instructor.
Practice with the representative basic procedures used in immunization and the laboratory study of antigen-antibody reactions.

## Courses (Physiology 760)

## 50:760:301. General Physiology (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 and one term of organic chemistry. A study of the functions of living things with emphasis on the chemical and physical properties of protoplasm, the conversion of energy and matter through cell respiration and synthesis, the transport of materials across membranes, cell excitability and contraction, and regulatory processes.

## 50:760:302. General Physiology Laboratory (1)

Pre- or corequisite: 50:760:301. This course is usually taken concurrently with 50:760:301.
Experimental investigation of various functions of cells by isolation and characterization of subcellular parts and examination of cellular processes such as membrane transport and cell excitability.

## 50:760:304. Animal Physiology (3)

Prerequisite: 50:760:301 or permission of instructor.
A comparative study of physiological systems;nutrition, circulation, and respiration; osmoregulation and excretion; nervous and endocrine coordination.

## 50:760:305. ANimAL Physiology Laboratory (1) <br> Corequisite: 50:760:304.

Experimental examination of the various vertebrate organ systems and how different animals deal with physiological problems.

50:760:350. Introductory Human Physiology (3) Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102.
Principles of human physiology, including homeostasis and feedback mechanisms; overview of circulatory, respiratory, digestive excretory, endocrine, and nervous systems.

## 50:760:351. LABORATORY IN HumAN Physiology (1)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102. Corequisite: 50:760:350.
Experimental examination of vertebrate physiology with an emphasis on human systems.

## Course (Plant Physiology 780)

## 50:780:301. Plant Physiology (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 and one term of organic chemistry. Selected aspects of the chemical and physical processes occurring in plants, including water relations and transpiration, photosynthesis, respiration, translocation of sugars, the assimilation of nitrogen and sulfur, mineral nutrition, and the metabolism of lipids and natural products.

## 50:780:383. Plant Physiology Laboratory (1)

Corequisite: 50:780:301.
Introduction to experimental techniques used to study the biochemistry and physiology of plant growth.

## Courses (Zoology 990)

## 50:990:253-254. Anatomy and Physiology (4,4)

Pre- or corequisites: (For 253) 50:120:101, 50:160:107, 50:990:255, or permission of instructor. (For 254) 50:990:253, 50:990:255,256, or permission of instructor. Designed primarily for nursing students; will not satisfy biology or biomedical technology requirements.
A survey of the human body in light of basic biological principles. The mechanisms and interactions of its systems contributing to its adaptive behavior studied and integrated with gross and microscopic anatomy.

## 50:990:255-256. ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY LABORATORY (1,1)

Corequisites: 50:990:253-254.
Demonstrations and exploration of the anatomy and physiology of representative mammals.

## 50:990:301. COMPARATIVE ANATOMY OF Vertebrates (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 or permission of instructor. Corequisite: 50:990:302.
A comparative study of representative chordates with emphasis on mammalian and human anatomy.

## 50:990:302. Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates LABORATORY (1) <br> Corequisite: 50:990:301.

Gross anatomy of representative vertebrates with emphasis on mammalian and human systems.

50:990:304. Vertebrate Embryology (3)
Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102, two terms of organic chemistry, or permission of instructor.
Introductory course that emphasizes cellular and molecular aspects of development. Both vertebrates and invertebrates considered.

50:990:306. Invertebrate ZOology (3)
Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 or permission of instructor. A guided tour of protists and animals without backbones comprising 95 percent of the animal kingdom. Emphasis placed on evolutionary and ecological relationships that make an understanding and appreciation of this diverse group of animals possible.

## 50:990:307. InVERTEBRATE ZOOLOGY LABORATORY (1)

Corequisite: 50:990:306.
Laboratory exercises designed to introduce students to the
95 percent of all animals without a backbone.
50:990:308. Vertebrate Zoology (3)
Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 or permission of instructor. A study of the vertebrates with regard to their systematics, ecology, and behavior. Emphasizes field studies of freshwater and terrestrial vertebrates, and identification of New Jersey's terrestrial vertebrate species, through laboratory examination of specimens and field labs to explore New Jersey habitats.

50:990:309. Vertebrate Zoology Laboratory (1)
Corequisite: 50:990:308.
Identification of representative vertebrates through examination of specimens and field studies of New Jersey's vertebrates.

## 50:990:310. Vertebrate Embryology Laboratory (1)

 Corequisite: 50:990:304.The early development of representative animals with emphasis on the frog, chick, and pig.

50:990:311. Animal Histology (3)
Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 or permission of instructor. Corequisite: 50:990:312.
Covers the basic structure and function of animal tissues and the organs derived from them.

## 50:990:312. Animal Histology Laboratory (1)

Corequisite: 50:990:311.
The study and interpretation of histologic preparations of mammalian tissues and organs, mainly human.

## 50:990:317. ANIMAL PARASITES (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101 and 102 or 105 or permission of instructor. Deals with the parasites of man and other animals. The biology, morphology, taxonomy, distribution, economic importance, prevention, control, pathogenesis, and treatment of parasites responsible for diseases such as amoebiasis, trypanosomiasis, coccidiosis, toxoplasmosis,malaria, schistosomiasis,hookworm, trichinosis, and hydatid disease, among others. Arthropod parasites such as mosquitoes, fleas, ticks, lice, and biting flies also considered.

## 50:990:318. ANIMAL PARASITES LABORATORY (1)

Corequisite: 50:990:317.
The study of selected protozoan, helminth, and arthropod parasites of various animals, including humans.

## 50:990:321. Ornithology (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102.
The biology of birds, emphasizing their systematics, ecology, behavior, and conservation. Regular field trips provide practical experience in species identification of New Jersey's birds and illustrate field techniques for studying their ecology and behavior.

## 50:990:322. Ornithology Laboratory (1)

Corequisite: 50:990:321.
Field and laboratory exercises to provide practical experience in species identification of New Jersey's birds and illustrate techniques for studying their ecology and behavior.

## 50:990:331. ANIMAL BEHAVIOR (3)

Prerequisites: 50:120:101,102 or 50:830:381.
Ecological and evolutionary bases and contexts of animal behavior, emphasizing interactions with the physical and biological environments. Focuses on the principles and adaptive significance of animal design, territoriality, communication, migration, and individual and social behavior in a variety of species spanning the animal kingdom.

## 50:990:357. PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (3)

Prerequisites: 50:990:253-254 or permission of instructor. Designed primarily
for students in the nursing program; will not satisfy the biology major elective requirement.
An introduction to the physiological basis of disease in humans. Topics covered includeinflammation, wound healing, immune responses, neoplasia, and metabolic disorders.

## BIOMEDICAL TECHNOLOGY 124

## Program Adviser: P.J. McIlroy

Coadjutant Faculty (Cooper Hospital/University Medical Center):
Louis Brownstein, Program Director, Cardiovascular Perfusion; B.A., C.C.P. (ABCP), Temple
Edison Catalano, Medical Director, Medical Technology; M.D., Montevideo (Uruguay)
Anthony DelRossi, Medical Director, Cardiovascular Perfusion; B.A., La Salle College; M.D., Thomas Jefferson
Diana Hullihen, Program Director, Medical Technology; B.S., M.A., M.T., (ASCP), Rowan
This program leads to the degree of Bachelor of Science in biomedical technology from Camden College of Arts and Sciences and offers two tracks: medical technology and cardiovascular perfusion. Courses within the program satisfy the general requirements for all degree candidates and meet the specific requirements of the National Accrediting Agency for Clinical Laboratory Sciences or the Accrediting Committee for Cardiovascular Perfusion. This program can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## Major Requirements

The students in this program complete three consecutive years of undergraduate study at the Camden College of Arts and Sciences. For the track in medical technology, the fourth (or senior) year is taken at an affiliated school of medical technology. During this year, which is a twelvemonth year, the student receives lectures and practical experience in such different phases of medical technology as hematology, microbiology, blood banking, and chemistry. Upon successful completion of the four-year program, the student receives the B.S. degree and is eligible to take the Board of Registry examinations leading to the medical technologist certification.
For the track in cardiovascular perfusion, a fourth and a fifth year are taken at an affiliated school of cardiovascular perfusion. During this course of study, which lasts twenty-
four months, the student receives lectures and practical experience in human anatomy, biochemistry, pharmacology, cardiovascular physiology and pathology, medical ethics, and perfusion technology. Upon successful completion of the five-year program, the student receives the B.S. degree and is eligible to take the Board of Registry examinations leading to the cardiovascular perfusionist certification.

Three years of college work, representing a minimum of 86 credits, must be completed before the hospital (laboratory) internship begins. Application for admission to the school(s) of medical technology or cardiovascular perfusion should be made at the beginning of the junior year, and it is strongly suggested that the student consult with the biomedical technology adviser in the biology department before doing so. Selection is made on a competitive basis, and since each school may have a larger number of applicants than openings, not all applicants necessarily can be accepted. Should a student not be accepted by a school of medical technology or cardiovascular perfusion, the student may, with proper course selection, continue the senior year as a biology major and earn the B.A. degree. However, once the B.A. in biology has been obtained, completion of the prescribed curriculum at a school of medical technology or a school of cardiovascular perfusion cannot be applied to a second degree.

The following courses are required for both tracks (42 or 43 credits):

## First Year

## First Term

50:120:101 General Biology (4)
50:160:115 Chemical Principles I (3)
50:160:125 Chemical Principles Laboratory I (1)
50\&64:350:101 English Composition I (3)
50\&64:640:130 Calculus for Business, Economics, and Life Sciences (3) or 50\&64:640:121 Unified Calculus I (4)
Second Term
50:120:102 General Biology (4)
50:160:116 Chemical Principles II (3)
50:160:126 Chemical Principles Laboratory II (1)
50\&64:350:102 English Composition II (3)

## Elective

Additional courses in biology, chemistry, and computer science are required as follows:

50:120:307-308 Genetics (3) and Laboratory (1)
50:160:335-336 Organic Chemistry I,II (3,3)
50:160:339-340 Organic Chemistry Laboratory I,II (1,1)
50\&64:198:110 Introduction to Computing (3)
50:760:301-302 General Physiology (3) and

## Laboratory (1)

At least one course from each of the following is required:

1. one term of history (chosen from 50\&64:510:101,102;

50\&64:512:201,202; 50\&64:730:301,302;
50\&64:790:371,372,375; 50\&64:840:211,212)
2. a one-term course from a foreign language department or any of the following English courses: 50\&64:350:239, 300,301 , or 302
3. one term of art, music, or theater arts
4. one term of economics, political science, psychology, sociology, anthropology, or urban studies
5. one term of 50\&64:090:291 or 292 Intellectual Heritage

For the individual tracks, the following additional courses are required:

## Medical Technology ( 12 credits)

50:120:305-306 Molecular Biology (3) and Laboratory (1) or 50:160:325 Analytical Chemistry (4)
50:680:301-303 General Microbiology (3) and Laboratory (1)
50:680:311-312 Immunology and Serology (3) and Laboratory (1)

## Cardiovascular Perfusion (15 credits)

50:750:203-204 General Physics I,II $(3,3)$
50:750:205-206 General Physics Laboratory I,II (1,1)
50:760:350-351 Human Physiology (3) and Laboratory (1)
50:960:183 Elementary Applied Statistics (3), 50:960:283 Introduction to Statistics (3), 50:960:452 Introduction to Biostatistics (3), or 50\&64:830:378 Statistics for Social Science (3)

Additional credits in courses that satisfy the biology major and/or the general college requirements must be taken to reach a minimum of 86 credits before the senior year. Other electives recommended by the accrediting bodies in addition to those listed above under the alternative track include anatomy, biochemistry, embryology, management, parasitology, and mycology.

## Courses

50:124:491. Medical Technology I (Cooper Hospital) (17)
Prerequisite: Acceptance into the School of Medical Technology, Cooper Hospital, University Medical Center.
Study and laboratory and clinical experience in medical technology at the School of Medical Technology.

## 50:124:492. Medical Technology II (COOPER Hospital) (17)

Prerequisite: Acceptance into the School of Medical Technology, Cooper Hospital, University Medical Center.
Continued study and laboratory and clinical experience in medical technology at the School of Medical Technology.

## 50:124:493. Cardiovascular Perfusion I (Cooper HOSPITAL) (14)

Prerequisite: Acceptance into the School of Cardiovascular Perfusion, Cooper Hospital, University Medical Center.
Study and laboratory and clinical experience in cardiovascular perfusion at the School of Cardiovascular Perfusion.

## 50:124:494. Cardiovascular Perfusion II (Cooper HOSPITAL) (14) <br> Prerequisite: Acceptance into the School of Cardiovascular Perfusion, Cooper Hospital, University Medical Center. <br> Continued study and laboratory and clinical experience in cardio- <br> vascular perfusion at the School of Cardiovascular Perfusion.

## 50:124:495. Cardiovascular Perfusion III (Cooper

 Hospital) (14)Prerequisite: Acceptance into the School of Cardiovascular Perfusion, Cooper Hospital, University Medical Center.
Continued study and laboratory and clinical experience in cardiovascular perfusion at the School of Cardiovascular Perfusion.

## 50:124:496. Cardiovascular Perfusion IV (Cooper Hospital) (14)

Prerequisite: Acceptance into the School of Cardiovascular Perfusion, Cooper Hospital, University Medical Center.
Continued study and laboratory and clinical experience in cardiovascular perfusion at the School of Cardiovascular Perfusion.

## BOTANY 130

See Biological Sciences.

## BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION 135

Courses formerly listed under Business Administration 135 are now listed under Finance 390, Management 620, and Marketing 630 in the School of Business-Camden section's Courses chapter.

## BUSINESS LAW 140

See the Courses chapter in the School of Business-Camden.

## CHEMISTRY (Biochemistry 115, Chemistry 160)

Web Site: http:/ / camchem.rutgers.edu
Major requirements in chemistry can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## Department of Chemistry

Chairperson: Luke Anthony Burke
Professors:
Luke Anthony Burke, B.S., Fordham; M.S., New York; D.Sc., Université Catholique de Louvain (Belgium)
Sidney Allen Katz, B.A., Rutgers; Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Jing Li, B.S., Huazhong Normal (P.R. China); M.S., SUNY (Albany); Ph.D., Cornell
Associate Professors:
Georgia A. Arbuckle, B.A., Rutgers; Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Stanley Gannaway Davis (emeritus), B.S., Purdue; M.S., Ph.D., Chicago
Clifford Owens (emeritus), B.A., Rutgers; M.S., Ph.D., Drexel
Donald M. Scheiner (emeritus), B.S., M.F.S., Ph.D., Cornell
Assistant Professors:
Nancy Hopkins, B.S., Chestnut Hill; M.S., Villanova; Ph.D., Michigan Paul Maslen, B.S., Monash (Australia); Ph.D., Cambridge (U.K.) Alex J. Roche, B.S., Ph.D., Durham (U.K.)

Assistant Instructor:
Mary R. Craig, B.A. SUNY (Binghamton); M.S., Missouri (Rolla)
Paul Fazen, B.A., Rutgers; Ph.D., Pennsylvania
The Department of Chemistry is accredited by the American Chemical Society's Committee of Professional Training. Students who complete the prescribed programs of study are certified by the committee. The student who plans to major in chemistry may choose from among four options. The Certification Programs and the Traditional Chemistry Program prepare the student for graduate study in chemistry or biochemistry or for employment as a professional chemist or biochemist. The Biochemistry Program prepares the student for graduate study in biochemistry or one of the allied health fields, or for employment in related fields. The Chemistry-Business Program is directed to entry-level preparation for the nonlaboratory aspects of the chemical profession and the academic prerequisites for pursuit of the M.B.A. degree.

## Major Requirements

## Traditional Chemistry Program

Students planning to pursue the Traditional Chemistry Program must include in their program 50:160:115-116, 125-126, 325-326, 335-336, 339-340, 343, 345-346, 347-348; two additional 3- or 4-credit courses selected from among 50:115:403-404, 50:115 or 50:160:413 through 448, 2 credits of 491-492, and one advanced laboratory. The last requirement may be fulfilled by electing 50:115:407, $50: 160: 412,438$, or 446 , or an advanced course that includes a laboratory, such as $50: 160: 415$ or $50: 160: 448$. Students also must achieve a grade of $C$ or better in at least ten of the 3 - or 4-credit chemistry and biochemistry courses. Students also must include 50:640:121, 122, 221, and 314 or 363 , and 50:750:203204, 205-206 in their programs. For students contemplating graduate study, 50:640:250 and 314, and at least two terms of foreign language are recommended.

## American Chemical Society Certification Program

Students who wish to qualify for any American Chemical Society certification option must complete the Traditional Chemistry Program, include specified upper-level courses, and complete 4 credits of research courses in 50:115 or 50:160:450 or above. Five certification options are offered: chemistry, chemical physics, materials, polymers, and biochemistry. In the Chemistry Option, 50:160:413 must be included among two 400-level, 3- or 4-credit courses.
In the Chemical Physics Option, 50:750:232 and one other 200 level or higher physics course, plus at least 6 credits from advanced theoretical chemistry, advanced physics, or advanced mathematics must be completed. In the Materials Option, 50:160:413, 437, 438 must be completed. In the Polymers Option, 50:160:413, 444, 446 must be completed.
For those chemistry students interested in biological chemistry, there is the Biochemistry Option in which 50:115:403,404,
407,408, and 50:160:413 must be completed.

## Biochemistry Program

Students planning to pursue the Biochemistry Program (non-ACS certification) must include in their program 50:160:115-116, 125-126, 326, 335-336, 339-340, 343, 345-346, $347-348$, and $435 ; 50: 115: 403,404$, and 407-408; 50:120:101,102, $305 ; 50: 640: 121,122 ; 50: 750: 203-204$ and 205-206; and one of the following four courses: 50:120:307-308, 480; 50:760:301302; 50:680:311-312. A grade of C or better must be earned in at least ten of the 3- or 4-credit chemistry and biochemistry courses and/or biology electives. For students contemplating graduate study, it is recommended that 50:960:283 and 284 be included in the program.

## Chemistry-Business Program

Students planning to pursue the Chemistry-Business Program must include in their programs: 50:160:115-116, 125-126, 325-326, 335-336, 339-340, 343, 345, and three 400level chemistry or biochemistry electives; 50:750:203-204, 205-206; 50:640:121,122; 50:960:283; 50:220:105, 106; 52:010:101 and 202; 52:390:301; 52:620:303; 52:630:301; and one 300- or 400-level business elective.

## Minor Requirements

A student desiring a minor in chemistry must complete 50:160:115-116, 325 or 326, 335-336, 339-340, 343, 345, 347, and one course chosen from among 50:115:403, 50:160:413
through 448. Students minoring in chemistry should be aware that the prerequisites for Physical Chemistry 50:160:345 include General Physics 50:750:203-204, 205-206, and 50:640:121 and 122.

## Teacher Certification in Chemistry

Students seeking teacher certification in chemistry must follow the state requirements and complete the requirements for the minor in the chemistry department as well as satisfy other requirements for certification. For details regarding admission to the teacher education program and its requirements, students should consult both their department adviser and the chairperson of the education department.

## Courses (Biochemistry 115)

50:115:301. Introduction to BIOCHEMISTRY (3)
Prerequisite: 50:160:336 or permission of instructor.
A one-term overview of the metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, and proteins.

## 50:115:403. General BIOCHEMISTRY I (3)

Prerequisite: 50:160:336.
Study of the structure and function of proteins and enzymes; chemistry of carbohydrates, lipids, and nucleic acids; metabolic pathways with emphasis on regulation.

50:115:404. General Biochemistry II (3)
Prerequisite: 50:115:403.
Study of metabolic pathways with emphasis on regulation.
50:115:407,408. General BIochemistry Laboratory I,II (1,1) Lab. 3 hrs. Pre- or corequisite: 50:160:403.
Basic biochemical techniques such as electrophoresis, western blotting, liquid chromatography, and protein/enzyme assays. Purification and characterization of proteins using techniques learned in 407.

## 50:115:451,452. Peptide Synthesis I,II (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Laboratory course in methods of peptide synthesis and purification.

## 50:115:453,454. Protein Design I,II (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: 50:160:335.
Laboratory course in methods of peptide and protein design.

## 50:115:455,456. Introduction to Enzyme Techniques I,II (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Detailed development of biochemical techniques and operation of instruments used in the study of enzymes.

## 50:115:457,458. ENZYMATIC RESEARCH I,II (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Experimental determination of enzyme function and mechanism using biochemical techniques.

## 50:115:493,494. Special Topics in BIochemistry (3,3)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
The subject matter varies according to the interests of the instructor and is drawn from areas of current biochemical interest.

## Courses (Chemistry 160)

## 50:160:101. Consumer Chemistry (R) (3)*

For nonscience majors.
Introduces areas of chemistry that are encountered in everyday living. Typical topics include nuclear chemistry, power plants, nuclear waste, radiation therapy, food chemistry, additives, fats, carbohydrates, proteins, fermentation, consumer products, soaps, toothpaste, detergents, drugs, and pharmaceuticals from aspirin tovitamins.

## 50:160:105. Development of Modern Chemistry (R) (3)*

For nonscience majors.
A broad descriptive view of the development of modern chemistry from the classical Greek arts to the chemical sciences of the twentyfirst century.

## 50:160:107-108. General Chemistry (R) $(4,4) *$

Lec. 3 hrs ., rec. 1 hr ., lab. 2 hrs . Primarily for students majoring in nursing and other allied health professions.
First term: introduction to the scope and method of chemistry, concepts of atomic and molecular structure, major theories of chemical change, and the development of fundamental laws governing chemical reactions. Second term: largely devoted to an introduction to organic chemistry with particular emphasis on biologically active compounds.
Breakage deposit: \$25.

## 50:160:115-116. Chemical Principles I,II (R) (3,3)*

Pre- or corequisite for 50:160:115: 50:160:125. Prerequisites for 50:160:116: $50: 160: 115$ and 125. Pre- or corequisites for 50:160:116: 50:160:126, and either $50: 640: 121$ or $130.50: 160: 116$ is a prerequisite for all advanced
chemistry courses. Primarily for students planning to major in the natural sciences or engineering.
Introduction to fundamental principles of chemistry; atomic structure; bond characteristics of gases, liquids, solids, and solutions; acids and bases; rates of chemical reactions; and chemical equilibria. Study of common elements and their compounds.

50:160:125-126. Chemical Principles Laboratory I,II (R) (1,1)*
Rec. 1 hr., lab. 2 hrs. Pre- or corequisite for 50:160:125: 50:160:115.
Prerequisites for 50:160:126: 50:160:115 and 125. Pre- or corequisite for
50:160:126: 50:160:116. 50:160:126 is a prerequisite for all advanced chemistry courses.
Demonstrates fundamental chemical principles and chemical properties of matter.
Breakage deposit: \$25.
$50: 160: 201$. Environmental Chemistry (3)*
Prerequisite: 50:160:116 or permission of instructor.
Natural and human-made chemical compositions and chemical changes of the hydrosphere, the lithosphere, and the atmosphere and how they lead to the preservation and enhancement of life on earth.

## $\mathbf{5 0 : 1 6 0 : 3 2 5}$. Analytical Chemistry (4)

Lec. 3 hrs., lab. 3 hrs. Prerequisite: 50:160:116.
Introduction to the principles and practice of gravimetric, volumetric, spectrometric, and electroanalytical methods of measurement and precipitation, extraction, and chromatographic methods ofseparation.
Breakage deposit: \$25.

## 50:160:326. INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS (4)

Lec. 3 hrs., lab. 3 hrs. Prerequisites: 50:160:336, 340.
Principles and practice of qualitative analysis in the chemical sciences using modern instrumental methods, including electrochemistry; gas and high-performance liquid chromatography; and ultraviolet, infrared, nuclear magnetic resonance, and mass spectrometry.

## 50:160:335-336. ORGANIC CHEMISTRY I,II $(3,3)$

Lec. 3 hrs., rec. 1 hr . Prerequisites for 50:160:335: 50:160:116, 126. Pre- or corequisite for 50:160:335: 50:160:339. Prerequisites for 50:160:336: 50:160:335, 339. Pre- or corequisite for 50:160:336: 50:160:340. Both courses must be completed to receive credit.
50:160:335: Introduction, structure and properties, stereochemistry, alkyl halides, nucleophilic substitution and elimination, alkenes, alkynes, alcohols, NMR, IR, MS.
50:160:336: Ethers and epoxides, conjugated systems, MO theory, aromatic compounds, electrophilic aromatic substitution, aldehydes and ketones, amines, carboxylic acids, carboxylic acid derivatives.

[^6]
## 50:160:339-340. ORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY I,II (1,1)

Lab. 3 hrs ., rec. 1 hr . Prerequisites for 50:160:339: 50:160:116, 126. Pre- or corequisite for 50:160:339: 50:160:335. Prerequisites for 50:160:340: 50:160:335, 339. Pre- or corequisite for 50:160:340: 50:160:336.
50:160:339: Introduction to the techniques used in the synthesis, isolation, and identification of organic compounds; stereochemistry. 50:160:340: Multistep synthesis; isolation, identification, and synthesis of natural products; instrumentation techniques. Breakagedeposit:\$25.

## 50:160:343. STRUCTURE AND BONDING (3)

Prerequisite: 50:160:336.
Introduction to the concepts of quantum chemistry as applied to the energetics and spectroscopy of the chemical bond; laboratory emphasizes the use of the latest graphics workstations in molecular modeling.

50:160:345-346. PhYSICAL CHEMISTRY $(3,3)$
Prerequisites for 50:160:345: 50:160:116, 50:750:204, 206, and 50:640:122. Pre- or corequisite for 50:160:345: 50:160:343,347. Prerequisites for 50:160:346: 50:160:345 and 50:640:221. Pre- or corequisite for 50:160:346: 50:160:343, $348.50: 160: 345$ is a prerequisite for all 400-level courses in chemistry.
Thermodynamics with chemical applications, kinetics, quantum mechanics, statistical mechanics, transport, and structure.

50:160:347-348. Physical Chemistry Laboratory (1,1)
Pre- or corequisite for 50:160:347: 50:160:345. Pre- or corequisite for 50:160:348: 50:160:346.
Laboratory experiments that illustrate physical chemistry principles, including research-level equipment and simulations on state-of-the-art workstation.

50:160:396. Honors Program in Chemistry (4)
See Departmental Honors Programs in the Degree Requirements chapter.

50:160:412. InORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY (1)
Lab. 3 hrs. Prerequisite: 50:160:413. Pre- or corequisite: 50:160:414.
Preparation and structural determination of inorganic compounds using a variety of techniques.
Breakage deposit: \$25.

## 50:160:413. InORGANIC CHEMISTRY I (3)

Prerequisite: 50:160:345.
The fundamentals of inorganic chemistry including atomic and molecular structure bonding, modern concepts of acids and bases, solvent systems, redox, and coordination chemistry set against a background of the periodic system.

## 50:160:414. InORGANIC CHEMISTRY II (3)

Prerequisite: 50:160:413
Selected topics of inorganic chemistry, such as chemistry of the transition metal complexes and main group elements (structural, bonding, electronic, and magnetic properties; kinetics, reaction mechanisms, and spectroscopy), organometallic, bioinorganic or materials chemistry.

## 50:160:415. Radiolsotope Methodology (4)

Lec. 3 hrs., lab. 3 hrs. Prerequisite: 50:160:336 or permission of instructor. Offered in alternate years.
Introduction to the fundamental principles of radiation; its detection and measurement; and its application in chemistry, biology, and the medical sciences.

## 50:160:435. Advanced Organic Chemistry I (3)

Prerequisites: 50:160:336, 345; 50:640:122 or 130. Corequisite: 50:160:441. Devoted largely to the structure and properties of organic molecules and their reactions. Reaction mechanisms emphasized.

50:160:436. AdVanced Organic Chemistry II (3)
Prerequisite: 50:160:435 or permission of instructor. Devoted largely to organic synthesis. Mechanisms stressed.

## 50:160:437. SOLId-State Chemistry (3)

Prerequisite: 50:160:345 or permission of instructor.
Experimental and theoretical aspects of solids. Topics include synthetic and crystal growth methods; crystal structures; structural characterizations; phase diagrams; chemical, physical and electronic properties of solids.

## 50:160:438. Solid-State Chemistry Laboratory (1)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Experimental methods and techniques for the preparation of solidstate materials. Use of X-ray, optical, and thermal instruments for structural analysis and property studies.

## 50:160:440. Kinetics (2)

Lec. 2 hrs. Prerequisite: 50:160:443.
The classification and interpretation of chemical reactions through study of their kinetic behavior.

50:160:441. AdVANCED ORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY I (2)
Lec. 1 hr ., lab. 3 hrs. Corequisite: 50:160:435.
The structure of organic compounds determined using spectrophotometric analytical techniques and calculated with molecular modeling programs.
Breakage deposit: \$25.
50:160:442. AdVanced ORGANIC CHEMISTRY LABORATORY II (1) Lab. 3 hrs. Prerequisites: 50:160:435 and permission of instructor.
Organic compounds synthesized using advanced techniques from the literature.
Breakage deposit: \$25.

## 50:160:443. THERMODYNAMICS (3)

Prerequisite: 50:160:346.
The principles of thermodynamics and their application to the study of homogeneous and heterogeneous equilibria.

50:160:444. Polymer Chemistry (3)
Prerequisites: 50:160:345, 435, or permission of instructor.
Topics include synthesis, characterization, and thermodynamics of conventional organic and inorganic polymers as well as conducting polymers and biopolymers.

## 50:160:446. POLYMER ChEmistry Laboratory (1)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Synthesis and characterization of polymers to illustrate principles of polymer science.

## 50:160:447. COMPUTATIONAL CHEMISTRY (3)

Prerequisites: 50:160:326,336; 50\&64:198:111; and 50\&64:640:221; or permission of instructor.
Application of numerical and graphical techniques to data acquisition and presentation in chemistry, including molecular modeling and microprocessor control in spectroscopy.

## 50:160:448. Quantum Chemistry and Pharmacology (4)

Lec. 3 hrs., lab. 3 hrs. Prerequisites: 50:160:346 and permission of instructor. Topics include molecular orbital theory and electron correlation methods that are applied to the study of states and configuration in spectroscopy, and reaction mechanisms. Calculation of the properties of polymers and molecules of organic and pharmacological interest. The laboratory introduces computer programs in parallel with the chemical theory.

## 50:160:451,452. Electroactive Materials I,II (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Preparation (both chemical and electrochemical) of materials on electrode surfaces; structural and spectroscopic analysis of the materials.

## 50:160:453,454. SYnthesis and Characterization of Conducting Polymers I,II (BA,BA) <br> Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.

Preparation and analysis of conducting polymers. Characterization techniques such as 4-probe conductivity and spectroscopic analysis emphasized.

## 50:160:455,456. Quantum Computational Laboratory I,II (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Introduction to advanced quantum mechanics. Numerical methods in quantum chemistry. Original research.

## 50:160:457,458. Density-Functional Thermochemistry I,II (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Introduction to density-functional theory; calculation techniques; development of functionals. Original research.

## 50:160:459,460. Molecular Modeling I,II (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Methods for the calculation and display of chemical and physical properties explored through the use of supercomputers and high-end graphics workstations.

## 50:160:461,462. Reaction Mechanisms I,II (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Theoretical calculations using molecular orbital, electron correlation, and density functional theories performed and studied in relation to experimental quantities.

50:160:463,464. Research in Bioinorganic Chemistry I,II (BA,BA)
Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Identification and quantification of biologically active forms of metals by spectrometry and chromatography from both nutritional and toxicological perspectives.

## 50:160:465,466. Research in Radiochemistry and Radiation Chemistry I,II (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Characterization of recoil reactions associated with ${ }^{50} \mathrm{Crnuclei}$ in hexavalent chromium compounds and/or ${ }^{55} \mathrm{Mn}$ nuclei in heptavalent manganese compounds undergoing ( $\mathrm{n}, \mathrm{g}$ ) and/or ( $\mathrm{g}, \mathrm{n}$ ) processes.

## 50:160:467,468. Crystalline Structures and Synthesis I,II (BA,BA) <br> Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.

Introduction to a variety of synthetic routes for the crystal growth of novel inorganic materials, such as carbides, pnictides, oxides, and chalcogenides.

## 50:160:469,470. Preparation and Characterization of Inorganic Materials I,II (BA,BA) <br> Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.

Application of low and high temperature techniques for preparation, purification, and identification of inorganic compounds with molecular, chain, layered, and extended three-dimensional structures. Investigation of their structural, electronic, optical, and thermal properties.

## 50:160:471,472. Research in Analytical Chemistry I,II (BA,BA) <br> Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.

Topics include applications of atomic spectrometry and voltammetric techniques to the speciation of trace elements in environmental and biological systems; the development of isolation procedures for microcomponents of environmental and biological systems; the development of biomarkers for retrospective assessments of dose and the development of biosensers for pollutants and contaminants.

## 50:160:491,492. Chemistry Seminar ( 1,1 )

Sem. 1 hr . Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Members of the seminar prepare and present papers on topics of current interest in chemistry.

50:160:493,494. Special Topics in Chemistry (BA,BA)
Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
The subject matter varies according to the interests of the instructor and is drawn from areas of current chemical interest.

## 50:160:495,496. Research in Chemistry (BA,BA)

Prerequisites: 50:160:325, 326 and senior status or permission of instructor. Maximum of 4 credits may be earned toward the chemistry major in 495 and 496 combined.
For the student interested in cooperating in research with a member of the faculty. The student should work out a research project with the instructor before registering for the course.

50:160:497,498. Honors Program in Chemistry (4,4)
See Departmental Honors Programs in the Degree
Requirements chapter.

## CITIZENSHIP AND SERVICE EDUCATION- CAMDEN (CASE)

Faculty Director: Jon Van Til<br>Administrative Director: Shelley J. Marino

CASE at Camden is an academic program that advances the missions of the university: service, research, and teaching. Generally, CASE courses have three components:

- academic work,
- experiential work-that is done in the form of community service as it applies to the academic work, and
- reflection-that is done in focus groups, journaling, and experiential essay writing.
Students benefit from being enrolled in CASE-based courses by being able to link academic work with actual experience, giving a clear advantage in today's competitive job market. Also, students gain firsthand knowledge of the problems that plague society through their experiential work in the CASE course. As a result, students begin to consider the solutions for many pressing social problems.

The Camden CASE program serves as a liaison between the Rutgers-Camden campus and various social-service agencies, grass-roots organizations, and public and private schools in Camden and the South Jersey region. CASE courses link students with agencies that apply to their academic work and interests. The Camden CASE program also assists faculty members in the development of service learning courses. It is a goal of the Camden CASE program to develop and implement a CASE-based course in every discipline, within the core curriculum, and in every school on the Rutgers-Camden campus.

A list of all CASE-based courses appears in the term sign-up guide. If you have any questions, call 856/225-6610 or stop by 323 Cooper Street, third floor, Camden NJ 08102. A partial list of CASE core courses include:
50:202:404 Service/Internship in Criminal Justice (offered by the sociology department)
50:350:246 Literature of Childhood
(offered by the English department)
50:920:487 Individual Study in Sociology (offered by the sociology department)
50:975:220 Civic Education and Community Service (offered by the urban studies department)
50:975:221 Literacy Practicum (offered by the urban studies department)
50:975:451 Community Leadership Training Seminar (offered by the urban studies department)

## COMPUTER SCIENCE 198

Web Site: http:/ / cs.camden.rutgers.edu/
Major requirements in computer science can be completed either through daytime or evening attendance.
Department of Computer Science
Chairperson: Michael A. Palis
Professor:
Michael A. Palis, B.S.E.E., Philippines; Ph.D., Minnesota
Associate Professors:
Jean-Camille Birget, B.S., Paris; M.S., Ph.D., Berkeley
Sunil M. Shende, B.Tech., Indian Institute of Technology; Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Assistant Professors:
Bhaskar Dasgupta, B.E., Jadavpur; M.S., Pennsylvania State; Ph.D., Minnesota Suneeta Ramaswami, B.A., Wellesley College; Ph.D., Pennsylvania

The Department of Computer Science offers a comprehensive program that prepares students for professional careers and/or graduate studies in computer science. The curriculum has been developed in accordance with the recommendations of the Computer Science Accreditation Commission (CSAC) of the Computer Science Accreditation Board (CSAB) and the ACM/IEEE-CS Joint Curriculum Task Force.

Students majoring in computer science may choose between two degree programs: the Bachelor of Science (B.S.) and the Bachelor of Arts (B.A.). The two programs have identical computer science requirements and differ only in the natural science and mathematics requirements. The B.S. program requires a minimum of 33 credits in science and mathematics and is intended for students planning to pursue careers and/or graduate studies in science and engineering. The B.A. program has fewer science and mathematics requirements ( 24 credits), thus allowing students greater opportunity to develop breadth of knowledge in other disciplines, such as the arts, humanities, social sciences, and business.

## Major Requirements: CCAS and University College- Camden

Students wishing to pursue either the B.S. or B.A. program must satisfy the following requirements before formally being admitted into the program:

1. A grade of $2.5(\mathrm{C}+)$ or better in 50:198:111 and 50:198:113. For transfer students, a grade of 2.5 or better in the first two computer science courses (each at least 3 credits) taken at Rutgers, not including 50:198:110 and 50:198:151.
2. Completion or transfer credits for either 50:640:121 or 50:640:130.
To continue in the program and graduate with a degree in computer science, a student must achieve a grade of 2.0 (C) or better in all computer science courses required for the major.

## Bachelor of Science (B.S.) in Computer Science

Students pursuing the B.S. program in computer science must complete the requirements listed below.

1. General Curricular Requirements All students must satisfy the general curricular requirements listed in the Degree Requirements chapter of this catalog. Some of the general curricular requirements are automatically satisfied by fulfilling the natural science
and mathematics requirements of the B.S. program. The following guidelines should be used:
a. Six credits of the B.S. natural science requirements may be used to satisfy the general curricular requirement of 6 credits from the offerings of the natural science disciplines.
b. Six credits of the B.S. mathematics requirements may be used to satisfy the general curricular requirement of 3 credits in mathematics and 3 credits in mathematics, computer science, or statistics.
c. At most, 6 additional credits of the B.S. natural science or mathematics requirements, excluding the courses used to satisfy a and b above, may be counted toward fulfillment of the general curricular requirement of 9 credits in free electives outside the major department. Students must take at least 3 more credits outside computer science to satisfy the free electives general curricular requirement.
2. Natural Science Requirements

50:750:131 Elements of Physics I (3)
50:750:132 Elements of Physics II (3)
50:750:133 Elements of Physics Laboratory I (1)
50:750:134 Elements of Physics Laboratory II (1)
Minimum of 4 additional credits of natural science electives in the biological sciences, chemistry, or physics; courses designed for nonscience majors may not be used to satisfy this requirement.
3. Mathematics Requirements

50:640:121,122,221 Unified Calculus I,II,III $(4,4,4)$
50:640:237 Discrete Mathematics (3)
50:960:336 Applied Statistics (3) or 50:960:283,284 Introduction to Statistics I,II $(3,3)$
Minimum of 3 additional credits in mathematics at the 200 level or higher.
4. Computer Science Core

50:198:111 Introduction to Computer Science (3)
50:198:112 Software Laboratory I (1)
50:198:113 Programming with Data Structures (3)
50:198:114 Software Laboratory II (1)
50:198:221 Programming Language Concepts (3)
50:198:231 Computer Organization and Assembly Language Programming (3)
50:198:271 Design and Analysis of Algorithms (3)
50:198:323 Software Methodology and Engineering (3)
50:198:333 or 50:750:308 Computer Hardware and Interfacing (3)
50:198:334 or 50:750:312 Computer Hardware and Interfacing Laboratory (1)
50:198:341 Principles of Operating Systems (3)
50:198:376 Introduction to Theory of Computation (3)
50:198:493 Senior Design Project (3)
5. Computer Science Electives

At least 15 credits of computer science electives at the 300 or 400 level. At most, 3 credits of 50:198:494 Independent Study and, at most, 3 credits of 50:198:497 Computer Science Internship may be counted toward fulfillment of this requirement.

## Bachelor of Arts (B.A.) in Computer Science

Students pursuing the B.A. program in computer science must complete the requirements listed below.

1. General Curricular Requirements

All students must satisfy the general curricular requirements listed in the Degree Requirements chapter of this catalog. Some of the general curricular requirements are
automatically satisfied by fulfilling the natural science and mathematics requirements of the B.A. program. The following guidelines should be used:
a. Six credits of the B.A. natural science requirements may be used to satisfy the general curricular requirement of 6 credits from the offerings of the natural science disciplines.
b. Six credits of the B.A. mathematics requirements may be used to satisfy the general curricular requirement of 3 credits in mathematics and 3 credits in mathematics, computer science, or statistics.
c. Students must take at least 9 additional credits in courses outside computer science to satisfy the free electives general curricular requirement. These courses should be different from the courses used to satisfy the natural science or mathematics requirements given below.
2. Natural Science Requirements

Minimum of 9 credits of natural science electives in the biological sciences, chemistry, or physics (including astronomy and geology).
3. Mathematics Requirements

50:640:129 Linear Mathematics for Business and Economics (3)
50:640:130 Calculus for Business, Economics, and Life Sciences (3)
50:640:237 Discrete Mathematics (3)
50:960:336 Applied Statistics (3) or 50:960:283,284 Introduction to Statistics I,II $(3,3)$
Minimum of 3 additional credits in mathematics at the 200 level or higher.
4. Computer Science Core

Identical to the B.S. in computer science core requirements.
5. Computer Science Electives

Identical to the B.S. in computer science electives requirements.

## Technical Tracks

In lieu of upper-division technical electives, students may pursue one of two technical tracks: the Scientific Computing Track or the Information Systems Track.

## Scientific Computing Track

The Scientific Computing Track teaches students the mathematical foundations, methods, and tools of scientific computing and how they can be applied toward the solution of scientific and engineering problems. Students gain experience in the use of high-performance computing equipment and state-of-the-art scientific software and visualization tools of the Science Vision Laboratories. This track is open only to students pursuing the B.S. program and may be taken only through daytime attendance.

1. Required track courses:

50:198:316 Parallel Programming (3)
50:198:381 Introduction to Numerical Methods (3)
50:198:458 Scientific Visualization (3)
50:198:481 Advanced Numerical Methods (3)
One 300- or 400-level department-approved course in computer science, mathematics, or natural science
2. Required math courses:

50:640:250 Linear Algebra (3)
50:640:314 Elementary Differential Equations (3)

## Information Systems Track

The Information Systems Track is intended for students who wish to pursue careers in information systems practice in industry or government. It provides students with the requisite knowledge and skills to carry out such responsibilities as development of systems architecture, systems standards, database design and implementation, network design, integration, testing, and operational management of information systems. This track is open to students pursuing either the B.S. or the B.A. program in computer science.

1. Required track courses:

50:198:313 Software Design for Commercial Applications (3)
50:198:346 Computer Networks (3)
50:198:351 Database Systems (3)
50:198:426 Information Systems Analysis and Design (3)
One 300- or 400-level computer science elective
2. Business electives:

At least two courses from the following list:
52:010:101 Introduction to Financial Accounting (3)
52:010:202 Management Accounting (3)
50:220:105 Microeconomic Principles (3)
50:220:106 Macroeconomic Principles (3)
52:390:301 Principles of Finance (3)
52:623:334 Management Information Systems (3)

## Minor Requirements: CCAS and University College- Camden

Students desiring a minor in computer science must complete the following courses with a grade of C or better:

| 50:198:111 | Introduction to Computer Science (3) |
| :---: | :--- |
| 50:198:112 | Software Laboratory I (1) |
| 50:198:113 | Programming with Data Structures (3) |
| 50:198:114 | Software Laboratory II (1) |
| 50:198:221 | Programming Language Concepts (3) |
| 50:198:231 | Computer Organization and Assembly |
| Language Programming (3) |  |
| At least two additional computer science courses |  |
| numbered 200 or above. |  |

## Departmental Honors Program

In lieu of 50:198:493 Senior Design Project, a student may complete an undergraduate thesis embodying original research work through the Honors Program. Eligibility in the program is judged by the student's academic performance and the availability of an appropriate supervising professor. Approval must be obtained from the department chair and the faculty member who is to serve as the student's adviser. Students admitted to the program must complete a minimum of 6 credits of the two-term sequence 50:198:495-496 Honors Program in Computer Science. A grade is not given until completion of the sequence and department approval of an undergraduate thesis embodying the project. Students who successfully complete the Honors Program are given the distinction of graduating with Honors in Computer Science.

## Courses

## 50:198:110. Introduction to Computing (R) (3)

Prerequisite: Satisfy mathematics requirement for admission to the colleges. Introduction to computers and information technology, with an emphasis on personal computers and their applications. Understanding of and hands-on experience with application software including word processors, spreadsheets, database systems, electronic mail, and web browsers. Introductory problem solving and computer programming.

## 50:198:111. Introduction to Computer Science (R) (3) Corequisites: 50:640:121 or 129 or 130, and 50:198:112.

The first course for computer science majors. Basic concepts of computing, fundamental problem-solving techniques, and principles of structured programming. Programming in a modern high-level language (such as C/C++). Must be taken concurrently with 50:198:112 Software Laboratory I.

## 50:198:112. SOFTWARE LABORATORY I (R) (1)

## Corequisite: 50:198:111.

Formal laboratory that provides practical programming experience based on the lecture material of 50:198:111. Introduction to the Unix system, including the file system; programming tools such as editors, compilers, and debuggers; libraries; and other utilities.

50:198:113. Programming with Data Structures (R) (3) Prerequisites: 50:198:111 and 50:640:121 or 129 or 130. Corequisite: 50:198:114.
Abstract data types and elementary data structures, including stacks, queues, linked lists, tree-based structures, and hash tables. Algorithmic analysis, recursion, searching and sorting, and basic algorithms. Principles of object-oriented programming and design illustrated through a modern object-oriented language (such as C++ or Java).

50:198:114. SOFTWARE LABORATORY II (R) (1)
Prerequisite: 50:198:112. Corequisite: 50:198:113.
Formal laboratory that provides practical programming experience based on the lecture material of 50:198:113. Introduction to Unix systems programming, Unix systems calls, shell scripts, and graphical user interface (GUI) libraries and tools.

## 50:198:151. Introduction to Programming Methods Using FORTRAN (R) (3) <br> Corequisite: 50:640:121 or 130.

Intended for science and engineering majors. Basic problem-solving and programming techniques, basic data structures, and fundamental numerical algorithms. Programming in FORTRAN.

## 50:198:221. Programming Language Concepts (3) <br> Prerequisite: 50:198:113.

Design issues relevant to the implementation of programming languages: sequence control, data control, type checking, run-time storage management, language translation, and semantics.
Comparison of major programming paradigms: procedural, functional, logic, and object-oriented. Language features that support parallel and distributed computing. Introduction to the relational data model and relational database query languages.

## 50:198:231. COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND Assembly Language ProGRAMMING (3)

(Formerly 50:198:211 Introduction to Computer Architecture and Assembly Language Programming)
Prerequisite: 50:198:111.
Machine representation of data and instructions, instruction set architecture, memory organization, input/output, and interrupt processing. Assembly language and machine language, relation to high-level language, and operating system interface. Assembly language programming, including subroutine construction, macros, debugging, linking, and loading.

## 50:198:271. DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS (3)

Prerequisites: 50:198:113 and 50:640:237.
Algorithm design techniques: divide-and-conquer, greedy method, dynamic programming,backtracking, andbranch-and-bound. Advanced data structures, graph algorithms, algebraicalgorithms. Complexity analysis, complexity classes, andNP-completeness. Introduction to approximation algorithms and parallel algorithms.

## 50:198:313. Software Design for Commercial APPLICATIONS (3)

Prerequisite: 50:198:113.
Design and implementation of software for commercial applications. Organization and management of data and files, including sequential and indexed files. Solution of management information processing problems, documentation, and report generation. COBOL programming language used to illustrate these concepts and to implement practical software applications.

50:198:316. Parallel Programming (3)
Prerequisites: 50:198:113 or advanced programming experience and permission
of instructor.
Fundamental issues in the design and development of parallel programs for various types of parallel computers. Various programming models according to both machine type and application area. Cost models, debugging, and performance evaluation of parallel programs with actual application examples. Programming techniques and optimization. Programming exercises on a contemporary parallel machine.

## 50:198:323. Software Methodology and Engineering (3)

Prerequisite: 50:198:221.
Principles and techniques for the design and construction of reliable, maintainable, and useful software systems. Software life cycle, requirements specifications, and verification and validation issues. Implementation strategies (e.g., top-down, bottom-up, teams), support for reuse, performance improvement. A treatment of human factors and user interfaces included.

50:198:333. Computer Hardware and Interfacing (3)
Prerequisites: 50:198:231 and 50:640:237. Corequisite: 50:198:334. Credit not given for both this course and 50:750:308.
Introduction to digitallogic, combinational circuits, sequential circuits. Introduction to microprocessor architecture and organization, operation and programming, interfacing, and application ofmicroprocessors.

## 50:198:334. COMpUTER HARDWARE AND INTERFACING LABORATORY (1)

Corequisite: 50:198:333. Credit not given for both this course and 50:750:312. Provides hands-on experience in digital design using PLA/PLD devices, EEPROM, and MSI/LSI circuits, and interfacing of microprocessors to memory and peripherals.

## 50:198:341. PRINCIPLES OF OPERATING SYSTEMS (3)

Prerequisites: 50:198:113 and 231.
Fundamental concepts of operating systems. Process management, memory management, device management, file systems, resource allocation, security and protection. Introduction to network and distributed operating systems.

## 50:198:346. COMPUTER NeTWORKS (3)

Prerequisite: 50:198:113.
Introduction to computer communication networks, including physical and architectural components, communication protocols, switching, network routing, congestion control, and flow control. End-to-end transport services, network security and privacy. Networking software and applications. Network installation, testing, and maintenance.

## 50:198:347. COMputer Systems Administration (3)

Prerequisites: 50:198:113 and 343 .
Basic administration of networked computer systems (such as Unix and/or Windows NT). Installing and configuring the operating system, upgrading software and hardware, installing patches, system backups, security issues, account creation and deletion, system accounting and log files, job scheduling, performance monitoring, tcp/ip and networking, client/server file sharing and printing, file layout and organization, disk and tape administration, and a look at several administrative tools.

## 50:198:351. Database Systems (3)

Prerequisites: 50:198:113 and 50:640:237
Relational database theory and practice, including database design. Database concepts, relational algebra, data integrity, query languages, views. Introduction to object-oriented databases. Application project with a practical database management system.

## 50:198:356. COMPUTER GRAPHICS (3) <br> Prerequisite: 50:198:113.

Characteristics of graphics display devices and systems; representation, manipulation, and display of two- and three-dimensional objects; curve and surface modeling; two- and three-dimensional transformations;hidden lines and surfaces; shading and coloring; interactive graphics and user interfaces;animation techniques.

## 50:198:361. Artificial INTELLIGENCE (3)

Prerequisites: 50:198:113 and 50:640:237.
Techniques and applications of artificial intelligence: search, rule-based reasoning, statistical reasoning, game playing, machine learning, knowledge representation. The use of heuristics to obtain satisfactory solutions to intractable problems.

## 50:198:372. Parallel Algorithms (3)

Prerequisite: 50:198:271.
Introduction to parallel algorithms. Sorting, searching, arithmetic, and graph algorithms on various parallel computation models, including linear arrays, meshes, and hypercubes. Case studies of real parallel machines. Systolic and semisystolic models. Scan/multiscan models. Routing algorithms for interconnection networks. Area-time trade-off and connection to VLSI.

## 50:198:376. InTRODUCTION TO THE THEORY OF COMPUTATION (3)

 Prerequisite: 50:640:237.Introduction to the theory of computability, including important results from the study of automata and formal languages. Automata and their relationship to regular, context-free, and context-sensitive languages. General theories of computability, including Turing machines, recursive functions, and lambda calculus. Notions of decidability and undecidability, complexity classes, and complexity analysis.

50:198:381. Introduction to Numerical Methods (3) Prerequisites: 50:198:111 and 50:640:221.
Methods of finding roots, interpolation, curve fitting, integration, differentiation, and minimization; estimation and control of various computational errors.

## 50:198:421. COMPILER CONSTRUCTION (3)

Prerequisites: 50:198:221, 231, and 376 .
Introduction to compiler design and implementation, including lexical analysis, formal syntax specification, parsing techniques, syntax-directed translation, semantic analysis, execution environment, storage management, code generation, and optimization techniques.

50:198:426. Information SYstems Analysis and Design (3) Prerequisite: 50:198:351.
Overview of information systems; analysis of existing systems; requirements determination; design of information systems including interface, inputs, outputs, database. Group analysis and design project. Alternative development methodologies. Modern tools for analysis and design.

50:198:431. High-Performance Computer Architectures
Prerequisites: 50:198:231 and 333.
Architecture of pipelined and superscalar processors, vector supercomputers, multiprocessors, parallel computers, multithreaded processors, and dataflow processors. System interconnect architectures, memory hierarchy design, and input/output subsystems. System design issues such as shared memory and message-passing communication models, cache coherence and synchronization mechanisms, latency-hiding techniques, virtual memory management, and taskscheduling.

## 50:198:441. DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS (3)

Prerequisite: 50:198:341.
Models of distributed systems, distributed algorithms and protocols, operating systems support, programming paradigms. Case studies of experimental and commercial systems.

50:198:458. SCIENTIFIC VISUALIZATION (3)
Prerequisites: 50:198:113,381, and 50:640:250. Study of visualization techniques useful for the analysis and interpretation of scientific and engineering data. Topics include two-and three-dimensional data types; visual representation schemes for scalar, vector, and tensor data; isosurface and volume visualization methods; animation; and interactive manipulation of data.

## 50:198:464. Artificial Neural Networks (3)

## Prerequisites: 50:198:271 and 50:640:221.

Introduction to artificial neural networks. Perceptrons and perceptron learning algorithm. Hopfield models and associate memory. Feedforward neural nets and backpropagation algorithm. Self-organizing networks, Kohonen networks, competitive learning. Applications of neural nets to robotics, vision, and other areas.

## 50:198:473. InTRODUCTION TO COMPUTATIONAL GEOMETRY (3)

 Prerequisite: 50:198:271.Algorithms and data structures for geometric problems that arise in various applications, such as computer graphics, CAD/CAM, robotics, and geographical information systems (GIS). Topics include point location, range searching, intersection, decomposition of polygons, convex hulls, and Voronoi diagrams.

## 50:198:474. Introduction to Computational Molecular Biology (3) <br> Prerequisite: 50:198:271. <br> Basic biological notions. Recombinant DNA technology. String matching algorithms. Phylogenetic trees. Multiples sequence alignment problems. Mapping problems.

50:198:481. AdVanced Numerical Methods (3)
Prerequisites: 50:198:381, 50:640:250, and 314.
Numerical techniques for solving linear algebraic systems, eigenvalue problems, least squares, quadrature. Numerical solution of initial and boundary value problems for ordinary and partial differential equations.

## 50:198:483. Linear Programming (3)

Prerequisites: 50:640:221 and 250.
Linear programming using the simplex method and dual linear programming. Applications of linear programming to network flows and other problems. Convex sets and elements of convex programming. Combinatorialoptimization. Integer programming.

## 50:198:485. COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS (3)

Prerequisite: 50:640:250. Credit not given for both this course and 50:640:498. Computational aspects of number theory, with a brief introduction to underlying theories. Topics include prime numbers, pseudo primes, and their applications especially in cryptography; prime factorization of composite numbers via several different methods. Computer simulation emphasized.

## 50:198:487. Visualizing Mathematics by Computer (3)

Prerequisite: 50:640:221. Credit not given for both this course and 50:640:497. A comprehensive introduction to symbolic computational packages and scientific visualization through examples from calculus and geometry. Covers 2-D,3-D, and animated computer graphics using Maple,Mathematica, and Geomview.

## 50:198:491,492. Special Topics in Computer Science $(3,3)$

Prerequisite: As announced or permission of instructor. In-depth study of areas not covered in regular curriculum. Topics vary from term to term.

## 50:198:493. Senior Design Project (3)

Prerequisite: Senior standing or permission of instructor. Design,implementation, and demonstration of a significant software and/or hardware project. Project proposals must be submitted and approved by instructor. Part of the lecture time used to discuss such issues as the historical and social context of computing, responsibilities of the computing professional, risks and liabilities, and intellectual property.

## 50:198:494. Independent Study (BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Individual study under the supervision of a computer science faculty member; intended to provide an opportunity to investigate areas not covered in regular courses.

50:198:495-496. Honors Program in Computer Science (BA,BA)
Prerequisite: Approval by department.
A program of readings and guided research in a topic proposed by the student, culminating in an honors thesis presented to the departmental faculty for approval.

## 50:198:497. COMPUTER SCIENCE INTERNSHIP (BA)

Prerequisite: Approval by department.
The practical application of computer science knowledge and skills through an approved internship in a sponsoring organization. Arrangements for the internship must be agreed upon by the sponsoring organization and approved by the department before the beginning of the term. Students should consult the department for detailed instructions before registering for this course.

## CRIMINAL JUSTICE 202

See Sociology.
DANCE 203
See Fine Arts.

## ECOMMERCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY 623

See the Courses chapter in the School of BusinessCamden section.

## ECONOMICS 220

Web Site: http://www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ economics/index.html

Major requirements in economics can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## Department of Economics

Chairperson: John D. Worrall

## Professors:

Les Seplaki, B.Comm., Sir George Williams (Canada); M.A., McGill; Ph.D., California (Riverside)
John D. Worrall, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., Rutgers
Associate Professor:
Tetsuji Yamada, B.A., Toyo; M.I.A., Columbia; M.Phil., Ph.D., CUNY
Assistant Professors:
Baoline Chen, B.S., Beijing University of International Business and Economics (China); M.A., Indiana State; Ph.D., Indiana
Jinpeng Ma, B.S., Huazhong Agricultural (China); M.S., Beijing University of Agricultural Engineering (China); M.A., Ph.D., SUNY (Stony Brook)

The programs offered by the Department of Economics are designed to (1) provide a general understanding of the functioning of the economic system and the role of institutions, groups, and regions within that system; and (2) prepare the student for employment in industry, the professions, and government, or to pursue graduate work toward such advanced degrees as the M.A., M.B.A., or Ph .D. in economics, business, or related fields.

Students are strongly advised to monitor their curriculum progress every year, so no deficiencies surface during their senior year that cannot be remedied consistent with university regulations.

## Major Requirements

## First Year

50:220:105 Microeconomic Principles (3)
50:220:106 Macroeconomic Principles (3)
50:640:130 Calculus for Business, Economics, and Life Sciences (3)

## Sophomore Year

50:220:323 Intermediate Economic Theory: Microeconomics (3)
50:220:324 Intermediate Economic Theory: Macroeconomics (3)
50:960:283 Introduction to Statistics I (3)

## Junior and Senior Years

50:220:322 Econometrics (3)
Seven economics electives

## Minor Requirements

50:220:105 Microeconomic Principles (3)
50:220:106 Macroeconomic Principles (3)
50:220:323 Intermediate Economic Theory:
Microeconomics (3) or 50:220:308 Introductory Managerial Economics (3)
50:220:324 Intermediate Economic Theory: Macroeconomics (3) or 50:220:202 Money and Banking (3)
Two economics electives

## Departmental Honors Program

Students seeking the distinction of graduating with "Honors in Economics" and the experience of intense investigation of a particular topic in economics may do so in the honors program. Eligibility for such a project is judged by the student's qualifications and availability of an appropriate supervising professor. The supervisor works individually with the student over a two- or three-term sequence, 50:220:396-495-496, during the student's last three terms before graduation. Total credits earned are determined by the department according to the nature of the project; a grade is not given until completion of the three-term sequence and department approval of an honors thesis embodying the project. A GPA of 3.5 is required for participation in the Honors Program.

## Requirements and Restrictions for Independent Study Projects

Enrollment in 50:220:491 Independent Study Projects in Economics requires prior approval by the department and the participating faculty member. All independent study projects require at least the same rigors of training, instruction, research, and grading as do other upper-division economics courses. To enroll in 50:220:491, students must have completed nearly all of the course requirements for the major in economics and have achieved a grade-point average in economics of at least 3.0. A student is limited to enrollment in only one independent study project within the economics department each term and a maximum of two during the degree program.

## Graduate School Preparation

For any graduate work in economics, 50:220:391 Mathematical Economics is valuable preparation, as is 50:640:250 Linear Algebra. Strongly recommended courses are 50:640:121, 122, and 221.

## Courses

## 50:220:105. Microeconomic Principles (R) (3)

Economic systems; supply, demand, and role of the market; consumer behavior and utility; firm behavior, cost, and profit; competitive and monopolistic markets for products and inputs; government regulation of markets.

## 50:220:106. Macroeconomic Principles (R) (3)

National income and how it is determined; consumption, investment, and government spending; the monetary system; control of inflation and unemployment; international exchange; alternative economic systems.

## 50:220:202. Money and Banking (3)

(Formerly 50:220:302)
Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106.
Theories of money and their applications; structure and historical development of U.S. monetary and banking institutions; current problems of monetary management.

## 50:220:303. CONSUMER ECONOMICS (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor Analysis of problems facing individuals and households as savers, investors, and spenders. Analysis of the legal and economic framework of consumer protection legislation. "Consumerism" as an economic force.

## 50:220:308. Introductory Managerial Economics (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor. Application of economic analysis to practical managerial decision making. Course demonstrates the use of contemporary economic tools and techniques in actual managerial problems relevant to marketdemand and supply, revenue, costs, profits, optimal pricing, capital budgeting, and product line analysis.

## 50:220:310. American Economic History (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor.
Analysis of such selected factors as population, government, capital accumulation, and technology contributing to development of economic life and institutions in the United States

## 50:220:313. ECONOMICS OF LABOR (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105.
Study of wages and employment; the history of labor movements; and effects of unionism and minimum wage laws on prices, wages, and income. Marginal productivity theory applied to wageemployment analysis.

## 50:220:316. Economics of Health and Health Care (3)

Prerequisite: 50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor.
Designed to apply economic analysis to the health-care sector and health status, such as demand for health and for medical care, health insurance experiment, demand for health insurance, market for physicians' and nurses' services, market for hospital services, pharmaceutical industry, delivery of health care, methods of payment, and government regulation.

## 50:220:320. Inflation, Unemployment, and Public Policy (3)

Prerequisite: 50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor. Causes and consequences of inflation, unemployment, and the inflation-unemployment trade-off. Assessment of stabilization policies: wage-price controls, wage indexation,Keynesian measures, and other alternatives.

## 50:220:322. ECONOMETRICS (3)

Prerequisites: 50:220:105;50:640:129 or 130;50:960:283.
An introduction to model building and testing, measurement problems, and the application of statistical methods in economics, business, and related social sciences.

## 50:220:323. INTERMEDIATE ECONOMIC THEORY: Microeconomics (3)

Prerequisites:50:220:105,106.
Roles of supply and demand under varying degrees of market competition in determining price and output of goods, factor inputs, and their prices;emphasis on the social implication of these market conditions.

## 50:220:324. INTERMEDIATE ECONOMIC THEORY: MACROECONOMICS (3)

Prerequisites:50:220:105,106.
Role of consumption, savings, investment, government monetary and fiscal policies, and international economic relations in affecting national income, employment, the price level, and economic growth.

## 50:220:325. FInancial Institutions (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106.
Role of banks, insurance companies, investment companies, finance companies, pension funds, credit unions, and such institutions in financial markets, and their impact on how the economic and financial systems function. Lending and borrowing activities, investment portfolio policy, and regulatory environment of each type of financial intermediary examined.

## 50:220:329. Economics of International Finance (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106.
Examines the specific factors of demand and supply that determine exchange rates under the current flexible exchange rate system. Spot and forward markets, purchasing power parity, and interest rate parity considered. Discusses fixed versus flexible exchange rates. Analysis of recent changes in the dollar and other key currencies.

## 50:220:330. Urban Economics (3)

(Formerly 50:220:354)
Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor.
Analysis of the economic forces leading to the existence, growth, and decline of cities and of the factors affecting land use within a city. The provision of local public services, local taxes, and the size of local governments. The economic analysis of urban problems: housing, poverty, transportation, and land use.

## 50:220:331. International EConomics (3)

(Formerly 50:220:345)
Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor A study of the fundamentals of international economics. Analyzes comparative advantage of trade, free and restriction on trade, tariff and quota, international resource flow, foreign exchange markets, foreign exchange rates and risks, balance of payments, international operation of the U.S. economy, and government policies affecting the development and structure of the world economy.

## 50:220:332. Environmental Economics (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor. Effects of man on quality of air, water, and ground resources; application of microeconomic analysis to problems created by deterioration of these resources.

## 50:220:333. COMPARATIVE ECONOMIC SYStems (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor. Comparison of decentralized capitalist market systems, socialist market-oriented systems, and "command" or centralized models such as in the former Soviet Union. Variation in these systems such as in the United States, United Kingdom, Sweden, and Japan for capitalist systems; Hungary, Poland, Yugoslavia, and China for socialist systems; and socialistic countries such as India.

## 50:220:339. ECONOMIC DeVELOPMENT (3)

(Formerly:50:220:314)
Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor.
Economic and social problems of developing countries: poverty, low savings, inadequate investments, unemployment, inflation, and the transfer of technology, and such social problems as education, health, and administration. Examines development theories models and notes interdependence between developing economies and developed countries, particularly with respect to trade, capital and labor movements, and the transfer of technology.

## 50:220:361. GAME THEORY (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105.
Study interactive decision making when players have conflicts of interest. Course includes noncooperative games, cooperative games, bargaining theory, auctions, market games, and applications to business and economics.

## $50: 220: 362$. ECONOMICS OF TRANSITION (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106.
Economic development of each country is unique, reflecting geography, history, culture, and extant political system. Discernible patterns exist, nevertheless, in the contemporary developing economies. Profiles two rather different regions: the rapidly growing economies in East Asia and the transitional economies of the former socialist states in Eastern Europe. Based on various country studies, such issues as the keys to rapid growth with equity in East Asia, the complementary roles for the private and public sectors, and privatization in the former socialist economies discussed. Also discussed are the four major components: a stable macroeconomy, competitive domestic markets, investments in human capital, and integration with the international economy, which form a market-friendly strategy for economic development in a contemporary world.

## $50: 220: 363$. Economics of Investment and Capital Markets (3) <br> Prerequisite: 50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor.

 Analysis of economic investment by using economic tools: value of firms, economic efficient frontier, lending and borrowing, utility analysis and investment selection, market interest rates, correlation structure of security returns, short- and long-term international investments with foreign risks, capital asset pricing model, efficient markets, and investment decision management.
## 50:220:366. SPECIAL TOPICS ON CONTEMPORARY ECONOMIC ISSUES (3)

Prerequisite: 50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor.
Examination of major economic issues facing society based on both macro and micro principles of economics, viewing these issues from a global context. This broad focus includes comparative analysis from an international perspective of such types as the economic role of government, natural resource development and use, labor markets and human resource development, capital markets and investment in productive capacity, impact of fiscal and monetary policies on economic activity levels, international trade and finance policies, strategies for economic growth and development, and economic systems and economic reform.

## 50:220:371. ECONOMY OFJAPAN (3)

Prerequisite: 50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor.
Analysis of various aspects of economic relationship between Japan and the United States: economic policy of Japanese government, financial system, Japanese corporations and industries, public finance and welfare, Japanese corporate management, employment system, Japanese trade and foreign direct investment, economic conflicts with the United States, and solutions.

## $\mathbf{5 0 : 2 2 0 : 3 9 1}$. Mathematical Economics (3)

Prerequisites:50:220:105,106;50:640:129 or 130.
Offers operational methods and analytical tools for understanding almost all branches of economic science: microeconomics, macroeconomics, welfare economics, international trade, labor, urban, and public economics. Optimization principles, decision-making processes, comparative evaluations of alternative policies, program algorithms, and inventory control analyses clearly spelled out in mathematical fashion. Basic algebra and calculus initially reviewed, and the practical uses of those branches of mathematics shown in the enunciation of economic methods and models.

## $50: 220: 392$. Business Cycles and Forecasting (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106.
Nature of economic fluctuations and major patterns of cyclical behaviors. Major theories of business cycles that explain factors determining cyclical fluctuations and economic growth in the economy. Methods of forecasting business and economic activity presented in relation to empirical studies of the United States.

## 50:220:396. Honors Program in Economics (BA)

See50:220:495-496below.

## 50:220:397. Industrial Economics: Structure, Conduct, Performance, AND POLICY (3) <br> Prerequisite:50:220:105.

Examines the principles of economics of industrial organization and their application to selected industries in the United States and abroad. Studies issues such as concentration, economies of scale, entry barriers, product differentiation, innovations, merger activity, firm turnover, and the patent system.

## 50:220:398. Government Regulation of Business (3)

(Formerly 50:220:471,50:220:397)
Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106.
Examines various dimensions of social control of business. While emphasis is placed on antitrust regulation, careful attention also given to public utility regulation; public enterprises; safety, health, environmental, and other regulatory issues of concern to the public.

## 50:220:399. ECONOMICS OF MULTINATIONAL CORPORATIONS (3)

Prerequisite:50:220:105 or 106.
How multinational corporations make decisions as to where and how to invest for profit-risk factors in various circumstances, relevant government regulations, institutions the corporations have to deal with and how, cultural and environmental factors, political risks. Effects of currency and capital transfers and the influence of the corporation on the political and social environment of the countries involved.

## 50:220:442. PuBLIC FINANCE (3)

(Formerly 50:220:349)
Prerequisite: 50:220:105 or 106.
Analysis of spending patterns and sources of revenue of different levels of the publiceconomy, intergovernmental relations, emphasis on fiscal policy including debt management. Decision-making techniques on choosing government projects. Incidence and allocative effect of taxes.

## 50:220:451. History of Economic Thought (3)

Prerequisites:50:220:105 or 106 or permission of instructor. Examines the development of economic thought to its present state, with emphasis on present-day shapers of economic thought and analysis, linking historical economic ideas to current issues.

## 50:220:472. Economic Analysis of the Law (3)

(Formerly 50:220:395)
Prerequisite:50:220:105.
The application of basic economic concepts and analyses to the law and legal processes. How economics can be used to study issues in tort, criminal, contract, property, and negligence matters. Examines economic implications of the law pertaining to racial discrimination, environmental protection, and other standard corporate regulatory provisions.

## 50:220:491. Independent Study Projects in Economics (3)

Prerequisites:Normally the courses ineconomic principles, statistics, and mathematicsshouldhavebeen completed.Permission of instructor. Amaximum of 3 creditswith a grade-point-average of 3.0 and 6 creditswith a grade-pointaverageof 3.5 maybe taken toward the degree. Thiscourse is coded by a faculty member; thus, when registering, thestudentshould makecertain that the forms will contain 220:491-X, where X means the relevant individual faculty member's codefor this purpose.
Individual study under supervision of a member of the economics faculty. Requires research term paper of a level at least comparable to a regular course term paper. Student should obtain agreement from a faculty member to supervise the research project before registering.

## 50:220:492. ECONOMICS MAJOR SEminar (3)

Prerequisites: All other courses specifically required for theeconomics major. Designed to integrate course materials, introduce recent philosophies and techniques in economics, and apply them to selected problems. Reading and research reports required. Topics vary from year to year.

## 50:220:495-496. Honors Program in Economics (BA,BA)

Toenter program, student mustsubmit a written proposal for departmental approvalbeforeregistration.Creditsawarded onlyonsatisfactory completion of a two-or three-term sequence.
A program of readings and guided research in a topic proposed by the student, culminating in an honors thesis presented to departmental faculty for approval.

## 50:220:497. INTERNSHIP (3)

Students apply classroom learning to gain experience and develop skills in the fields related to their career interests through internships supervised by an instructor. The internship expands professional skills and earns academic credits, up to a 3 credit maximum, regardless of the duration of the internship (a minimum of 200 hours). Students required to file monthly activity reports and a final report and presentation to the Economics and Business Society.

## EDUCATION 300

Web Site: http: / /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages / education_ugrad/index.html

## Department of Education

Director: Marion Hussong, B.A., Rutgers; M.A., Ph.D., Pennsylvania
AssociateProfessor:
Steven Darian, B.S., CUNY (Hunter College); M.A., Ph.D., New York
The Department of Education offers courses leading to New Jersey Teacher Certification in the elementary school and/or subject matter field. All students seeking teacher certification must major in a liberal arts discipline. Postbaccalaureate students seeking teacher certification must have completed a B.A. degree or, if a B.S. degree has been earned, complete 30 credits in an appropriate liberal arts concentration.

Students who apply for elementary school certification also may be eligible for nursery school endorsement. Subject matter certification may be obtained by students who
major in the following disciplines: computer science (with appropriate elective courses), English, fine arts, foreign language (French, German, or Spanish), history, mathematics, political science, psychology, science (biology, chemistry, or physics), and sociology/criminal justice.

Thespecificrequirementsfor preparationfor teachercertification will change as of fall 2001, as will procedures for admission tothe program. Students willenrollinthe teacher preparation programand will follow the requirements of that program. Informationabouttheserequirementswillbeavailablefrom theteacher preparation programoffice. Students enrolling in the teacher preparation programareresponsibleforobtainingand meeting thenew requirements.

## Admission to the Program

Admission to the teacher certification program at RutgersCamden is competitive. It occurs in a two-stage process and requires minimum grade-point averages of 2.8 , both cumulatively and in the major course of study.

Students should note that new admission procedures will be in place for fall 2001. Students are responsible for obtaining information about and meeting the new requirements.

## Stage One: Preliminary Requirements, Application, and Registration for the Teacher Certification Program

Students should consult with the Department of Education in their first term of attendance, either as first-year students or as transfer students, to obtain appropriate advising sheets and information. Admission to the first stage is based on the following requirements:

1. Students who have taken no prior education courses at Rutgers-Camden must have completed 50:350:101,102 English Composition with grades of C or better. Each developmental course in English or mathematics (50:350:097,098; $50: 640: 041,042$ ) that a student is required to take must have been completed with grades of $S$.
2. An application to the teacher certification program must be completed at the time of registration. This application does not constitute admission. Admission to the program is not granted until the second stage of the admission process.

## Stage Two: Application and Admission to the Teacher Certification Program

To qualify for admission to the second stage of the program, which includes student teaching placement, students must meet the following requirements:

1. Have a cumulative grade-point average of 2.8 overall and in the major course of study
2. Have filed a completed application for student teaching at least one full year in advance of the term in which student teaching will occur
3. Have documentation from the student's adviser in the major department that verifies the required cumulative grade-point average in major course requirements and the number of courses completed
4. Have completed at least half of the required professional education courses, including one term in either 50:300:450 Practicum in Education or 50:300:452
Practicum in Urban Education and one of 50:300:381 Educational Psychology, or 50:300:444 Comparative Education, or 50:300:434 Social and Cultural Foundations of Education
5. Have completed all general and major requirements, as outlined in the catalog, plus the course specific requirement for either elementary and/or secondary certification
6. Write an acceptable essay to accompany the application for admission to the Teacher Certification Program
7. Submit recommendations from two faculty members at Rutgers-Camden outside of the education department. Postbaccalaureate students may submit recommendations from members of the education faculty.

## Course Specific Requirements

## Elementary Certification

Students seeking elementary certification must include the following courses in their college core requirements:

1. A course in biology with a grade of $C$ or better
2. Two credit-bearing courses in mathematics with a grade of C or better (only those with a 640 prefix). Highly recommended are 50:640:103, 104. 50:198:110 Introduction to Computing also is required.
3. Three social science courses selected from the following list:

50:070:213 Introduction to Cultural Anthropology (R) (3)

50:070:228 Childhood and Culture (3)
50:070:307 Psychological Anthropology (3)
50:830:101 Introduction to Psychology (3)
50:830:325 Psychology of Childhood (3)
50:830:326 Psychology of Adolescence (3)
50:830:328 Psychological Development of the
Preschool Child (3)
50:830:330 Psychology of Learning (3)
50:830:346 Psychology of Language (3)
50:830:353 Intelligence (3)
50:830:361 Group Dynamics (3)
50:830:385 Psychological Tests and Measurements (3)
50:920:207 Introduction to Sociology (3)
50:920:323 Sociology of Childhood and Adolescence (3)
50:920:345 Sociology of Education (3)
50:920:455 Sociolinguistics (3)
4. Successful completion of 50:090:293 or 294 Science,

Technology, and Society, or Intellectual Heritage
5. One intercultural relations course selected from the
following list:
50:512:203 or 204 African-American History (3)
50:830:203 The Psychology of Minority Groups (3)
50:920:316 Racial and Ethnic Minorities in America (3)
50:920:321 Urban Sociology (3)
50:975:204 Poverty and Urban Environmental Systems (3)
50:975:219 History of the Ghetto and American Slums (3)
6. One course in American history and one course in European history
All candidates for elementary certification must follow the major course requirements as listed under the specific discipline with no exceptions.

Candidates for elementary certification also must complete the 30 credit-hour sequence in professional education listed below. Please note the courses marked with an asterisk.

## Secondary Certification

Students seeking secondary certification must include the following courses in the college core requirements:

1. A course in biology with a grade of $C$ or better
2. One credit-bearing course in mathematics and 50:198:110 Introduction to Computing
3. Three social science courses selected from the list provided above for elementary certification candidates
4. An intercultural relations course selected from the list provided above for elementary certification candidates
5. Two courses in history

All students seeking secondary certification in a subject field must follow the major course requirements as listed under the specific discipline with the following exceptions:

## English

Include the following courses in your selection of electives: a second term of Shakespeare (3) a second term of linguistics (3)
two writing courses (6)
50:350:246 Literature of Childhood (3)
Fine Arts
Include the following courses in your selection of electives:
50:950:261 Fundamentals of Speech (3)
50:950:281 Public Speaking (3)
Mathematics
Omit the following courses:
50:640:312 Advanced Calculus II (3)
50:640:403 Introductory Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable (3)
Add the following courses:
50:198:110 Introduction to Computing (3)
50:640:237 Discrete Mathematics (3)
50:960:183 Elementary Applied Statistics (3)
PhysicalScience:Biology, Chemistry, or PhysicsMajor*
Add the following courses:
50:100:306 Descriptive Astronomy (3)
50:460:101 Introduction to the Earth (3)

## SocialStudies

History major: Add one 3-credit course each in the fields of economics, geography, political science, psychology, and sociology/anthropology.
Economics, political science, psychology or sociology/ anthropology majors: Add one full year of U.S. history, one full year of Western civilization, and at least one term of course work in each of the remaining three social science disciplines, including a course in geography.

## Certification in Teaching English as a Second Language

To qualify for certification in teaching English as a second language, students must complete the following courses in addition to all other required courses for elementary and/or secondary certification:
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 50:300:345 } & \text { Methods of Teaching English } \\ \text { as a Second Language (3) } \\ \text { 50:615:201 } & \text { Introduction to Linguistics (3) } \\ \text { 50:615:202 } & \text { Applied Linguistics (3) } \\ \text { 50:830:203 } & \text { The Psychology of Minority Groups (3) }\end{array}$

[^7]
## Professional Education

All students must complete the following 30 credit-hour sequence in professional education:
The following courses are required:
50:300:309 Techniques for the Development of Reading and Related Language Skills (3)
50:300:371 Materials and Techniques in Elementary Education I (3)*
50:300:372 Materials and Techniques in Elementary Education II (3) *
50:300:373 Introduction to Media (2)
50:300:381 Educational Psychology (3)
50:300:383 Classroom Management (2)
50:300:399 Reading and Writing in the Academic Disciplines (3) $\dagger$
50:300:408 Instructional Strategies (3) $\dagger$
50:300:450 Practicum in Education (2)
50:300:452 Practicum in Urban Education (2)
50:300:487 Student Teaching (6)
50:300:492 Student Teaching Seminar (1)
Materials and Methods in Subject Field (K-12). Select the appropriate course:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 50:300:354 } & \text { Materials and Methods in Art (3) } \\
\text { 50:300:369 } & \text { Materials and Methods in Foreign Language } \\
& \text { Teaching (3) } \\
\text { 50:300:405 } & \text { Materials and Methods in Teaching English (3) } \\
50: 300: 407 & \begin{array}{l}
\text { Materials and Methods in Social Studies, } \\
\text { (Secondary Certification) (3) }
\end{array} \\
50: 300: 411 & \begin{array}{l}
\text { Materials and Methods in Science (Secondary } \\
\text { Certification) (3) }
\end{array}
\end{array}
$$

50:300:413 Materials and Methods in Mathematics (Secondary Certification) (3)
50:300:443 Materials and Methods of Teaching Music (3)
Select one of the following courses:
50:300:401 History of Education (3)
50:300:415 Introduction to Philosophy of Education (3)
50:300:434 Social and Cultural Foundations of Education (3)
50:300:444 Comparative Education (3)

## Student Teaching

Student teaching is a full-time, one-term experience.
Students are strongly advised to participate in no other activities at this time (e.g., work, course work).

Prior to or during the student teaching experience, all teaching candidates must take the Praxis Series (National Teacher's Examination) and earn an acceptable score as determined by the New Jersey Department of Education in order to be eligible for certification.

Following the completion of all requirements, the student applies for certification through the education department at Rutgers-Camden. Certification is granted by the New Jersey Department of Education.

## Courses

50:300:309. TEChniques for the Development of Reading and Related Language Skilus (3)
Offers techniques for teaching reading, writing, speaking, and listening in a whole language approach. Secondary students apply techniques to their content specialty.

## 50:300:314. DIAGNOSTIC APPROACHES TO READING (3)

Prerequisite:50:300:309.
Studies group and individual assessment techniques, techniques for individualizing instruction, and methods for the development of reading skills in content areas. Students develop informal diagnostic instruments and materials for content area instruction.

## 50:300:338. Early Childhood Education: The Young Child 0-3 Years

 (3)Examineshuman development, philosophical, and social issues and curriculum in infant, toddler, and adult interactions. Particular emphasis on meaningful application in child observation study and selected projects.

## 50:300:339. Early Childhood Education: The Young Child 3-6 Years

 (3)Basic contemporary perspectives and practices in early childhood education. Examines issues and techniques in responding to the growth and development of the preschool child in the context of the family, early learning environment, and community setting. Utilizes toolsfor observation, analysis, and evaluation of programs.

50:300:345. Methods of Teaching English as a Second Language (3) Required for ESL endorsement.
Second language acquisition, reading-writing-speaking-listening, the role of visuality and media in language teaching, materials development, syllabus design, special methods, and English for specific purposes (e.g., science and business).

## 50:300:354. Materials and Methods in Art (3)

Methods, materials, and techniques of involvement in the visual arts. Production, history, criticism, evaluation, and appreciation of all forms of artistic expression covered. Develops a logical, sequential, and meaningful way to open eyes and broaden horizons. Traces the path from first experiences through specific skill development and portfolio preparation in grade 12.

50:300:369. Materials and Methods in Foreign Language Teaching (3)
The history, principles, scope, methodology, materials, and problems involved in teaching foreign languages. Students observe classes in schools and present model lessons in class.

## 50:300:371,372. Materials and Techniques in Elementary Education

 I,II $(3,3)$Provides an integrated study of the methods and materials used in teaching the following elementary school curriculum: reading, language arts, socialstudies, mathematics, science, arts, music, and health and physical education. Includes observations of public school classrooms and involvement in projects related to instruction.

## 50:300:373. Introduction to Media (2)

Focus on multimedia. Using computers to coordinate still cameras, video, CD-ROM, laserdisc, scanner clip art, drawing (no artistic skill needed), and tape recorder for production of hard copy, overheads, slides, and direct screen projection. Examine principles of page design as well as a variety of other instructional materials.

## 50:300:381. EdUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY (3)

Examines how individuals develop and learn, with particular emphasis uponthe classroom. Includes motivation, student interests, creating a healthy learning climate, language development, testing, and individual differences.
$50: 300: 383$. CLASSROom Management (2)
Prepares the teacher to deal with interpersonal dynamics within the classroom that affect the learning climate. Particular emphasis placed upon the areas of motivation, preventing classroom disruption, creating healthy learning climates, and individual and group learning.

[^8]50:300:399. Reading And Writing in the Academic Disciplines (3)
An analysis of the kinds of written discourse found in different academic disciplines, including the social sciences, humanities, natural sciences, and mathematics. Lexical, grammatical, and discourse-level features and patterns found in various academic disciplines. Applications of discourse analysis to the teaching of reading and writing in the content areas. Required for secondary school teachers.

## 50:300:401. History of Education (3)

A general history of education with emphasis on educational institutions of the Western world from primitive times to the present.

## 50:300:405. Materials and Methods in Teaching English (3)

Studies the four language skills (reading, writing, speaking, and listening), their interrelationships, and methods of teaching them. Perception of literature as text in many genres. Emphasis on whole language philosophy and writing as process.

50:300:406. Children and Language (3)
Analyzes the use of language at the nursery school and kindergarten levels. Focuses on the development of children's speech, reading, and writing patterns from ages six to twelve and on the language of the classroom and the interaction of teachers and pupils.

## 50:300:407. Materials and Methods in Social Studies (Secondary Certifcation) (3)

Considers the materials and methods of instruction adapted to social studies in secondary schools. Focuses on the preparation of social studies teachers, literature on materials and methods, aims and objectives, organization of curriculum assignments, unit teaching, methods of evaluating learning, use of media technologyin instruction, collateral readings, and standardized tests.

## 50:300:408. Instructional Strategies (3)

Examines curriculum development and evaluation. Includes study of teaching decisions as to goals and objectives, organization and presentation of subject matter, questioning techniques, and assessment.

## 50:300:411. Materials and Methods in Science (Secondary CertificaTION) (3)

Examines the aims and development of science education. Approximately half of the course devoted to analysis of methods used in the various sciences taught in schools: the demonstration laboratory, project methods, and use of media and field trips. Also considers such extra-class activities of the teacher as ordering and storing supplies and equipment, advising clubs,study for professional advancement, and selection of textbooks and materials. Additional topics added as the needs of the class indicate.

## 50:300:413. Materials and Methods in Mathematics

 (SECONDARY CERTIFCATION) (3)Covers the selection, organization, presentation, and application of mathematics. Provides the students with techniques to alleviate math anxiety and to present instruction that will accommodate various learning styles and developmental levels.

50:300:415. Introduction to Philosophy of Education (3)
Introduces the student to the views of distinguished philosophers through examination of philosophic issues which bear upon education. Treats conflicting theories of reality, knowledge, and value in terms of realism, idealism, and pragmatism.

## 50:300:416. SPECIAL TOPICS IN EDUCATION (BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Examines a specially selected topic primarily, but notexclusively, for advanced students. Provides the student with the opportunity to pursue a variety of fields that may not be covered in other courses.

50:300:434. Social and Cultural Foundations of Education (3)
Provides an introduction to social and cultural foundations of education. Explores knowledge and value of conflicting theories of reality through an examination of converging and diverging issues in a cultural context. Analyzes contemporary issues related to the school as a social system immersed in the broader societal context of American education.

## 50:300:443. Materials and Methods of Teaching Music (3)

Examines the methods, materials, and techniques of the public school's general, vocal, and instrumental music and related theory programs. Includes the development of sequential musical concepts necessary for an effective instrumental, vocal, and general music program.

## 50:300:444. COMPARATIVE EDUCATION (3)

Investigates different countries' education systems and the cultural values and social patterns that have created them. Countries examined include: Japan, China, Russia, France, Germany, the United Kingdom, Israel, and countries in the Arab world.

## 50:300:450. Practicum in Education (2)

Students spend three hours weekly in classroom observation and participation. On-campus meetings held prior to classroom observations and at intervals during the term.

## 50:300:452. Practicum in Urban Education (2)

Students spend three hours weekly in classroom observation and participation in an urban public school. On-campus meetings held prior to classroom observations and at intervals during the term.

## 50:300:487. Student Teaching (6)

Prerequisites:Approval of department;applicationmadeoneyearinadvance of term in which student teaching will occur. Corequisite:50:300:492.
Full-time student teaching in approved schools under the supervision of cooperating teaching and college supervisor.

## 50:300:492. Student Teaching Seminar (1)

Corequisite:50:300:487.
Biweekly seminar coordinated with student teaching experience to examine actual student teaching situations and provide for specific application of 1) instructional strategies presented in materials and methods courses, and 2) psychological principles studied in educational psychology and classroom management courses.

## 50:300:495. Independent Study in Education (BA)

Prerequisites:Permission ofdepartmentand agreement by a departmentmember tosupervise the work.

## ENGINEERING TRANSFER PROGRAM 005

See the listing earlier in this chapter.

## ENGLISH (English Literature and Writing 350, American Literature 352, Film Studies 354, Journalism 570, Linguistics 615)

Web Site: http:/ /english.camden.rutgers.edu/
Major requirements in English can be completed either through daytime or evening attendance.

[^9]Professors:
Betsy Bowden, B.A., Wisconsin; Ph.D., California (Berkeley)
Walter K. Gordon (emeritus), A.B., Clark; M.A., Ph.D., Pennsylvania
William D. Lutz, A.B., Dominican College; M.A., Marquette; Ph.D., Nevada (Reno); J.D., Rutgers
Diane McColley, A.B., California (Berkeley); Ph.D., Illinois
Robert M. Ryan, A.B., St. Joseph College; A.M., Ph.D., Columbia
James L. Sanderson (emeritus), A.B., A.M., Michigan; Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Lisa Zeidner, A.B., Carnegie Mellon; M.A., Johns Hopkins
AssociateProfessors:
John C. Berkey (emeritus), A.B., Hobart College; M.A., Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Marie Cornelia, B.A., Nazareth College; M.A., Ph.D., Fordham
Eddy Dow (emeritus), B.A., Western Michigan; M.A., Iowa; Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Christopher J. Fitter, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., Oxford
M.A. Rafey Habib, B.A., Essex; Ph.D., Oxford

Timothy P. Martin, A.B., Harvard; M.A., Stanford; A.M., Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Donald Mull, A.B., Kenyon College; M.A., Ph.D., Yale
Geoffrey Sill, B.A., Miami; M.A., Ph.D., Pennsylvania State
Carol J. Singley, B.A., M.A., Pennsylvania State; Ph.D., Brown
Assistant Professors:
Richard Epstein, B.S., Pennsylvania; M.A., University of Paris VII; Ph.D., California(SanDiego)
Tyler B. Hoffman, B.A., Dartmouth; M.A., Ph.D., Virginia
Caroline Levine, B.A., Princeton; Ph.D., London

## Prerequisite for All Students

50:350:101-102 English Composition I,II, or their equivalents, are prerequisites for all courses in English 350, American Literature 352, Film Studies 354, Journalism 570, and Linguistics 615.

## Major Requirements: CCAS and UC-C

The major in English consists of 42 credits in English with a grade of $C$ or better, exclusive of 50:350:101-102 and 238. All majors are required to take:

1. $50: 350: 225,226$ Major British Writers I,II
2. 50:350:239 World Masterpieces II
3. At least one course in Shakespeare (50:350:331 or 332)
4. At least one course in British literature before 1800
5. At least one course in British literature after 1800
6. At least one of the American literature survey courses (50:352:225 or 226)
7. At least two additional courses in American literature
8. At least one course in philology, which may be Introduction to Language (50:350:240), Old English Language and Literature (50:350:411), or any courses in linguistics (subject code 615)
9. Twelve additional credits in courses offered by the English department
English majors may substitute certain advanced foreign language courses for as many as 6 of the 12 English elective credits. A list of such foreign language courses offered at Rutgers-Camden is available in the English department office. English majors seeking certification to teach grades K-12 must meet the requirements for English education majors instead of the requirements for standard English majors.

Credit toward an English major or minor is given only for English department courses in which a student receives a grade of $C$ or better.

A student may satisfy one of the specific requirements listed above with a grade of D, but the 3 credits for that course may not be included in the 42 required for the major. An additional 3-credit English course must be taken to make up the deficit.

Students are advised to complete 50:350:225, 226, 238, and 239 before enrolling in more advanced English courses.

## Minor Requirements: CCAS and UC-C

Students should declare their intention to minor in English to the department in writing. The minor in English consists of at least 18 appropriate credits (exclusive of 50:350:101-102) taught in the English department. All courses must be at the 200 level or above and at least 6 credits of the minor must be in courses at the 300 to 400 level.

English majors may earn certification for a specific minor field within the English department by completing 18 credits in that field. As many as 6 credits may be counted toward both an English major and one specific English minorin which case only 12 additional credits need be earned for that minor-but a second specific minor requires at least 18 new credits.

American Literature Minor. Requires at least 18 credits in program 352.

Communication Minor. Requires at least 18 credits (exclusive of 50:350:101-102) in writing courses (350), film studies (354), or journalism (570).
English Literature Minor. Requires at least 18 credits in program 350 (exclusive of 50:350:101-102 and writing courses).
English Minor. Requires at least 18 credits (exclusive of 50:350:101-102) in programs 350, 352, 354, 570, or 615.
Journalism Minor. Requires 50:570:301 and at least 15 more credits in program 570.
Linguistics Minor. Requires 50:615:201 and at least 15 more credits in program 615.
Writing Minor. Requires at least 18 credits in writing courses (exclusive of 50:350:101-102).

See related minor programs in Film, Women's Studies, and the Walt Whitman Program in American Studies.

## Independent Study: CCAS and UC- C

A student must have a grade-point average in English of 3.3 or better to pursue independent study and may enroll in only one independent study course per term. The student should discuss the contemplated project with, and secure the approval of, the instructor under whom the student wishes to work. The instructor, as sponsor, then submits a proposal to the Curriculum Committee for approval. All proposals must be received by the committee before the end of the preregistration period. Normally the department does not permit independent study in areas in which courses are regularly offered.

## Departmental Honors Program: CCAS and UC- C

A student may qualify for departmental honors in English by fulfilling the following special requirements in addition to the regular requirements for the English major:

1. Obtain a 3.5 grade-point average in the courses required for the English major and a 3.2 cumulative grade-point average in the entire undergraduate program.
2. Complete an additional course in pre-1800 literature from among those offered by the department, for a total of 45 credits in English.
3. Complete two consecutive terms (6 credits), normally in the senior year, of either 50:350:495,496 Honors Program in English or 50:352:495,496 Honors Program in American Literature under the supervision of a faculty sponsor.
Normally the program consists of one term primarily devoted to preparatory reading and an examination, and a second term primarily devoted to producing a substantial research paper, both in consultation with a faculty sponsor. A student who desires honors in English should make arrangements with a faculty sponsor during the term preceding the beginning of the honors course and submit a one- or two-page proposal with a preliminary bibliography to the sponsor, who will present it to the Honors Committee. If the proposal is approved, the student may preregister for the appropriate honors course and make arrangements for consultations with the sponsor.

In recognition of satisfactory completion of the honors program, the registrar will note on the student's permanent academic record Honors in English.

## Teacher Certification in English: CCAS and UC-C

Students seeking teacher certification in English must complete the requirements for a major in the English department as well as satisfy other requirements for certification. For details regarding admission to the teacher education program and its requirements, students should consult their departmental adviser.

## Graduate Courses for Undergraduate Credit: CCAS and UC- C

To give undergraduates the opportunity to complete additional advanced work in their discipline, graduate courses in the English department, with the permission of the instructor concerned and the director of the English graduate program, are open to qualified undergraduates. Students interested in such an option should confer with their departmental adviser.

## Courses (English 350)

## 50:350:097. ENGLISH FOR Non-Native Speakers (R) (NC)

Prerequisite:Permission of instructor.Loadequivalenttoa3-creditcourse. A beginning-intermediate level course covering the sound system, grammatical structures, and vocabulary of English, with special attention to problems in writing.

## 50:350:098. EFFICIENT READING (R) (NC)

Loadequivalenttoa3-creditcourse.
Development of reading skills necessary for success in college work. Training in critical reading with an emphasis on reading for main ideas, structure, and logical development of arguments.

## 50:350:099. BASIC WRITING SKILLS (R) (NC)

Loadequivalenttoa3-creditcourse.
An intensive review of fundamentals of standard English grammar and mechanics, with application of these fundamentals in short expository themes.

## 50:350:101-102. EnGLISH COMPOSITION I,II (R) $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:Satisfactory score on the New Jersey College BasicSkillsPlacement Test,orsuccessfulcompletion of 50:350:099.
Instruction and practice in writing expository prose, including a documented research report.

## 50:350:108. COMPOSITION FOR NON-NatIVE SPEAKERS OF EnGLISH (R) (3)

Prerequisites:50:350:097and/orpermissionofinstructor.
Instruction and practice in writing English prose, including a documented research paper. Successful completion of this course qualifies the student for 50:350:102.

## 50:350:220. Introduction to Literary Study (3)

Survey of research sources and critical approaches to be used in reading and writing about literary texts, including materials available on the Internet.

## 50:350:225. MAJOR BRITISH WRITERS I (3)

Readings and discussion of the great English writers from Chaucer to the beginnings of the Romantic movement.

## 50:350:226. MAjOR BRITISH Writers II (3)

Readings and discussion of the great English writers from Wordsworth to the present.

## 50:350:228. Nobel-Winning Authors (3)

Selected readings from the works of authors who have been awarded the Nobel Prize for literature.

## 50:350:230. LIterature and Style (3)

Readings from writers and critics about how writers relate to their public, with an examination of the politics of literary reputation and fashion.

## 50:350:238. WORLD MASTERPIECES I (3)

Prerequisites:50:350:101-102.
Studies in great works of world literature from antiquity to the early modern era.

## 50:350:239. World Masterpieces II (3)

Prerequisites:50:350:101-102.
Studies in great works of world literature from the dawn of the modern era to the present.

## 50:350:240. Introduction to Language (3)

Nontheoretical overview of basic grammatical concepts and general interest questions relating to language.

## 50:350:245. Folklore (3)

The major genres of folklore, including proverb, folktale, and folk song, with some attention to the methods of collecting and analyzing these materials.

## 50:350:246. Literature of Childhood (3)

Astudy of the meaning and importance of literature read and enjoyed by children, focusing on folklore, fantasy, and adolescent fiction.

## 50:350:300. Persuasive Writing (3)

The fundamental techniques of argument, demonstration, and persuasion; analysis of sample readings and extensive writing practice.

## 50:350:301. The Art of Writing (3)

Practice in the art of constructing clear, concise prose, with emphasis on developing a personal style.

## 50:350:302. Scientific and Technical Writing (3)

Methods of gathering and organizing information, analyzing the purpose and audience of a communication, selecting the appropriate organizational pattern and format, and convincing the audience through persuasive techniques.

## 50:350:303. Writing for the Professions (3)

Practice in the purposes, skills, and styles of professional communications; emphasis on audience identification, effective use of language, research techniques, and organization of ideas.

## 50:350:304. The Teaching of Writing (3)

Teaching of writing in English courses and in other academic disciplines; new theories in rhetoric and/or creative writing.

## 50:350:305. Introduction to Creative Writing (3)

Introduction to the writer's craft that surveys available genres of poetry, fiction, and creative nonfiction.

## 50:350:306. Poetry Writing Workshop (3)

Study of the creative process involved in the writing of poetry, the techniques and discipline required, and trends in contemporary poetry.

## $50: 350: 307$. FIction Writing Workshop (3)

Study and practice of specific stylistic techniques used by professional writers in fiction and nonfiction. For students with a serious interest in writing.

## 50:350:308. Texts and Theories (3)

Survey of critical approaches to reading and writing about literary texts, including methods of research and documentation.

50:350:309. Reading and Writing in the Elementary Curriculum (3) Analysis of the forms of discourse used by various academic disciplines in elementary education, including the social sciences, humanities, natural sciences, and mathematics.

50:350:310. Reading and Writing in the Secondary Curriculum (3) Analysis of the forms of discourse used by various academic disciplines in secondary education, including the social sciences, humanities, natural sciences, and mathematics.

## 50:350:313. CLASSICAL BACKGROUNDS OF ENGLISH LIterature (3)

The influence on English and American literature of classical Greek and Roman epic, tragedy, comedy, and other literary forms.

## 50:350:314. Bibucal Backgrounds of English Literature (3)

The influence of the King James and other versions of the Bible on English and American literature.

## 50:350:316. Medieval Literature (3)

Survey of literature, from Beowulf through the fifteenth century: plays, songs, adventure narrative, religious allegory, and other genres.

50:350:317. English Renaissance Literature (3)
A study of major authors, including More,Sidney,Spenser, Marlowe, Shakespeare, and Donne.

## 50:350:318. Seventeenth-Century Literature (3)

A study of major writers in the age of metaphysical wit and emerging new philosophies: Donne, Jonson, Herbert, Marvell, Burton, Browne, and Bunyan

50:350:321. Eighteenth-Century Literature (3)
Major themes and writers in English from Dryden to
Wollstonecraft, emphasizing the emergence of women as writers and readers of literature.

50:350:322. Romantic Period (3)
Literature of the Age of Revolution: major works of Blake,
Wordsworth, Coleridge, Byron, Shelley, and Keats.
50:350:324. Victorian Literature (3)
A thematic and analytic approach to the major prose and poetry of the period, with emphasis on the works of Tennyson, Browning, Arnold, Carlyle, and Ruskin.

## 50:350:330. ChaUCER (3)

Critical analysis of The Canterbury Tales, Troilus and Criseyde, and selected shorter works.

## 50:350:331. ShaKESPEARE I (3)

A study of selected comedies, history plays, and tragedies of the Elizabethan period (to 1603).

## 50:350:332. ShaKESPEARE II (3)

A study of the plays of the Jacobean period (from 1603 on), with particular emphasis on the tragedies.

## 50:350:333. Mlton (3)

A study of the minor poems, selected prose, Paradise Lost, Paradise Regained, andSamson Agonistes.

## 50:350:334. The Bibleas Literature (3)

A study of the Bible, its literary variety, and historical and religious development.

## 50:350:335. Intellectual Backgrounds of TwentiethCentury Literature (3)

A study of the major works of twentieth-century literature in the context of the great intellectual achievements of the past twocenturies.

## 50:350:338. Literature and the Natural Environment I (3)

Traces perceptions of nature and the roots of current environmental attitudes from ancient literature to post-Enlightenment nature writing, with emphasis on British literature from 1400-1800.

## 50:350:339. Literature and the Natural Environment II (3)

Looks at British, American, and Native-American nature writing since 1800 and considers how perceptions and uses of the natural world affect both nonhuman nature and the human communities within it.

## 50:350:342. Modern BRITISH Poetry (3)

A study of the major poets of our century, with emphasis on Yeats, Eliot, Auden, and Dylan Thomas.

## 50:350:345. Comic Literature (3)

A study of the comic tradition in British and American literature, including such writers as Chaucer, Shakespeare, Fielding, Byron, Dickens, Mark Twain, Shaw, and Waugh, as well as some contemporary humorists.

## 50:350:346. World Drama (3)

A survey of drama throughout the world from Western and nonWestern classics to forerunners of modern realism.

50:350:348. Literature of Horror (3)
A study of the horror story from its Gothic origins to its present popularity in fiction and film.

## 50:350:349. English Drama to 1642 (3)

English drama (exclusive of Shakespeare) from its origins in medieval pageantry through its Elizabethan flowering to its decadence and the Puritan closing of the theaters.

## 50:350:351. EngLlsh Drama, 1660-1800 (3)

The English theater from the Restoration to the emergence of sentimental and "laughing" comedy.

50:350:353. Modern Drama (3)
The background of the contemporary theater explored in the works of major European and British dramatists from Ibsen and Chekhov to Brecht and Beckett.

## 50:350:356. RISE Of the Novel (3)

Selected novels of the eighteenth century with emphasis on Defoe, Richardson, Fielding, Burney, and Austen.

## 50:350:357. Nineteenth-Century British Novel (3)

Readings in the Victorian novel: Dickens, the Brontës, Trollope, Thackeray, Meredith, and George Eliot.

50:350:358. MOdern British Fiction (3)
Development of the modern novel through examination of the works of the major writers of the century, with emphasis on Joyce, Lawrence, Woolf, and Beckett.

## 50:350:364. The Short Story (3)

A study of the short story as a literary genre by examining the works of major world authors.

## 50:350:365. SCIENCE FIction (3)

A study of major works of science fiction by such authors as Bradbury, Clarke, Asimov, LeGuin, and Ellison.

## 50:350:367. Popular Culture (3)

A study of literature as it has been influenced by such elements of popular culture as best-sellers, magazines, newspapers, film, radio, and television.

## 50:350:370. BIography and Autobiography (3)

Exploration of the nature of these genres in works primarily British and American by such authors as Augustine, Boswell,Rousseau, Wordsworth, and Henry James.

50:350:371. Literature of Travel (3)
A study of why people leave home and how they challenge the borderlines between fact and fiction while converting life into literature.

## 50:350:372. Anglo-Irish LIterature (3)

A study of the major figures of the Irish literary renaissance, including Yeats, Synge, O'Casey, and Joyce.

## 50:350:374. Legends Past and Present (3)

Narratives of heroes, quests, supernatural occurrences, and other extraordinary activities of humans past and present, focusing on Germanic, Celtic, and Native-Americancultures.

## 50:350:375. Detective Fiction (3)

The development of this popular literary genre from its beginnings in Poe's short stories through the present, with varying emphasis on American, British, and European authors, among them Doyle, Chandler,Faulkner,Nabokov, and Borges.

50:350:376. Literature and Psychology (3)
Psychological interpretation of the literary text; the psychology of composition and of reader response.

## 50:350:377. Literature and Sexuality (3)

Sexual themes, fictions, and fantasies in English and American literature: the distinction between pornographic and nonpornographic erotic writing, the grotesque, the violent, and the romantic.

## 50:350:378. Reugion in Literature (3)

A study of religious themes in British and American literature from the seventeenth century to the present.

## 50:350:380. MYtHOLOGY (3)

Narratives of interaction between human and divine, as retold in literature and cultures including ancient Greek and Judeo-Christian.

## 50:350:381. Literature and War (3)

How the subject of war shapes literary responses and techniques. Writers include Homer, Shakespeare, Tolstoy, Crane, Owen, and Heller.

## 50:350:388. Women in Literature (3)

Analyzes the treatment of women in selected world fiction, drama, poetry, and essays.

## 50:350:389,390. INTERNATIONAL STUDIES (3,3)

A short-term study tour abroad focusing on a literary theme, with class lectures, required readings, and written assignments.

## 50:350:393,394. Special Topics in Literature (1-3,1-3)

Primarily,butnotexclusively,foradvancedstudents.Courseswithdifferent topics may be repeated for credit.
A course in a specially selected topic.

## 50:350:401,402. Advanced Writing $(3,3)$

Advanced instruction and practice in expository, scientific, technical, or business writing.

## 50:350:403,404. AdVanced Creative Writing $(3,3)$

Advanced work in creative writing.

## 50:350:407,408. IndEPENDENT Study in English (BA,BA)

An opportunity for advanced students to work individually with an instructor on a self-determined course of study. The project culminates in a substantial paper.

50:350:410. Methods and Issues in Secondary English Education (3) Using primary texts as the basis for identifying its methods, focus is on curriculum development, delivery of course content, classroom management, use of assignments, and the relationship between grades and standards.

## 50:350:411. Old English Language and Literature (3)

An introduction to the reading and analysis of Old English, including Beowulf.

## 50:350:415,416. Seminar in Literature $(3,3)$

An opportunity for juniors and seniors to pursue advanced study of literature in a small group format.

## 50:350:431. World Novelto 1900 (3)

Major novels selected from such world literatures as the Russian, French, Spanish, Japanese, and German, read in translation.

50:350:432. World Novel in the Twentieth Century (3)
Major novels from the literatures of Europe, Latin America, Africa, and the East, read in translation.

## 50:350:441. Literary Theory and Criticism (3)

A study of major approaches to literature ranging from Plato and Aristotle to the present

## 50:350:481,482. Readings in Major Authors $(3,3)$

An intensive study of the works of a single author, or of two or three related authors.

## 50:350:495,496. HoNORS PROGRAM IN ENGLISH $(3,3)$

## 50:350:497. INTERNSHIP IN ENGLISH (3)

Application of English skills in a volunteer or professional employment setting. Individually designed and evaluated experience under supervision of intern adviser. Commitment of at least 100 hours.

## Courses (American Literature 352)

## 50:352:225. American Literature Survey I (3)

Survey of the fiction, nonfiction, and poetry of America from colonial times to the Civil War.

## 50:352:226. American Literature Survey il (3)

Survey of the fiction, nonfiction, poetry, and drama of America from the Civil War to the present.

50:352:230. Survey of American Literature (3)
Survey of the fiction, nonfiction, poetry, and drama of America from colonial times to 1900.

## 50:352:250. AFRICAN-AMERICAN LITERATURE I (3)

African-American literature from its origins in spirituals and blues through the "Renaissance" writers to the writings of Wright and Ellison.

## 50:352:251. African-American Literature II (3)

African-American literature from World War II, including fiction by Baldwin, Petry,Jones, Williams, and Killens; poetry by Hughes, Tolson, and Brooks; and promising contemporary writers.

## 50:352:305. Nineteenth-Century American Poetry (3)

Selected readings in nineteenth-century poetry, poetics, and culture. Syllabus may include satirical, romantic, transcendental, abolitionist, Civil War, and regional poetry, as well as folk songs, spirituals, and versions of American Indian poetry.

## 50:352:308. AMERICAN RENAISSANCE I (3)

Early to mid-nineteenth century Romantic writers such as Emerson,Fuller,Thoreau, Hawthorne,Poe, Douglass, and Jacobs.

## 50:352:309. American Renaissance II (3)

Mid- to late-nineteenth century Romantic writers such as Stowe, Melville, Dickinson, Whittier, Harper, and Wilson.

## 50:352:311. American Realism and Naturallsm (3)

Readings in post-Civil War writers such as Twain, James, Howells, Crane, Wharton, Dreiser, Chopin, Chesnutt, and Dunbar.

50:352:313. Recent American Writing (3)
Readings in American poetry, fiction, and drama since 1950.

## 50:352:322. Modern American Poetry I (3)

Selected readings in modernist poetry and poetics, 1900-1950.
Such authors as Pound,H.D., Eliot, Frost, Stein, Williams, Stevens, Moore, Rukeyser, and Hughes.

50:352:323. Modern American Poetry II (3)
Selected readings in postmodern poetry and poetics, 1950-present. Such authors as Brooks, Ginsberg, Plath, Baraka, O'Hara, Ashbery, Soto,Rich, and Hejinian.

## 50:352:325. Multicultural American Literature (3)

Readings in multicultural literature of the United States-for example, Anglo-European, African-American, Asian-American, Chicano, Jewish-American, and Native American-with emphasis on relationships between culture and literary form, theme, and language.

## 50:352:329. American Drama (3)

The development of drama in the United States, with emphasis on twentieth-century themes and forms. Likely playwrights include O'Neill,Stein, Williams, Odets, Hansberry, Miller, Albee, Wilson, Kushner, and Wasserstein.

## 50:352:337. American Novelto 1900 (3)

The development of the novel in America through the nineteenth century. Works by such authors as Rowson, Brown, Cooper, Hawthorne,Stowe, Melville, Twain, Crane, and James.

50:352:338. Modern American Novel (3)
Readings chosen from the works of leading American novelists from Henry James to 1950.

## 50:352:339. Postmodern American Novel (3)

Study of the development of the American novel since 1950. Readings in works by such authors as Pynchon, Coover, Barth, Walker, DeLillo, Reed,Morrison, Kingston, and Cisneros.

50:352:350. African-American Writing in Its Social Context (3) Study of works by such writers as DuBois, Malcolm X, King, and Jones, who have significantly affected the thinking and writing of contemporary African-American writers.

## 50:352:353. POSTCOLONIAL LITERATURE (3)

Focuses on modern literary works written in English from one or two areas of the world formerly under imperial subjugation. Situates those works in a historical context centered on the transition from colonialism to postcolonialism. A few theories of colonialism, offered by writers such as Marx, Frantz Fanon, Edward Said, Gayatri Spivak, and Homi Bhabha, help in identifying the major themes of postcolonial writing. These themes include ethnocentrism, nationalism, the formation of subjectivity, gender, and the nature of cultural domination.

## 50:352:391,392. SPECIAL TOPICS IN AMERICAN LITERATURE $(3,3)$

Primarily, but not exclusively, for advanced students. Courses with different topics may be repeated for credit.
A course in a specially selected topic.

## 50:352:407,408. Independent Study in American Literature (BA,BA)

An opportunity for advanced students to work individually with an instructor on a self-determined course of study. The project culminates in a substantial paper.

## 50:352:436,437. Major Writers of America $(3,3)$

An intensive study of the works of a single author, or of two or three related authors.

## 50:352:451. Major African-American Writers (3)

An intensive study of the principal works of two or three major African-American writers.

## 50:352:491,492. Seminar in American Literature $(3,3)$

An opportunity for juniors and seniors to pursue advanced study of literature in a small-group format.

## 50:352:495,496. Honors Program in American <br> LIterature $(3,3)$

## Courses (Film Studies 354)

## 50:354:300. History of the Film (3)

The development of major film movements, with particular attention to the technical and stylistic contributions of major directors.

## 50:354:310. Literature and Film (3)

Adaptations from other narrative and dramatic forms; relations between literary and film conventions; special problems in adapting literary works to film.

## $\mathbf{5 0 : 3 5 4 : 3 1 5}$. AmERICAN FILM (3)

The American film from the silent period to the present; concentrated study of several major directors, such as Ford,Hawks, and Welles.

## 50:354:320. World Cinema (3)

Major developments and achievements in French, Italian, British, Russian, and other national cinemas; cross influences between foreign and American cinema.

## 50:354:350. Major Filmmakers (3)

The viewing, analysis, and discussion of selected films by such directors as Griffith, Eisenstein, Ford,Huston, Welles, Bergman, Fellini, Buñuel, and Kurosawa.

## 50:354:391,392,393,394. SpECIAL TOPICS IN FILM (3,3,3,3)

Primarily, butnotexclusively,for advancedstudents. Courseswithdifferent topics may be repeated for credit.
A course in a specially selected topic.

## 50:354:396,397,398,399. Studies in Film Genres (3,3,3,3)

Intensive study of a particular genre of film, including the musical, the western, the crime drama, the comedy, or science fiction film.

## 50:354:395. SCREENWRITING (3)

Instruction and practice in preparing screenplays for production.

## Courses (Journalism 570)

## 50:570:300. Introduction to Journalism (3)

Modernjournalism techniques in newspapers, magazines, radio, and TV. The nature and sources of news, accuracy and fairness in reporting, and the legal limits of press freedom.

## 50:570:301,302. News Reporting and Writing $(3,3)$

The basic "straight" news story, with excursions into the secondday story and the follow-up; emphasis on writing professionally.

## 50:570:319. COPY EDITING I (3)

Prerequisite: At least one term of 50:570:301,302.
Basic copy editing and headline writing.

## 50:570:320. COPY Editing II (3)

Prerequisite:50:570:319.
Emphasis on newspaper layout and story selection, plus selecting and cropping photographs.

## 50:570:335. Free-Lance Article Writing (3)

Magazine writing from the initial idea to the completed manuscript, including possible publication.

## 50:570:336. Review Writing (3)

Analysis of styles and trends in contemporary reviewing, with instruction and practice in writing criticism of books, theater, cinema, and various other arts.

## 50:570:337. The Personal Essay (3)

Writing workshop focusing on the use of personal, autobiographical material.

## 50:570:395,396. SpECIAL STUDIES IN JOURNALISM $(3,3)$

Primarily,butnotexclusively,foradvanced students.Courses withdifferent topics may be repeated for credit.
A course in a specially selected topic.

## 50:570:491,492. Independent Study in Journalism (BA,BA)

Prerequisites:50:570:301,302, and 335 with a minimum cumulativegrade-point averageof3.0.
An opportunity for advanced students to pursue their interests in journalism in a self-determined course of study under the direction of a faculty member.

## Courses (Linguistics 615)

## 50:615:201. Introduction to LINGUISTICS (3)

Introduction to linguistics and its areas of inquiry, such as sociolinguistics, syntax, semantics, phonetics, phonology, and morphology. Techniques of linguistic analysis and their applications to various languages.

## 50:615:202. APPLIED LINGUISTICS (3)

Prerequisite:50:615:201 or permission of instructor.
A survey of the applications of linguistics in various areas: the media, advertising, language acquisition, and English as a second language. Other topics include analysis of spoken discourse, language planning, and standardization.

## $50: 615: 225$. LANGUAGE, CLASS, AND CULTURE (3)

Anontechnicalstudy of social and geographical language differences, how men's and women's speech differ, standard versus nonstandard dialects, formal and informal speech styles, bilingualism, pidgin and creole languages.

50:615:331. LINGUISTICS AND LITERATURE (3)
Application of concepts of linguistic analysis to the interpretation of literary texts. Topics include metaphor, speech acts, politeness, inference, point of view, and speech/thought presentation.

## 50:615:336. Modern American Grammar (3)

A linguistic approach to English grammar. Theory and practical implications of English phonology, morphology, and syntax.

## 50:615:341. Dialectology (3)

The principles and methods of dialect study with emphasis on the nature and distribution of regional and social dialects in the United States.

## 50:615:380. History OF The English Language (3)

A linguistic study of the English language at various periods of its history, the processes of change from one period to another, and the relationship of English to other languages.

## 50:615:386,387. SPECIAL STUDIES IN LINGUISTICS (3,3)

## A course in a specially selected topic.

## 50:615:430. Syntax (3)

Prerequisite:50:615:201 or permission of instructor.
An investigation of the syntactic structure of human languages, with particular emphasis on English within the transformational generative framework.

## 50:615:495,496. IndEPENDENT STUDY in Linguistics (BA,BA)

Prerequisite:50:615:201 or permission of instructor.
An opportunity for advanced students to work individually with an instructor on a self-determined course of study. The project culminates in a substantial paper.

## FILM

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/~film/ film.html

## Director: Allen Woll, Department of History

The interdisciplinary minor in film, which introduces students to both the critical study of film as well as the study of filmmaking, emphasizes major aspects of film studies including film history, film genre, international film, and artistic issues; and offers practicums in filmmaking, screenwriting, and film criticism.

Students minoring in film are required to complete a minimum of 18 credits. No more than 6 credits may be selected from any one of the following areas of specialization.

## Areas of Specialization:

History
50:510:396 Imagining European History on Film (3)
50:510:397 Imagining Russian and Soviet History on Film (3)
50:512:388 History of Television (3)
50:512:389 American Film History: 1890-1940 (3)
50:512:390 American Film History: 1940-Present (3)
GenreStudies
50:354:391,392,393,394 Special Topics in Film (3,3,3,3)
50:354:396,397,398,399 Special Topics in Film Genres (3,3,3,3)
International Film
50:354:320 World Cinema (3)
50:420:305,306 The French Cinema $(3,3)$
50:470:271 German Cinema in English Translation I (3)
50:470:272 German Cinema in English Translation II (3)
50:470:386 Special Topics in German Cinema (3)
Artof theFilm
50:082:361 Art of Film (3)
50:082:362 Special Topics in Cinematography (3)
50:354:310 Literature and Film (3)
50:354:350 Major Filmmakers (3)
Practicum
50:080:340 Introduction to Filmmaking (3)
50:080:447 Experiments in Filmmaking (3)
50:080:486 Computer Animation (3)
50:354:395 Screenwriting (3)
50:570:336 Review Writing (3)
CinemaandSociety
50:070:319 Visual Anthropology (3)
Special topics courses are announced each term and may be taken for film minor credit with approval of the programdirector.

## FINANCE 390

See the Courses chapter in the School of BusinessCamden section.

FINE ARTS (Art 080, 082; Dance 203; Music 700, 701; Speech 950; Theater Arts 965)

Web Site: http://finearts.camden.rutgers.edu/
Chairperson: John J. Giannotti
Professors:
Julianne Baird, B.A., M.A., Eastman School of Music, Rochester; Graduate Diploma Mozarteum,Salzburg, Austria;Ph.D.,Stanford
John J. Giannotti, B.F.A., SUNY (Buffalo); M.F.A., Rutgers (Mason Gross School of the Arts)
William M. Hoffman (emeritus), B.F.A., Pennsylvania; M.F.A., Temple (Tyler)
WilbertDavisJerome, Diploma,RoyalConservatory of Music, Toronto;Diploma, Curtis Institute of Music; M.Phil., Ph.D., Bryn Mawr College
Olga Moore, B.A., Roosevelt; M.A., Wisconsin; M.F.A., Art Institute of Chicago
Joseph A. Walker, B.A., Howard; M.F.A., Catholic
AssociateProfessor:
Roberta K. Tarbell, B.S., Cornell; M.A., Ph.D., Delaware
Assistant Professors:
Martin Dillon, B.M., Cincinnati; M.M., Oklahoma
LiQin Tan, B.A., Hunan; M.A., Concordia
Lecturer:
Rudolph Rackowski, B.A., Trenton State; M.A. in Design, Syracuse
Instructor:
Joseph Schiavo, B.A., M.A., Rutgers
The Department of Fine Arts includes major programs in art, music, and theater arts. Although combined as one department, each of the programs offers its own major with specific areas of concentration. Major requirements for each of the programs can be completed only through daytime attendance. Additional information about the programs can be obtained from the department office, second floor, Fine Arts Building.

## Art 080, Art History 082

## Art and Art History Programs

Course offerings in art are designed to give students a thorough understanding of the visual arts. They explore both the processes of creativity and the broad scope of historical tradition. The four-year program leading to a B.A. in art offers students a variety of concentrations that include art history, electronic and media arts, museum studies, painting, sculpture, illustration, and teacher certification. Students also may design their own interdisciplinary majors to prepare for careers in art therapy, medical illustration, advertising, and other fields. Students concentrating in studio art are exposed to a variety of media, with particular emphasis on drawing, composition, and color theory. After rigorous training, degree candidates are expected to participate in a senior thesis exhibition prior to graduation.

## Major Requirements

Art majors must satisfactorily complete a concentration in either art history, electronic arts, or studio art. Credit toward one of these concentrations is given for all art courses in which the student receives a grade of $C$ or better. Studio art and electronic arts students may not use art
history credits to satisfy category 8 of the general curricular requirements. Art history students may not use studio art credits or electronic arts credits for the same purpose.

## Art History Concentration

The art history concentration offers diverse courses designed to prepare majors for graduate work in art history and careers in museums, galleries, and arts administration.

CoreCurriculumfor ArtHistory Concentration:
50:080:101 Introduction to Studio Art (3) or 50:080:102 Two-Dimensional Design Fundamentals (3)
50:082:101,102 Introduction to Art History (R) $(3,3)$
In addition, students concentrating in art history must complete a minimum of 33 credits as follows:

3 credits from the offerings in Near Eastern, Egyptian, Greek, Roman, and medieval art
9 credits in Renaissance and baroque art
9 credits in modern (nineteenth and twentieth centuries) and American art
3 credits in non-Western art
9 elective credits selected from all courses offered in art history at the 200 level or above
3 credits: Individual Study in Art History (50:082:491 or 492)

Students intending to pursue graduate study in art history should take the equivalent of two years of collegelevel courses in a foreign language, usually French or German.

Because works of art express the ideas of the culture that produces them, the study of art history involves a knowledge of religion, literature, history, and philosophy. Students should select courses in literature and history that treat the time period of their special interest. The following courses in philosophy and religion are highly recommended:

```
50:730:361 Philosophy of Art (3)
50:840:103 Introduction to Religion (R) (3)
50:840:110 Introduction to the Bible and Its
    Interpreters (3)
50:840:212 Jews, Christians, and Muslims (3)
50:840:325 Myth and Symbol (3)
```


## Electronic Arts Concentrations

Art majors concentrating in electronic arts must complete the following core curriculum plus one of the emphasis areas. A minimum of 15 studio art/electronic arts credits must be taken at Rutgers.

## CoreCurriculum for Electronic Arts Concentration:

50:080:102 Two-Dimensional Design Fundamentals (3)
50:080:103 Three-Dimensional Design Fundamentals (3)
50:080:213 Introduction to Computer Graphics (2)
50:080:221 Drawing (3)
50:080:229 Drawing Workshop (2)
50:080:351 Painting (3)
50:080:395 Artist in Society (BA 1-3)
50:082:101,102 Introduction to Art History (R) $(3,3)$
Additional credits in art history (3)
Animation Emphasis:
2 credits in Introduction to Computer Animation
3 credits in film making or web design
2 credits in graphic workshop production techniques
3 credits in graphic design
6 credits in computer animation

3 credits in advanced computer studio or advanced animation
Thesis exhibition
Computer graphics internship strongly suggested
DesignEmphasis:
3 credits in photography
2 credits in graphic workshop production techniques
3 credits in graphic design
6 credits in communication design
6 credits in computer graphics, animation, film making, or web design ( 300 or 400 level)
Thesis exhibition
Graphic design or computer graphics internship strongly recommended
Because of the introduction of new technologies in art and the ever-changing demands placed on today's artists and designers, students are strongly urged to develop a minor program in a second department. Introductory business courses are strongly recommended for those students choosing the electronic arts concentration. Art majors also may take courses in museum studies.

## Studio Art Concentrations

Art majors concentrating in studio art must complete the following core curriculum plus one of the emphasis areas. Note: A minimum of 15 studio art/electronic arts credits must be taken at Rutgers.
CoreCurriculum forStudio ArtConcentration:
50:080:102 Two-Dimensional Design Fundamentals (3)
50:080:103 Three-Dimensional Design Fundamentals (3)
50:080:213 Introduction to Computer Graphics (2)
50:080:221 Drawing (3)
50:080:229 Drawing Workshop (2)
50:080:351 Painting (3)
50:080:395 Artist in Society (BA 1-3)
50:082:101,102 Introduction to Art History (R) (3,3)
Additional credits in art history (3)
IllustrationEmphasis:
3 credits in photography
3 credits in anatomical or figure drawing (in addition to core curriculum)
3 additional credits in painting
3 credits in graphic design
3 credits in computer illustration or advanced computer studio
3 credits in special studio projects (illustration)
Thesis exhibition
PaintingEmphasis:
3 additional credits in painting
3 credits in sculpture
3 credits in photography
3 credits in advanced painting
6 credits in any 300- or 400-level studio course
Thesis exhibition
Sculpture Emphasis:
6 credits in sculpture
3 credits in photography or ceramics
3 credits in advanced sculpture
6 credits in any 300- or 400-level studio course
Thesis exhibition

## Minor Requirements

Students who wish to minor in art should consult with the chairperson of the department. A minor in art consists of a minimum of 18 credits of course work in the department, of which at least 6 credits must be above the 100 level and at least 6 credits at the 300 to 400 level. Minor programs in art history, museum studies, and studio art are available.

## Art History Minor

The art history minor requires a total of 18 credits as follows:

50:082:101,102 Introduction to Art History (R) $(3,3)$
Additional upper-level art history courses, 6 credits of which must be at the 300 level or higher

## Museum Studies Minor

Program Director: Roberta K. Tarbell
The museum studies minor is for students majoring in art, art history, anthropology, history, English, education, or other disciplines who are considering careers in the museum field or in education. The following courses totaling 18 credits are required:

50:082:101 or 102 or 103 Introduction to Art History I or II or Art Appreciation (3)
50:082:205 Museum Operations, Exhibition Techniques, and Education Practicum (3)
50:082:401 Reading Course: Survey of the Literature Pertinent to Museum Work (3)
50:082:408 Individual Study in Museology (3 for one term or 6 for 2 terms)
50:082:409 Museum Internship (3 for one term or 6 for 2 terms)
Students complete either 408 or 409 for two terms and the other for one term.

The Stedman Art Gallery on campus is a resource for students interested in gaining experience in art education and curatorial work.

## Studio Art Minor

The studio art minor requires 18 credits as follows:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 50:080:101 } & \begin{array}{l}
\text { Introduction to Studio Art (3) or } \\
\\
\\
\\
\text { 50:080:102 Two-Dimensional } \\
\text { Design Fundamentals (3) }
\end{array} \\
50: 080: 103 & \begin{array}{ll}
\text { Three-Dimensional Design }
\end{array} \\
& \text { Fundamentals (3) } \\
\text { 50:080:221 } & \text { Drawing (3) or two drawing workshops } \\
50: 082: 101 \text { or 102 Introduction to Art History (R) (3) } \\
6 \text { credits in art courses at the } 300 \text { level or higher }
\end{array}
$$

## Student-Proposed Majors

Students have the option of planning their own program that combines courses from two different major programs. Approval of such a program by the departments concerned and the Courses of Study Committee is mandatory. This option has been used by students to prepare for a variety of careers, such as art therapy, medical illustration, theater design, and arts administration, and in preparation for continued education, including law school. The following are some possible student-designed major programs and their corresponding goal orientations:

Biology/Art: medical illustrator
Business/Art: art consultant, corporate art director, free-lance graphic designer, arts grant specialist, advertising, marketing

Computer Science/Art: video artist, computer graphics designer, chart display artist
English/Art: book illustrator, advertising, marketing, photojournalist
Psychology/Art: art therapist
Theater Arts/Art: set and costume design (credits of which must be at the 300 level or higher)

## Departmental Honors Program

Students who desire honors in art should make arrangements with a faculty sponsor during their junior year and should submit a two-page proposal to the department faculty. Upon approval, students may enroll in honors courses during their senior year. In recognition of satisfactory completion of the departmental honors program, the registrar will note on the student's permanent record "Honors in Art" or "Honors in Art History."

To quality for honors in studio art, electronic arts, or art history, students must fulfill all departmental requirements plus the following:

1. Maintain a 3.5 grade-point average in the courses required for the art major and a 3.2 cumulative gradepoint average in the entire undergraduate program.
2. Complete a 6 -credit honors program (usually in the senior year) during which they must complete a senior project. Studio art and electronic arts students must enroll in two sequential 3-credit courses, Honors in Art, and complete a senior project approved by a faculty adviser. Art history students must enroll in two sequential 3-credit courses, Honors in Art History. The senior project consists of either an extensive writing assignment on an approved topic or a museum studies project.

## Teacher Certification in Art

Students seeking teacher certification in art must complete the following:

## Art Education Emphasis

50:080:102 Two-Dimensional Design Fundamentals (3)
50:080:103 Three-Dimensional Design Fundamentals (3)
50:080:213 Introduction to Computer Graphics (2)
50:080:221 Drawing (3)
50:080:351 Painting (3)
50:080:395 Artist in Society (BA 1-3)
50:082:101,102 Introduction to Art History (R) $(3,3)$
50:300:354 Materials and Methods in Art (3)
Additional art history course in non-Western art (3) Photography (3)
Graphic Workshop Production Techniques (2)
Graphic Design (3)
Sculpture or Ceramics (3)
300- to 400-level studio course (3)
In addition, students must contact the Department of Education to satisfy state requirements for certification. Students may apply to the chairperson of the Department of Fine Arts to modify the above program in order to meet specific teaching goals.

## International Studies

The Department of Fine Arts coordinates study abroad programs for many departments on the Camden campus. See International Studies 551 in this catalog.

## Courses (Art 080)

Note: Not all courses will be offered every term. Please consult the Schedule of Classes for current offerings. This is especially important for the workshop studio courses because they are offered with a variety of emphases.

50:080:101. Introduction to Studio Art (R) (3)
Introduction to concepts and processes of making art. Studio projects complemented by lectures and discussions on ways of looking at art, both past and present. Emphasis on the development of each student's creative capacities and awareness.

## 50:080:102. Two-Dimensional Design Fundamentals (R) (3)

Prerequisitetoallupper-levelstudioclasses.
Consideration of formal elements, color theory, and principles of organization employed in two-dimensional work. Emphasis on communicating ideas through a variety of media. May be used to satisfy Materials and Methods in Art course for art education majors.

## $\mathbf{5 0 : 0 8 0}: 103$. Three-Dimensional Design Fundamentals (R) (3)

Serves both as an introduction to sculpture and as an exploration of the three-dimensional possibilities in such other studio disciplines as graphic design, painting, and printmaking. Utilizes various techniques and media.

## 50:080:213. Introduction to Computer Graphics (2)

Prerequisite toall upper-levelstudioclasses. Computer account required for registration. Lab. 3 hrs .
Introduction to the use of the computer as a tool for art and design used in the graphic arts and communication industries. Fundamentals of the Macintosh environment and system commands. Illustration, 2-D paint, and object-oriented programs. Hands-on experience with the Macintosh computer, laser scanners, and printers. Methods for developing graphic presentations and intangibles that provide originality and variety in a creative field.

## 50:080:221. Drawing (R) (3)

Prerequisitetoallupper-levelstudioclasses.
Prerequisite:50:080:102 or permission of instructor.
Drawing as independent art form and personal statement. Stresses both disciplined draftsmanship and imaginative composition and explores a variety of media.

## $50: 080: 223$. Figure Drawing (3)

Prerequisite:Priorstudioartexperience or permission of instructor. Concentrates on the structure of the human form. Emphasizes composition and drawing techniques.

## 50:080:229. Drawing Workshop (R) (2)

Prerequisite:Priorstudioartexperience or permission of instructor. Covers many facets of drawing (both concepts and techniques) but with concentration on one area of study each time the course is offered. Check the Schedule of Classes to determine area of study.

## 50:080:233. GRaphic Design Workshop (R) (BA)

Prerequisite:Priorstudioart experience or permission of instructor. Open to nonartmajors unless otherwise specified.
A studio workshop in various aspects of the graphic design field such as typography, packaging, and illustration. Covers one area that changes from term to term.

## 50:080:253. PAINTING WORKSHOP (R) (BA)

Prerequisite:Priorstudioartexperienceor permission of instructor. Explores a variety of problems and techniques, but with emphasis on one area each time the course is offered. Check the Schedule of Classes to determine area of study.

## 50:080:261. РНотOGRAPHY (R) (3)

Prerequisite:50:080:101 or 102 or permission of instructor.Students areexpected to provide theirown cameras and somebasicmaterials.
Uses camera and photographic processes as vehicles for artistic expression and perceptual discovery. Explores traditional and experimental use of photographic processes.
Lab. fee.

## 50:080:263. Рноtography Workshop (R) (BA)

Prerequisites:50:080:101 or 102 or 221 and some knowledge of cameras. Use of the medium of photography to explore a variety of creative problems. A different area is covered each time the course is offered. Check the Schedule of Classes to determine area of study. Lab. fee.

## 50:080:279. Introduction to COMPUTER Animation (2)

Pre-orcorequisite:50:080:213.
Prepares students for advanced 3-D animation by providing exercises in a variety of software programs.

## 50:080:283. SCULPTURE WORKSHOP (R) (BA)

Prerequisite:Priorstudioexperienceorpermission of instructor. Provides fundamental concepts and techniques in a variety of sculptural media, but emphasis is on one particular medium each time the course is offered. Discusses historical and aesthetic aspects of the medium and techniques. Check the Schedule of Classesto determine area of study.

## 50:080:330. Graphic WORKSHOP-PrODUCTION TECHNIQUES (2)

Technical skill building in computer applications for desktop publishing and print media.

## 50:080:331. Graphic DESIGN (R) (3)

Prerequisites:50:080:102 and 221 or juniorstanding or permission of instructor. An introduction to various aspects of graphic communications covering design concepts, typography, and composition. Deals with a variety of graphic design topics and explores various methods and techniques of conventional and experimental twodimensional and three-dimensional graphics. Emphasizes logical clarity, research, and design aesthetics.

## 50:080:340. Introduction to Film Making (3)

Prerequisite:50:080:213 or permission of instructor.
Exploration and survey of a variety of methods of film making using traditional videotaping equipment and Macintosh computer nonlinear editing and assembly to produce a range of films, from creative short subjects to films dedicated to specific promotional purposes.

## 50:080:347. ENVIRONMENTAL DESIGN (3)

Prerequisite:50:080:102orpermission of instructor.
An exploration of two- and three-dimensional design, relating to the environment. Projects include murals, wall graphics, and redesigning exterior sites.

## 50:080:351. PAINTING (R) (3)

Prerequisites:50:080:102 and 221 or permission of instructor.
Painting concepts and a variety of media. Work from the figure,
"environments," and invented forms. Emphasis on transforming intellectual and visual ideas into significant plastic forms.

## 50:080:381. SCULPTURE (R) (3)

Prerequisites:50:080:103 and 221 or permission of instructor. Experimental studies in traditional and new materials to explore spatial relationships. Emphasis on integrating aesthetic considerations with technical application and study of the human figure.

## 50:080:391. Individual Study in Studio (R) (BA)

Prerequisites:Onecourseinadvanced studiowork and permission of instructor. Senior art major expected to further investigate the chosen area of emphasis; projects and research initiated by the student and approved by the faculty. Guidance and criticism offered by department staff, with occasional critiques by outside artists.

## 50:080:395. ARTISt in Societr (BA 1-3)

Prerequisite:Junioror seniorartmajorstanding or permission of instructor. Explores the artist's role historically and in today's world. Comparisons concerning the artist's function in society made through readings, discussion, and public lecture.

## 50:080:437. Communications Design (R) (3)

Prerequisite:50:080:331.
Explores visual solutions that convey information regarding products, services, and ideas. Investigates larger contexts for such visuals as packaging, corporate identity, publication, and signs. Emphasis on completion of a professional portfolio of highly finished comps.

## 50:080:445. Design for the World Wide Web (3)

Prerequisites:50:080:213,331, or permission of instructor. Graphic design and production techniques for web publishing. Applications such as PageMill, DreamWeaver, and others used to create dynamic interactive web pages and sites. Building upon basic design skills, the student creates a variety of assignments. Emphasis on clarity of visual communication in this new medium.

## 50:080:446. Advanced COMputer Studio (R) (3)

Prerequisites:50:080:213,331, or equivalent.
Project-oriented course. Develop computer-generated graphics and animation for specific purposes, including visual realizations of faculty research, promotional design and video for the campus, and other related projects.

## 50:080:447. EXPERIMENTS In Film MaKing (3)

Prerequisite:50:080:340.
Advanced study and exploration of a variety of methods of film making using traditional videotape and digital video equipment, with Macintosh computer nonlinear editing software. The student produces a range of films, from creative short subjects to films dedicated to specific promotional purposes. Additionally, the laboratory portion of the class makes use of the animation studio and its Unix-based computer editing equipment.

## 50:080:451. AdVANCED PAINTING (R) (3)

Prerequisites:50:080:102,221, and 351, or permission of instructor. Painting with emphasis on developing an individual point of view and personal means of expression. Experimentation encouraged but attention also given to further knowledge of materials, techniques, and theories of painting. Explores both traditional and contemporary stylistic approaches.

## 50:080:481. ADVANCED SCULPTURE (R) (3)

Prerequisites:50:080:101 or 102, one course in sculpture, and one course indrawing;orpermissionofinstructor.
Concentrated study of particular modes of expression and techniques designed to allow the advanced student to prepare for graduate work or other field specialization.

## 50:080:484. Special Studio Projects (BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor. Working closely with a studio faculty adviser, the student develops and executes a specified series of art works.

## 50:080:485. COMPUTER GRAPHICS (R) (3)

Prerequisites:50:080:102 and 221 or permission of instructor. Introduction to advanced computer graphics technology including computer illustration, painting, and graphic design with some video interaction.

## 50:080:486. COMputer Animation (R) (3)

Prerequisite: 6 credits in 50:080:485.
Using a variety of 3-D animation software, including Soft
Image, students learn modeling, lighting, movement, and texture techniques.

## 50:080:487. AdVANCED COMPUTER ANIMATION (R) (3)

Prerequisite: 6 credits in 50:080:486.
Provides advanced exercises in character animation and integrated film making skills.

## 50:080:491,492. STUDIO InTERNSHIP (BA,BA)

Prerequisites:Seniorstanding,high-quality work in portfolio. Creditdependent on hours worked. Coordinated by the art department.
An internship with an agency, design studio, or computer graphics company. The student qualifies by presenting a portfolio and performs those duties required by the studio; learns new concepts and techniques through in-house preparation and execution of artwork (forty hours of internship per credit.)

## 50:080:497-498. HonORS In Art $(3,3)$

Candidates for honors in art must, at the end of theirjunior year, have a cumulative grade-pointaverage of 3.0 or better and an average of 3.5 or better in the major.
Independent and advanced studio project under the supervision of a professor of art.

## Courses (Art History 082)

50:082:101,102. InTRODUCTION TO ART HISTORY (R) $(3,3)$ Supplemented by museum trips.
A chronological survey of the visual arts as an expression of the mind and culture of Western civilization. Firstterm: ancient to 1400 A.D., the beginning of the Renaissance. Second term: early Renaissance to the present.

## 50:082:103. ART APPRECIATION (R) (3)

For nonarthistory majors who wish to satisfy the general curricular requirement infine arts.
Presents an overview of the great landmarks of art from classical Greece to the twentieth century. Supplemented by museum trips.

## 50:082:105. Art of the World (3)

A multicultural course that examines the art and architecture of a variety of cultures throughout the world in a social, historic, and perceptual concept.

## 50:082:109. Art and Archaeology of the Mediterranean World (2)

Introduction to the history, concepts, and methods of archaeology, with particular emphasis on the archaeology of the Mediterranean.

## 50:082:205. Museum Operations, Exhibition Techniques, and Education Practicum (3)

Prerequisite: 50:082:101 or 102 or 103 or permission of the instructor. Course requires nine hours working in the gallery each week. This course cannot be taken to fulfill arthistory requirements, butcanbe taken as a general artelective.
Basic course in museum operations through practical experience in exhibition planning and installation; object maintenance, interpretation, and registration; visitor orientation and publicinformation; development and presentation of education materials for $\mathrm{K}-12$ as well as college classes; grant writing; and marketing techniques. Conducted through participation with staff members in the actual operation of the Stedman Gallery.

## 50:082:237. Art of the Nineteenth Century (3)

Significant nineteenth-century European movements including neoclassicism, romanticism, realism, impressionism, postimpressionism, symbolism, and the Pre-Raphaelites.

## 50:082:251. Modern Architecture (3)

Development of international modern architecture with an emphasis on American and European architecture and planning and on major architects; technological advances; and sociological, political, and cultural causes in the changes of style and form of modern buildings. Time periods from 1750 to the present may vary in different terms.

## 50:082:285. ART OF AFRICA (3)

Prerequisites:50:082:101,102 or permission of instructor. Explores the classical traditions of sculpture and related arts of the peoples of Africa. Analyzes and interprets art in relation to its ceremonial and cultural significance and the impact of African forms on Western art.

## 50:082:302. Introduction to Contemporary Art (3)

(Formerly 50:082:212)
Review of visual art in the first half of the twentieth century. Art in America and Europe since 1945.

## 50:082:305. Women and Art (3)

A thematic and chronological survey of women as artists and as images in works of art. Historical periods vary each term.

## 50:082:310. Art of Egypt (3)

Prerequisite:50:082:101 or permission of instructor.
The art of ancient Egypt from the Old Kingdom through the Ptolemaic periods. Examination of the art of contemporary cultures inMesopotamia.

## 50:082:311. Roman Art (3)

Prerequisite:50:082:101 orpermission of instructor. Art of the Roman Republic and Empire from the Etruscan background through the reign of Constantine; emphasis on the city of Rome.

## 50:082:320. Art of the Middle Ages (3)

Prerequisite:50:082:101 or permission of instructor.
Art of the Middle Ages in Europe from fourth to fourteenth centuries. Includes examination of the art of the Byzantine, Carolingian, Ottonian, Romanesque, and Gothic periods.

## 50:082:329. Pre-Columbian and Meso-American Art (3)

Prerequisites:50:082:101,102 or 103 or permission of instructor. Art and archaeology of pre-Columbian North and South America; major contributions of the Mexican, Mayan, Andean, and American Indian.

## 50:082:331. ITALAN RENAISSANCE ART (3)

Prerequisites: 50:082:101,102 or permission of instructor.
The evaluation of Italian painting from Giotto in the beginning of the fourteenth century through the High Renaissance, including the Venetian school in the sixteenth century.

## 50:082:332. AFRICAN-AMERICAN ART (3)

Prerequisite:50:082:101,102 or 103 or permission of instructor.
The history of the art of Africans in the Americas.

## 50:082:340. Seventeenth-and Eighteenth-Century EUROPEAN ART (3) <br> Prerequisites:50:082:101,102 or permission of instructor.

 An analysis of European art of the baroque and rococo years through the exploration of the works of principal artists of the periods covered.
## 50:082:342. Greek Art (3)

Prerequisite:50:082:101 orpermission of instructor.
The art of ancient Greece from the Bronze Age through the Hellenistic period. Focus on the art of the sixth and fifth centuries B.C.-the golden age of Greek art.

## 50:082:349. History OF SCULPTURE: Baroque to Modern (3)

Prerequisites:50:082:101,102 or permission of instructor.
History of sculpture from 1600 to present. Issues of patronage as well as stylistic development considered. Emphasis placed on the transition from the nineteenth to the twentieth century and the "pioneers of early modern sculpture."

## 50:082:351. EUROPEAN PAINTING: 1780 TO 1880 (3)

Prerequisites:50:082:101,102 or permission of instructor.
The development of European painting from neoclassicism to impressionism. Emphasis on French painting of the period but significant movements in England and Germany also analyzed. One field trip.

## 50:082:352. EUROPEAN PAINTING: 1880 то 1940 (3)

Prerequisites:50:082:101,102 or permission of instructor. An analysis of a wide range of avant-garde movements from postimpressionism to surrealism. Treats significant trends in painting in France, Italy, Holland, and Russia. One field trip.

50:082:360. SURVEY OFJAPANESE ART (3)
Japanese art and itshistorical, religious, and social contexts. In addition to painting, sculpture, and architecture, ceramics, printmaking, metalwork, and textile arts considered.

## $\mathbf{5 0 : 0 8 2 : 3 6 1 . ~ A r t ~ o f ~ F I L M ~ ( 3 ) ~}$

Historical aspects of film making that pertain to fine art and production art techniques. Topics include cinematography, set design, editing, and art production. Relationship of art production to overall cinematic results.

## 50:082:362. Special Topics in Cinematography (3)

Creditsbyarrangement.
Special studies in the history of cinematography. Deals with different subjects changing from year to year, such as contemporary film and film noir.

## 50:082:367. American Art: 1650-1900 (3)

Prerequisite:50:082:102 or 103 or permission of instructor.
American painting, sculpture, and architecture from colonial times to 1900. The importation of European styles and the development of an American art.

## 50:082:368. Twentieth-Century American Art (3)

Prerequisite:50:082:102 or 103 or permission of instructor.
Includes study of major art movements in the United States, from academic classicism to contemporary styles and theories.

## 50:082:380. Art in an Age of Mechanized and Electronic Media (3)

The history of twentieth-century art dependent on mechanical or electronic technology including kinetic, digital, video, animated, and interactive works of art.

## 50:082:382. History of Design and Photography (3)

History of European and American design and photography styles, including nineteenth-century English and French movements as well as major twentieth-century styles including Art Nouveau, Art Deco, and Bauhaus. Reviews the history of graphic design and typography and explores influences of previous movements on contemporary design.

## 50:082:395. Sculpture of the Twentieth Century (3)

Prerequisite:50:082:102 orpermission of instructor.
Significant developments in twentieth-century sculpture,including constructivism, kinetic sculpture, primary structures, performance, and environmental works. One field trip.

## 50:082:401. Reading Course: Survey of the Literature Pertinent to MuSEUM WORK (3)

Prerequisite:50:082:101 or 102 or 103 or permission of instructor.
Survey of current and standard literature on all aspects of museum work. Topics include museum organization and administration; collection theory and ethics; registration, research, preservation, conservation, and storage of collections; exhibition design and installation; and theories and techniques of museum education for variousconstituents.

## 50:082:408. Individual Study in Museology (3)

Prerequisites:50:082:401, junior or seniorstanding, and permission of museum studiesinstructorandarthistory professor.
Advanced students conduct a program of research under the direction of the instructor. A substantial paper demonstrating an understanding of museum methods required.

## 50:082:409. MUSEUM INTERNSHIP (3)

Requires ten to twelvehours perweek and is monitored by museum studies instructorandarthistory professor.
An internship at a local museum in area of student's major.

Multicultural course. Credit not given for this course and 50:070:485 or 486. Native-American, colonial, and modern art and architecture of Latin America in their cultural context. Material culture traced either thematically or chronologically. Topics change from year to year.

## 50:082:487. SpeCial Topics in Art History (2)

(Formerly 50:082:395)
An intensive investigation of a specific movement, style, or major artist. Topic changes each time the course is offered. Check the Schedule of Classes todeterminearea ofstudy.

## 50:082:491,492. Individual Study in Art History (R) (BA,BA)

Prerequisites:Junior orseniorstanding, written permission of instructorand student'sadviser. Atleast3credits of workinindividualstudy are required of all arthistory majors.
A course for advanced students in which a program of research is conducted by the student under the direction of the instructor. A significant list of readings in art history methods and a substantial paper required.

## 50:082:497-498. Honors in Art History $(3,3)$

Candidates for honors in arthistory must, at the end of theirjunior year, have a cumulative grade-pointaverage of 3.0 orbetter and anaverage of 3.5 orbetter in the major. Both terms mustbe completed in order to receive credit.
Independent research on a specific topic leading to an honors thesis written under the supervision of a professor of art history.

## Music 700, Applied Music 701

Major requirements can be completed only through daytime attendance.

Course offerings in music are designed to give each student an integrated approach to theory, history, and performance-experience in all three areas being essential to the understanding of music as an artistic and intellectual achievement. Theory courses allow the student to work with musical material, to understand modes of organization in composition, and to employ methods of musical analysis. History courses introduce students to methods of studying the development of musical genres and the relationship of music to the other arts and areas of thought. Students are encouraged to develop performing skills through private study and through participation in the College Choir and Repertory Singers. Ongoing concerts featuring renowned musicians provide an opportunity for students to be exposed to a rich variety of musical styles.

## Major Requirements

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 50:700:125 Introduction to Music Theory (3) } \\
& \text { (or credit by examination) } \\
& \text { 50:700:161,162 Basic Musicianship I,II }(2,2) \\
& \text { 50:700:202 Introduction to Music (3) } \\
& \text { (or credit by examination) } \\
& \text { 50:700:203 Introduction to World Music (3) } \\
& \text { 50:700:225,226 Music Theory I,II ( } 3,3 \text { ) } \\
& \text { 50:700:292,293 History of Music I,II }(3,3) \\
& \text { 50:700:321 Counterpoint (3) } \\
& \text { 50:700:325 Music Theory III (3) } \\
& \text { 50:701:161,162,261,262 Piano (1,1,1,1) and / orpass } \\
& \text { keyboard proficiency examination } \\
& \text { 50:701:339 or } 340 \text { Repertory Singers (3) or 50:701:139 or } \\
& 140 \text { Rutgers Choir (3) }
\end{aligned}
$$

The music program strongly recommends a minimum of one term of a foreign language, preferably 50:470:101 German with one each of 50:470:103 and 104 or Italian
Attendance at ten college recitals or concerts each academic year strongly recommended

Transfer students should consult with the fine arts department prior to enrollment.

## Minor Requirements

50:700:125 Introduction to Music Theory (3)
50:700:161 Basic Musicianship I (2)
50:700:202,203 Introduction to Music (3) or Introduction to World Music (3)
50:700:225,226 Music Theory I,II $(3,3)$
6 credits of history of music
Attendance at five college recitals or concerts each academic year strongly recommended

## Teacher Certification in Music

Students seeking teacher certification in music must complete the following requirements for music. For details regarding admission to the teacher education program and its requirements, students should consult both their department chair and the chairperson of the education department.

50:300:443 Materials and Methods of Teaching Music (3)
50:700:161,162 Basic Musicianship I,II $(2,2)$
50:700:202 Introduction to Music (3)
(or credit by examination)
50:700:203 Introduction to World Music (3)
50:700:225,226 Music Theory I,II $(3,3)$
50:700:292 History of Music I (3)
50:701:161,162, 261,262 Piano (1,1,1,1) and/orpass keyboard proficiency examination
50:701:339 or 340 Repertory Singers (3)
50:701:478 Instrumental Methods: Strings (3)
50:701:488 Instrumental Methods: Woodwinds (3)
50:701:494 Instrumental Methods: Brass (3)
Attendance at ten college recitals or concerts each academic year strongly recommended

## Musical Theater Emphasis

50:203:123 Modern Dance I (2)
50:203:124 Modern Dance II (2)
50:203:249 Ballet I (2)
50:700:125 Introduction to Music Theory (3)
50:700:161,162 Basic Musicianship I,II $(2,2)$
50:700:202 Introduction to Music (3)
50:701:161,162, 261,262 Piano (1,1,1,1) and/orpass keyboard proficiency examination
50:701:169,170, 269,270, 369,370 Voice Performance Study (1,1,1,1,1,1)
50:701:347,348 Ensemble (3,3)
50:965:271 Acting I (3)
50:965:301 Performance (3)
50:965:357,358 Special Topics in Theater Arts $(3,3)$

## Music History

The music program provides many live in-class performances for the history series in an effort to establish insight into the active role of the artist in performance.

## Performance Studies

The aim of the performance studies division is to present music as a liberal art, for its value as literature and as a record of one aspect of human achievement. Students are strongly encouraged to acquire and improve performing techniques as a necessary means of cultivating the art. The department offers instruction in instrumental and vocal music with a distinguished faculty of artist associates and welcomes students at all levels, including beginners. Note that an additional fee for private instruction is required.

## Courses (Music 700)

Note: Courses in music theory include 50:700:125, 161,162, $225,226,321,325$, and 499.

## 50:700:125. Introduction to Music Theory (3)

Intended primarily fornonmajors and minors.
An introduction to the elements of tonal music. Provides students with an understanding of rhythm, pitch, keyboard, scales, key signatures, intervals, and triads.

## 50:700:161,162. BASIC MUSICIANSHIP IIII $(2,2)$

Provides intensive work in sight-singing, dictation of melody, rhythm, and harmony; score reading; and keyboard harmony.

## 50:700:201. MASTERPIECES OF MUSIC (R) (3)

Nopreviousmusicalexperiencenecessary.
A survey of the masterworks of Western music.

## 50:700:202. INTRODUCTION TO MUSIC (R) (3)

Nopreviousmusicalexperiencenecessary.
An approach toward music appreciation that emphasizes the cultural influences that have determined the varied musical languages throughout the world.

## 50:700:203. Introduction to World Music (3)

Appraises the art of music and develops basic concepts and listening perception of music outside of Western culture. Polynesia, East Asia, India, etc. Elements, forms, and styles of music.

## 50:700:225. MUSIC THEORY I (3)

Prerequisite:50:700:125.
Examines the elements of eighteenth- and nineteenth-century harmonic practices, including part-writing in three and four parts, and harmonic analysis of works.

## 50:700:226. MUSIC THEORY II (3)

## Prerequisite:50:700:225.

A continuation of Music Theory I with emphasis on secondary functions, modulation, linear chords,harmonic analysis, form, and creative writing.

## 50:700:271. Computer Applications in Music (3)

Prerequisite:50:700:125 or 225. Preferencegivento major and minors. Limited enrollment.
Introduction to the creative use of computers and synthesizers.
Provides an understanding of compositional techniques and
MIDI applications, including sequencing, editing, and notational software.

## 50:700:292. HISTORY OF MUSIC I (3)

Intended formusicmajors and minors.
Styles and forms of Western music from antiquity to the eighteenth century (to1750).

## 50:700:293. HISTORY OF MUSIC II (3)

Intended formusic majors and minors.
Styles and forms from the late nineteenth century to the present.

## 50:700:309. American Music (3)

Prerequisite:50:700:125.
Survey of music in the United States from the time of the earliest settlers to the present, including Shaker hymns, Civil War tunes, the establishment of a distinctive American style, the beginnings of jazz, and current experimental styles.

## 50:700:320. Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart (3)

A study of the life of the great eighteenth-century master with an emphasis on his most important works, including representative selections from the early and late symphonies, piano sonatas, concertos, string quartets, and operas.

## 50:700:321. COUNTERPOINT (3)

A detailed survey of sixteenth- and eighteenth-century contrapuntal practices, including extensive writing in species counterpoint, two-part invention, canon, and fugue.

## 50:700:325. MUSIC THEORY III (3)

Prerequisite:50:700:226.
An introduction to posttonal music. Provides the student with a basic analytic technique for the study of twentieth-century practices, including atonal and twelve-tone works.

## 50:700:337. OPERA (3)

A critical survey of the continuing tradition of opera emphasizing the relationship of music and drama through selected works of varied composers.

## 50:700:339. Johann Sebastian Bach (3)

Prerequisite:50:700:125.
A study of the life of the great baroque master with an emphasis on his most important works, including the Brandenburg Concertos, the Well-Tempered Clavichord Keyboard Suites, Goldberg Variations, and several of the major works in sacred music.

## 50:700:340. Ludwig van Beethoven (3)

Prerequisite:50:700:125.
A study of the life of this great transitionary composer with an emphasis on his most important works, including representative selections of the symphonies, string quartets, piano sonatas, and concertos.

## 50:700:348,349. Jazz, Rock, Folk, and Pop $(3,3)$

Nopreviousmusicalexperiencenecessary.
A survey of contemporary trends in popular music. Outlines the basic features of each type, with examples drawn from outstanding performing groups of the pastand present.

## 50:700:385,386. Introduction to Musical Composition $(3,3)$

 Prerequisites:50:700:225,226,325.Introduction to elementary problems of composition. Firstterm: smaller genres using the keyboard and small chamber groups. Second term: intensive concentration on problems in orchestration by increasing the dimensions of compositions to include larger chamber ensembles and small orchestral forces.

## 50:700:498. SPECIAL TOPICS IN MUSIC (3)

A variety of topics, such as Music in Film, is offered on a rotating basis.

## 50:700:499. Individual Study in Music (BA)

Independent study, guided by a member of the faculty, intended to provide an opportunity to investigate areas not covered in regular courses of instruction.

## Courses (Applied Music 701)

## 50:701:347,348. REPERTORY SINGERS $(3,3)$

A small performing group of select singers who study and perform smaller masterpieces from the Renaissance to the present.

50:701:349,350. COLLEGE CHOIR $(3,3)$
Study and performance of choral masterworks.
50:701:161,162,261,262,361,362,461,462. PIANO (1 EACH)
50:701:165,166,265,266,365,366,465,466. Organ (1 each)
50:701:169,170,269,270,369,370,469,470. VOICE (1 EACH)
50:701:171,172,271,272,371,372,471,472. Percussion (1 each)
50:701:173,174,273,274,373,374,473,474. Vioun (1 EACH)
$50: 701: 175,176,275,276,375,376,475,476$. CLASSICAL GUItaR (1 EACH)
50:701:177,178,277,278,377,378,477. Viola (1 еАСН)
50:701:181,182,281,282,381,382,481,482. VIOLONCELLO (1 EACH)
50:701:183,184,283,284,383,384,483,484. DOUBLE BASS (1 EACH)
50:701:185,186,285,286,385,386,485,486. FLUTE (1 EACH)
50:701:187,188,287,288,387,388,487. Овое (1 еаСН)
50:701:189,190,289,290,389,390,489,490. CLarinet (1 each)
50:701:191,192,291,292,391,392,491,492. BASSOON (1 EACH)
50:701:193,194,293,294,393,394,493. French Horn (1 each)
50:701:195,196,295,296,395,396,495,496. TRUMPET (1 EACH)
50:701:197,198,297,298,397,398,497,498. TROMBONE OR TUBA (1 EACH)

## Theater Arts (Dance 203, Speech 950, Theater Arts 965)

Major requirements in theater arts can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## Major Requirements

## Theater Program

Course offerings in theater develop students in two ways. First, as an integral part of a liberal arts education; the courses sharpen insights, perceptions, and creative thought processes in the area of dramatic thinking. Second, the theater curriculum provides students with the rigorous training of an artistic discipline. The value of this process lies in the direct expression of one's self as an instrumentemotional, physical, and vocal. Students in the theater program realize their education in a fully personal sense through theoretical, laboratory, and experiential work. As a result of this twofold approach, students majoring in theater arts are prepared with the broadest possible base for continued artistic development and future career opportunities. For the Musical Theater Emphasis, see "Music."

Students majoring in theater arts must earn a grade of $C$ or better in the following courses:

50:965:201 Introduction to Theater Arts (3)
50:965:241-242 Introduction to Technical Theater (3,3)
50:965:243-244 Laboratory in Technical Theater (1,1)
50:965:271-272 Acting (3,3)
50:965:279,280,281 History of the Theater I,II,III $(3,3,3)$
(select any two of the three courses)
Either of the following per term (minimum of 8 credits)

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 50:965:301 } & \text { Performance (BA) } \\
\text { 50:965:302 } & \text { Practicum in Design and Technical } \\
& \text { Theater (BA) }
\end{array}
$$

At least three courses from the following:
50:950:261 Fundamentals of Speech (3)
50:950:281 Public Speaking (3)
50:965:313-314 Scenic Design $(3,3)$
50:965:318 Playwriting (3)
50:965:321-322 Principles of Play Directing $(3,3)$
50:965:361 Survey of Costume History (3)
50:965:362 Costume Design (3)
50:965:371 Intermediate Acting (3)
50:965:372 Scene Study (3)
50:965:382 Lighting Design (3)
50:965:471 Advanced Acting (3)
One course from the following:

# Modern Dance I or II, Ballet I or II, or Special Topics: African Dance, or Jazz <br> Senior Project (optional) 

MinimumTotalCredits
42

## Musical Theater Emphasis

See Music.

## Minor Requirements

Students minoring in theater arts must complete a minimum of 18 credits with a grade of C or better in the following courses:

50:965:201 Introduction to Theater Arts (3)
50:965:279 History of the Theater I (3)
or
50:965:280 History of the Theater II (3) or
50:965:281 History of the Theater III (3)
Two additional theater arts courses at the 200 level
A minimum of two 300- to 400-level theater arts courses
Minors must be approved and advised by the Department of Fine Arts, theater arts program.

## Teacher Certification in Theater Arts and Speech

Students seeking teacher certification in theater arts and speech must complete the requirements for the major in theater arts and speech, with the following exception: education students must substitute one acting course with 50:965:363 Methods and Issues in Theater Arts. For details regarding admission to the teacher education program and its requirements, students should consult both their department chair and the chairperson of the education department.

## Courses (Dance 203)

## 50:203:123. Modern Dance I (2)

Movement experience designed to develop aesthetic and movement concepts, skills, and sensitivities as a basis for performance and appreciation of modern dance.

## 50:203:124. Modern Dance II (2)

Prerequisite:50:203:123.
A continuation of Modern Dance I-a closer look at the styles and techniques created by Jose Limón, Martha Graham, and Thelma Hill.

## 50:203:249. BaLlet I (2)

Forbeginning and intermediatestudents.
Concentration on developing and strengthening technique, awareness of body alignment, and ballet vocabulary.

## 50:203:250. ВАшет II (2)

Prerequisite:50:203:249.
A continuation of Ballet I.

## Courses (Speech 950)

## 50:950:231. INTERVIEWING (3)

Interviewing is an introduction to various types of interviews and techniques of interviewing. All participating students required to act as interviewers and interviewees in all situations. Employment, evaluative,journalistic, and probing interviews stressed.

## 50:950:261. Fundamentals OF Speech (R) (3)

Effective oral communication developed through analysis and practice of basic speech skills. Control of vocal and articulatory mechanisms; study of sounds and acceptable pronunciation of standard American English; principles of delivery applied to informal public speaking, group discussion, and interpretive reading.

## 50:950:265-266. SpeCIAL STUDIES IN SPEECH (R) $(3,3)$

A course in a selected topic not offered in the regular curriculum.
May be repeated for credit, assuming the subject matter is different. Further information, including prerequisites, if any, is contained in theSchedule of Classes.

## 50:950:281. Public Speaking (R) (3)

Principles of public speaking. Practice in preparation, composition, and delivery of various types of speeches.

## Courses (Theater Arts 965)

## 50:965:201. Introduction to Theater Arts (R) (3)

Introduction to the basic techniques of script analysis and play production through lecture and practical assignments, laying the foundation for courses in acting, directing, playwriting, and all areas of theatrical design.

## 50:965:205. Theater on Film (R) (3)

An examination of acting, directing, and designing techniques through productions of established theater pieces that have been recorded on film and videotape.

## 50:965:211,212. LIVING THEATER (R) $(3,3)$

Field trip fee(inlieu of textbooks) is payableat time of registration. A "backstage view" of the theater and a brief survey of forms, history, and theories. Designed to develop an independent and individual level of criticism and analysis. Class attends a number of diverse theater productions, locally and in New York.

## 50:965:215. BLACK Theater I (3)

The black person as a dramatic character and creative artist: examination of social, cultural, and economicbackgrounds;concepts and attitudes among contemporary black playwrights; producing organizations from 1600 until 1950.

## 50:965:216. BLACK THEATER II (3)

Continuation of 50:965:215 with an emphasis on the time period of 1950 until the present.

## 50:965:241-242. Introduction to Technical Theater (R) $\mathbf{( 3 , 3 )}$

Corequisite for 50:965:241:50:965:243. Corequisite for 50:965:242:50:965:244. An understanding of behind-the-scenes elements of a theater production developed through theory and stage crew experiences. Subjects covered include scenery construction and painting, stage drafting, sound, stage management, and production organization.

## 50:965:243-244. LABORATORY IN TECHNICAL THEATER $(1,1)$

Corequisite for 50:965:243:50:965:241. Corequisite for 50:965:244:50:965:242.

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A course in a selected topic not offered in the regular curriculum. May be repeated for credit, assuming the subject matter is different. Further information, including prerequisites, if any, is contained in the Schedule of Classes.

## 50:965:270. Stage Makeup (R) (2)

A practicum in the theory and techniques of theatrical makeup. Includes lecture/demonstrations and hands-on practice in all the basictechniques of character makeup.

## 50:965:271,272. Acting (R) $(3,3)$

Both coursesmustbecompleted toearncredit. Conceptual understanding of Stanislavsky, Boleslavsky, Strassberg, and Meisner; theater games and exercises to develop vocal techniques, observation, concentration, recall, fabrication, visualization, interior monologue, application of improvisation, character creation; monologues and beginning scene study. Emphasis on character depth and movement and the application of theory learned in 50:965:271 to an actual production-a play or plays, depending on the makeup of the class-or the development of a class environmental theater project that will be mounted for public performance.

## 50:965:279. HISTORY OF THE THEATER I (R) (3)

The three courses in this series need notbe taken in sequence. A survey, from earliest times to Elizabethan England, with emphasis on the major periods, typical plays, important personages, and major playhouses and forms of production.

## 50:965:280. History of the Theater II (R) (3)

A survey, from seventeenth-century France to the rise of Russian realism, with emphasis on the major periods, typical plays, important personages, and major playhouses and forms of production.

## 50:965:281. History of the Theater III (R) (3)

A survey, from Ibsen to the present, with emphasis on the major periods, typical plays, important personages, and major playhouses and forms of production.

## 50:965:301. Performance (BA)

Prerequisites:50:965:271 and permission of instructor.Mayberepeated for credit up toa maximum of 6 credits.
The creation and performance of a role in a departmental major production. Credits awarded determined by complexity and size of role. A major paper required.

## 50:965:302. Practicum in Design and Technical Theater (BA)

Prerequisites:50:965:241-242and/orotherdepartmentalcoursesrelevanttothe practicum. May be repeated for credit up to a maximum of 6 credits. The performance of design and / or technical duties of major significance and responsibility. Credits awarded determined by the complexity and size of job assignment. A paper required.

## $\mathbf{5 0 : 9 6 5 : 3 0 5 , 3 0 6}$. Summer Theater $(3,3)$

A very intensive workshop in the running of a summer theater involving all aspects of the operation, such as performance, backstage functions, box office, and publicity. Each student has opportunities to work in a variety of positions. Several plays prepared and publicly performed each session.

## 50:965:307. American Popular Entertainment (3)

Focuses on the major performanceelements of American popular entertainment and traces the development of those elements through the major performance forms. Particular emphasis placed on the minstrel show, vaudeville, burlesque, the revues of the 1920s and 1930s, radio, silent and early sound film, and early television, as well as the popular forms of nineteenth-and twentieth-century literary drama.

## 50:965:308. American Musical Theater (3)

A survey of the history and development of America's only native legitimate theatrical form. Focuses on the evolution of the musical form from its roots in nineteenth-century extravaganza and minstrel shows to the mature musicals of the 1950s and 1960s and the modern musicals of the 1970s and 1980s. Recordings, films and/or videotapes, and possible field trips supplement lectures and discussions.

## 50:965:313-314. SCENIC Design $(3,3)$

Prerequisites:50:965:241-242.
Introduction to various aspects of theatrical design. Practical assignments relating to works in progress, as well as history and theory of stage design.

## 50:965:318. PLAYwRIting (3)

A workshop program to develop the writer's ability to use theater as an effective and creative medium.

## 50:965:321-322. Principles of Play Directing $(3,3)$

Prerequisites:50:965:271-272. Both terms mustbe completed to receive credit. Introduction to and analysis of the director's role: casting; interpreting; creating stage action; composing stage mood, rhythm, and picturization; guiding characterization; preparing a working script in conjunction with supervised direction of scenes of increasing lengthand complexity.

## 50:965:357,358. SPECIAL TOPICS IN THEATER ARTS (R) $(3,3)$

A course in a selected topic not offered in the regular curriculum. May be repeated for credit, assuming the subject matter is different. For further information, including prerequisites, if any, see the ScheduleofClasses.

## 50:965:359,360. Independent Study (R) (BA,BA)

Individual work with close guidance by a faculty member, on a project or in an area of research not included in the regular curriculum.

## 50:965:361. Survey of Costume History (3)

A historical survey of clothing from ancient Greece to the twentieth century, concentrating on the application of fashion styles and their correlation to stage costuming, providing a background in period clothing silhouettes, the evolution of fashion, and the influence of society on clothing trends.

## 50:965:362. COSTUME DESIGN (3)

Introduction to the various aspects of theatrical costuming. Subjects covered are costume history, design, and construction.

## 50:965:363. Methods and Issues in Theater Arts (3)

Provides education students with fundamental tools for teaching a variety of aspects of theater; also includes seminar topics on contemporary issues in theater.

## 50:965:371. Intermediate Acting (3)

Prerequisites:50:965:271-272.
A scene workshop in creating a role with emphasis on script breakdown, scoring a part, approaches to style, and individual problemsolving.

## 50:965:372. SCENE STUDY (3)

Prerequisite:50:965:371.
A workshop with emphasis on scene work and characterization.

## 50:965:382. LIGHTING DESIGN (3)

Prerequisite:50:965:241.
The use of light as a basic tool of contemporary scenic design. A survey of current technology and practical experience in the design and operation of stage lighting.

## 50:965:471. AdVanced Acting (3)

Prerequisite:50:965:371.
A workshop in conceiving characterizations in detail and creating these roles in performance.

## FOREIGN LANGUAGE PROGRAM

Students who plan to pursue a combined foreign language program should consult the respective chairpersons of the language departments in which they are interested. This program can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## FRENCH 420

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ french/

Major requirements in French can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## Department of French

Chairperson: Louise K. Horowitz
Professors:
Louise K. Horowitz, B.A., Michigan; M.A., New York; Ph.D., CUNY
English Showalter, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., Yale
Lecturer:
Norman Ellman, A.B., Dartmouth; M.A., Pennsylvania

## Major Requirements

The French major consists of a minimum of 36 credits in French, of which at least 24 must be in courses numbered 200 or higher. All courses above the intermediate level are not offered every year; students should consult their advisers about planning their programs.
A maximum of 6 credits in courses taught in English (those with numbers in the 240 s, $305,306,360,391,392$, or others if designated) may be taken for credit toward the French major only under the following conditions: The student must have completed French 132 or the equivalent, a substantial part of the work must be done in French, and the instructor must give permission in advance and determine what work will be done in French.

Majors in French are urged to include study abroad as part of their program. Courses in the following fields are recommended as electives: European history, history of art, music, philosophy, religion, and other literatures. It is advisable that majors in French take at least 12 credits of a second foreign language, particularly if graduate study is planned, and those planning to earn teaching certification are strongly urged to consider a double major or a minor in a second foreign language.

## Minor Requirements

A minor in French consists of a minimum of 18 credits in French beyond the elementary level (50:420:101,102 or 50:420:108,109), including at least 12 credits in courses numbered 200 or higher. A maximum of 6 credits in courses taught in English (those with numbers in the 240s, 305, 306, $360,391,392$, or others if designated) may be taken for credit toward the French minor under the same conditions as for the French major.

## Departmental Honors Program

Students may qualify for graduating with honors in French by fulfilling the regular requirements for the French major and the following requirements:

1. Write a senior honors thesis of twenty-five to thirty-five pages. The topic for the thesis is arranged with an individual faculty member and written as an independent study project during two terms of the honors program while the student is enrolled in course 50:420:495 or 496 (depending upon the year and term during which the student is undertaking the study).
2. Maintain a 3.5 grade-point average in the French major and a 3.0 cumulative grade-point average in the overall undergraduate program.

Students normally inform the department of their intention of entering the honors program in the spring of the junior year.

In recognition of satisfactory completion of the honors program, the registrar will note on the student's permanent academic record Distinction in French.

## Teacher Certification in French

Students seeking teacher certification in French must complete the requirements for the major in the French department as well as satisfy other requirements for certification. For details regarding admission to the teacher education program and its requirements, students should consult both their department adviser and the chairperson of the education department.

## Study Abroad

French majors are strongly urged to include study abroad in their program. Rutgers sponsors both a summer program and a junior-year program in France. Applicants need not be French majors, although some previous study of the language is required. Interested students should consult the department chairperson.

## Courses in English

The following courses are given in English translation; all readings, lectures, classes, assignments, and tests are in English. These courses are open to all students, and they may be used to satisfy the general curricular requirements in foreign languages. Students must complete the English composition requirement before taking these courses. Students wanting to take these courses for credit toward a French major or minor must meet the conditions described under Major Requirements.

## 50:420:240,241. French Literature in English Translation: SPECIAL TOPICS $(3,3)$ <br> The topic is announced during preregistration. <br> Treats a particular theme or genre in French literature.

## $50: 420: 243$. African and Caribbean Literature in English Translation

 (3)Thiscoursemaybetakenaspartofa major in African-AmericanStudies. A study of the Francophone literature of Africa and the Caribbean. Reading and discussion of selected works in prose, poetry, and drama by representative black writers of French expression in English translation. Topics include negritude, the treatment of African women in literature, racial imperialism as a topic of satire and humor, search for identity, and others.

50:420:244. Women in French Literature in English Translation (3)
This course may be taken as part of a minor in women's studies. A study of major French texts by and / or about women, by such writers as Balzac, Beauvoir, Colette, Mauriac, and Duras.

## 50:420:245. Crime and Justice in French Literature in English TranslaTION (3) <br> This course may be taken as part of a major in criminal justice.

Using short novels and films, the course looks at the way crime and justice have been represented in French literature from the eighteenth century until the present. Ideas covered include the bandit as folk hero, the aristocratic lawbreaker, the criminal as victim of society and as monstrous genius, crimes of passion, police in literature, the genre of the detective novel, courtrooms, and images of policing in modern society. Reading includes work by Diderot, Balzac, Hugo, Mérimée, Mauriac, Simenon, Camus, and others; selection of French films shown.

## 50:420:305,306. French Film in English Translation $(3,3)$

These courses may be taken as part of a minor in film studies.
Survey of the history of French cinema from its beginnings to the present day. Analysis and interpretation of selected film masterpieces by major French filmmakers.

## 50:420:360. French Civiluzation (3)

May begiven in French; language announced during preregistration. Historical study of the people and culture of France and an examination of French values and attitudes as seen in the literature, arts, and institutions of the country.

## 50:420:391,392. French Literature in English Translation: Special TOPICS $(3,3)$ <br> The topic is announced during preregistration. <br> Treats a particular topic related to French culture or to a <br> historical period.

## Courses in the French Language

The following courses emphasize the development of linguistic skills, speaking, understanding, reading, and writing French. Students with previous study of French should consult the department chairperson about placement. These courses satisfy the general curricular requirement of one term of a foreign language or literature.

## 50:420:101. Elementary French I (R) (4)

Labattendance required. Forstudents with no knowledge of French or with one year or less of high school French.
Lays a foundation for speaking, understanding, reading, and writing the language.

## 50:420:102. Elementary French II (R) (4)

Prerequisite:50:420:101 or equivalent. Labattendancerequired. Not for students with morethantwoyearsofhigh school French.
Continuation of 50:420:101.

## 50:420:107. CONVERSATIONAL FRENCH (3)

Prerequisite: 50:420:102 or 109 or equivalent.
Increases the student's ability in spoken French. Pronunciation drill, conversation, short oral reports, discussion groups in French.

## 50:420:108. Elementary French I (R) (3)

Labattendance required. For students with no knowledge of French or with one year or less of high school French. This course only is availableatnight. Lays a foundation for speaking, understanding, reading, and writing the language.

## 50:420:109. Elementary French II (R) (3)

Prerequisite:50:420:108orequivalent.Labattendancerequired.Notforstudents withmorethantwoyearsofhighschoolFrench. Thiscourseonlyisavailableatnight. Continuation of 50:420:108.

## 50:420:131. INTERMEDIATE FRENCH I (R) (3)

Prerequisite:50:420:102 or 109 or equivalent, or more than twoyears of high schoolFrench.Labattendancerequired.
Completes the study of basic French grammar, provides an introduction to reading short prose texts, with oral practice and review.

## 50:420:132. INTERMEDIATE FRENCH II (R) (3)

Prerequisite:50:420:131 or equivalent. Continuation of 50:420:131. Review of French grammar, further reading of French prose texts, with practice in speaking and writing.

## $50: 420: 203,204$. French Composition and Conversation I,II $(3,3)$ <br> Prerequisite:50:420:132 or equivalent.

Constant practice in speaking and writing, with stress on developing an adequate vocabulary and idiom in the discussion of subjects related to French society and culture.

## 50:420:321. Advanced Grammar and Stylistics (3)

Prerequisite:50:420:204 or permission of instructor.
A study of advanced French grammar and continued practice in writing, with emphasis on analyzing style in representative French writers. Attention to diction, phonetics, and special problems, as required.

## 50:420:322. Advanced Composition and Conversation (3)

Prerequisite:50:420:204 or permission of instructor.
Conversation and composition in French on cultural, historical,
literary, social, and other aspects of French civilization.

## Courses in French Literature and Civilization

These courses are conducted in French and are open only to students with demonstrated ability in the French language. These courses satisfy the general curricular requirement of one term of a foreign language or literature.

## 50:420:201,202. Modern French Readings IIII $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:50:420:132 or equivalent.
Review of grammar; oral and written practice continued. Extended reading of medium-length works and excerpts from French writers of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries, with discussion of their significance.

## $50: 420: 335$. The French Novel I (3)

Prerequisite:50:420:201 or equivalent.
Reading and discussion of major French novels from the origins of the genre to the late nineteenth century, with some emphasis on the social, philosophical, and scientific thought of the periods. Includes such authors as Lafayette, Diderot, Balzac, Flaubert, and Zola.

## 50:420:336. The French Novel II (3)

Prerequisite:50:420:201 or equivalent.
Reading and discussion of major French novels of the twentieth century, with some emphasis on the historical and cultural background. Includes such authors as Gide, Colette, Proust, Sartre, and Camus.

## 50:420:341. The French Drama I (3)

Prerequisite:50:420:201 or equivalent.
Study of the French theater through reading and discussion of selected plays from the origins of the genre in the Middle Ages to the nineteenth century.

## $\mathbf{5 0 : 4 2 0 : 3 4 2 . ~ T h e ~ F r e n c h ~ D r a m a ~ I I ~ ( 3 ) ~}$

Prerequisite:50:420:201 or equivalent.
Study of the French theater through reading and discussion of selected plays from the nineteenth century to the present time.

## 50:420:353,354. Individual Study in French (BA,BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Independent study guided by a member of the faculty, intended to provide opportunity for advanced students to investigate areas not covered in the regular curriculum.

## 50:420:360. French Civilization (3)

Prerequisite:50:420:132 or equivalent when conducted in French. May be given inEnglish;languageannounced during preregistration.
Historical study of the people and culture of France and an examination of French values and attitudes as seen in the literature, arts, and institutions of the country.

## 50:420:396. Honors Program in French (3)

## 50:420:421. French Literature of the Classical Era (3)

Prerequisites:50:420:201,202 or 203,204 or permission of instructor. Reading and analysis of major works of the classical era, including such authors as Pascal, Corneille, Racine, Molière, Lafayette, Voltaire, Diderot, and Rousseau.

## 50:420:441. Nineteenth-Century French Literature (3)

Prerequisites:50:420:201,202 or 203,204 or permission of instructor Study of the nature and background of the major literary movements of the nineteenth century: romanticism, realism, naturalism, and symbolism. Study of selected works by such authors as Hugo, Sand, Balzac, Stendhal, Baudelaire, Flaubert, Zola, Verlaine, and others.

## 50:420:451. TWENTIETH-CENTURY FRENCH LITERATURE (3)

Prerequisites:50:420:201,202 or 203,204 or permission of instructor. Study of major literary movements of the twentieth century: modernism, surrealism, existentialism, literature of the absurd, and "nouveau roman." Reading and analysis of works by such authors as Gide, Proust, Apollinaire, Valéry, Giraudoux, Colette, Sartre, Malraux, Camus, Sarraute, Ionesco, Duras, and others.

## $50: 420: 495,496$. Honors Program in French $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:Permission of department chairperson.

## GEOLOGY 460

## Courses

50:460:101. Introduction to the Earth (R) (3)
A one-term (nonlaboratory) description of the earth; processes that affect its composition and architecture; the interaction of solid earth, atmosphere, and oceans. Several field trips may be scheduled.

## 50:460:121. Planet Earth I (R) (3)

Lec. 3 hrs ., lab. 3 hrs .; may include one or two Saturday field trips. A study of the rocks and minerals that make up the earth and the internal and surface processes that produce our planet's major features.

## 50:460:122. PLanet Earth II (R) (3)

Lec. 3 hrs ., lab. 3 hrs .; may include one or two Saturday field trips. The history of our planet, beginning with the origin of the solar system and tracing the development of the earth's crust, the origin of the atmosphere and oceans, and the origin and development of life.

## GERMAN AND RUSSIAN (German 470, Russian 860)

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ german/
Major requirements in German can be completed only through daytime attendance.
Department of German and Russian
Chairperson: James Rushing
Professor:
Christine Cosentino-Dougherty, B.A., CUNY (City College); M.A., Ph.D.,Columbia

AssociateProfessors:
Carol Avins, B.A., Pennsylvania; M.Phil., Ph.D., Yale
James Rushing, B.A., M.A., Texas Tech; M.A., Ph.D., Princeton
Studying a foreign language, literature, or culture is an enriching experience and an important part of a general education. Achieving proficiency in a foreign language not only has an immense practical value in the increasingly networked world, it also opens whole new dimensions and vistas in the mind.

German is a liberal arts major with the added benefit of communicative skills in an important language. Students majoring in German develop an understanding of a foreign culture; a heightened understanding of how languages function and how they shape our minds and our world; and
an ability to speak, read, write, and understand a language with 121 million speakers and a vital social and economic role in the newly unified Europe. A German major is an excellent preparation for a variety of business careers, for graduate and professional programs (including law school), for teaching careers at various levels, and for life as an educated and enlightened citizen of the world.

## Major Requirements

A student majoring in German must take a minimum of 36 credits in German courses of which at least 30 credits must be in courses numbered 200 or above; no more than two courses taught in English may be counted toward the major. The student is urged to take 50:510:355 Modern Germany and to consider as electives literature courses in fields other than German.

## Minor Requirements

## German Minor

A minor in German consists of a minimum of 18 credits in German beyond the elementary level (50:470:101, 102), including at least 12 credits in courses numbered 200 or above; no more than one course taught in English may be counted toward the minor.

## Russian Minor

Students who wish to minor in Russian should contact the Department of German and Russian for the current requirements..

## Teacher Certification in German

Students seeking teacher certification in German must complete the requirements for the major in the German department as well as satisfy other requirements for certification. For details regarding admission to the teacher education program and its requirements, students should consult both their department adviser and the chairperson of the education department.

## Departmental Honors Program

Students may qualify for graduating with honors in German by fulfilling the regular requirements for the German major and the following requirements:

1. Write a senior honors thesis of approximately twentyfive to thirty-five pages. The topic for the thesis is developed under the advisement of an individual faculty member, and the thesis is written as an independent study project during two consecutive terms of 50:470:493,494.
2. Maintain a 3.5 grade-point average in the German major and a 3.0 overall cumulative grade-point average.

Students interested in the honors program should consult with their adviser before the beginning of their senior year.

In recognition of satisfactory completion of the honors program, the registrar will note on the student's permanent academic record Honors in German.

## Study Abroad

Rutgers sponsors both a summer program and a junior-year abroad program at the University of Constance in southern Germany. Participation is not limited to German majors, though some prior study of the language is required. Interested students should contact the German department.

## Courses (German 470)

## 50:470:101. Elementary German I (R) (4)

Twolab.periodsrequired.ForstudentswithnoknowledgeofGermanor with less than two years of high school German.
Training in pronunciation, grammar, composition, conversation, and in reading of simple texts.

## 50:470:102. Elementary German II (R) (4)

Continuation of 50:470:101.

## 50:470:131,132. INTERMEDIATE GERMAN $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:50:470:102 or equivalent as determined by placementexamination Practice in writing and speaking German, a review of grammar, and study of significant literary texts.

## 50:470:261,262. German Literature in Translation $(3,3)$ Forstudents with no knowledge of German.

Surveys German literature from the beginnings to modern times with a study of selected works. Taught entirely in English.

50:470:271. German Cinema in English Translation I (3)
Study of German film from the beginnings through the Nazi era, including expressionist film and other Weimar-era masterpieces. Films of Fritz Lang, Friedrich Murnau, and others. Short literary and/or historical readings may be included. Taught entirely in English.

50:470:272. German Cinema in English Translation II (3)
Study of German film since World War II. Includes a variety of cinematic responses to the war and the Nazi past, as well as films of the "New German Cinema" and others. Films of Rainer Maria Fassbinder, Volker Schlöndorff, Werner Herzog, and others. Short literary and/or historical readings may be included. Taught entirely in English.
$50: 470: 301$. Advanced German Grammar and Styuistics (3)
Prerequisite:50:470:132 or permission of instructor.
Intensive study of the problems of idiom, diction, and style, with a review of forms and syntax.

## $50: 470: 305,306$. German Conversation and Composition $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:50:470:132 or equivalentas determined by placementexamination. Practice in speaking and writing German, stressing the development of an adequate vocabulary and idiom for dealing with everyday subjects and German culture.

50:470:315. WRITTEN TRANSLATIONS (3)
Prerequisite:50:470:306 or permission of instructor. Preparatory course for future translators.
Emphasis on literary, scientific, and technical translations. Practice of translation skills for various professions.

## 50:470:336. Gotthe's Faust (3)

Prerequisite:50:470:132 or permission of instructor.
Study of Faust I and Faust II as the summation of Goethe and his lifework.

## 50:470:339,340. German Culture and Civilization $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:50:470:132 or permission of instructor.
Social, intellectual, religious, and artistic developments within the major German-speaking areas.

## $50: 470: 386$. SpeCial Topics in German Cinema (3)

Study of a particular filmmaker, historical period, theme, or other topic in German cinema. Short literary and/or historical readings may be included. May be taught in English or German. Check Schedule of Classes fordetails.

## 50:470:401. GERMANY TODAY (3)

Prerequisite:50:470:306 or permission of instructor. Course taught in German. Cultural, social, and political life of Germany, with emphasis on everyday situations. Development of oral skills; preparation for travel or work abroad.

## 50:470:445,446. GERMAN LITERATURE FROM 1750 TO $1849(3,3)$

Prerequisite:50:470:132 or permission of instructor.
The Aufklärung,Sturm und Drang, classicism,romanticism, and the beginnings of realism, as exemplified particularly in the works of Lessing, Goethe, Schiller, Novalis, Kleist, and Grillparzer.

## 50:470:447,448. GERMAN LIterature from 1850 TO THE

## Present $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:50:470:132 or permission of instructor.
Realism, naturalism, and outstanding writers of the
twentieth century.

## 50:470:391,392. Special Topics in German Literature in English Translation $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:Sophomorestanding orhigher, with or withoutaknowledge of German. Open to allstudents, although primarily, butnotexclusively,for advanced students. Course maybe presented in twoseven-week segments teaching more limited subjects. For further information, consult the Germandepartment.
A course in a specially selected topic, such as Franz Kafka, Bertolt Brecht, women in medieval German literature, or literature in a divided and unified Germany.

## 50:470:457,458. Readings in Special Fields (BA,BA)

If the needs of the student cannot be met by the regular offerings, special supervised programs arranged according to need or interest.

## $50: 470: 493,494$. Individual Study in German (BA,BA)

For advanced students under exceptional circumstances. Approval of the instructor must be secured, but may not be granted if the needs of the student can be met by the regular offerings.

## Honors Program in German

Course numbers for the honors program arranged by
the department.

## Courses (Russian 860)

## $50: 860: 101,102$. RUSSIAN I (R) $(4,4)$

Lec. 3 hrs., lab. 2 hrs.
A course for beginners. Oral and written drills for mastery of the basic structure of the language and development of conversation and reading.

## 50:860:131,132. INTERMEDIATE RUSSIAN $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:50:860:102 or placement test.
Review of grammar and vocabulary. Graded reading of Russian authors. Conversation and composition based on the reading of these texts.

## 50:860:269. DOSTOEVSKY AND TOLSTOY (3)

Noknowledgeof Russianrequired.
Principal works, concentrating on Dostoevsky's The Brothers
Karamazov and Tolstoy's WarandPeace.

## 50:860:319,320. AdVanced Grammar and Styustics $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:50:860:132 or placement test.
Advanced grammar review and composition. Special problems as required. Reading of Russian and Soviet authors in the original.
$50: 860: 334$. Russian Short Story in English Translation (3)
A survey of the development of the short story. Selected works in the genre from Russian writers in translation.

50:860:348. CHEKHOV IN ENGLISH TRANSLATION (3)
A survey of short stories and the major dramas.
50:860:349. Special TOPICS: Russian LIterature/ Stalin (3)
Russian culture and society; other selected topics.

## 50:860:350. TRIP TO RussiA (BA)

An independent study course arranged in conjunction with the trip to Russia during spring vacation. Consult department for details.

## 50:860:353,354. Individual Studies in Russian (BA,3)

Prerequisite:Permission ofdepartment.
Designed for individual projects in language and literature or special topics.

## 50:860:361,362. RUSSIAN LIterature in English TRANSLATION $(3,3)$ <br> Open tostudents with no knowledge of Russian.

Survey of Russian literature from the beginnings to about 1880 (fall term) and from 1880 to modern times (spring term), with a study of selected significant works.

## 50:860:403,404. Introduction to Nineteenth-Century Russian LiteraTURE $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:50:860:320 or permission of department.
Reading of representative nineteenth-century Russian authors in the original. Work in advanced composition and conversationincluded.

## GREEK 490

50:490:101,102. Elementary Greek (R) $(3,3)$
Introduction to study of the Greek language.

## HISTORY (History 510, American History 512)

Web Site: http:/ /history.camden.rutgers.edu
Major requirements in history can be completed either through daytime or evening attendance.

## Department of History

Chairperson: Andrew Lees
Professors:
Rodney Carlisle, A.B., Harvard; M.A., Ph.D., California
Jeffery M. Dorwart, B.A., Connecticut; M.A., Ph.D., Massachusetts
Howard F. Gillette, Jr., B.A., Ph.D., Yale
Andrew Lees, B.A., Amherst College; M.A., Ph.D., Harvard
Margaret Marsh, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., Rutgers
Philip Scranton, Board of Governors Professor; B.A., M.A., Ph.D., Pennsylvania Allen Woll, B.A., Chicago; M.A., Ph.D., Wisconsin
AssociateProfessors:
Laurie Bernstein, B.A., Sonoma State College; M.A., Ph.D., California
Janet Golden, B.A., M.U.A., Ph.D., Boston
Gerald Verbrugghe, A.B., Loyola; M.A., Ph.D., Princeton
Joan C. Wells, B.A., Duke; M.A., Ph.D., Northwestern
Assistant Professors:
Wayne Glasker, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Xiao-bin Ji, B.A., Princeton; M.A., Arizona; Ph.D., Princeton
Jacob Soll, B.A., Iowa; D.E.A., Ecole des Hautes Etudes, Paris; Ph.D., Cambridge
History is the memory of mankind. The study of the past puts us in touch with the hopes, the accomplishments, and the failures of people other than ourselves. It also shows us how and why the world we inhabit today has developed over time, from the birth of civilization up to the age of high technology. It thus enlarges our awareness of the possibilities open to us now and in the future. As an intellectual discipline, it requires students to analyze evidence and to think clearly, relating particular events to general trends. Historical study is one of the essential cornerstones of a broadly based education. It provides not only knowledge and training that are worthwhile in their own right but also excellent background for many graduate programs (including the study of law), for business, and for life as an informed citizen.

Normally, students should begin with courses at the 100 or 200 level and then move on to 300 - and 400-level courses. Some students may be prepared to begin at the more advanced level, but first-year students may not enroll in any advanced course without permission of the instructor; sophomores may enroll in 300-level courses but not in 400-level courses without similar permission.

## Major Requirements

To major in history, students must complete 42 credits of courses. These courses must include the basic departmental surveys, 50:510:101,102 and 50:512:201,202. They also must include 50:510:299 Perspectives on History (which students must take no later than the sophomore year); and two seminars from among 50:510:481,482 or 50:512:481,482.

The remaining 21 credits should be distributed as follows: at least 12 at the 300 to 400 level; at least 6 (of the 21) in the 510 area; and at least 6 (of the 21) in the 512 area. Students who wish to major in history are advised that, because only a limited number of courses are offered in the evening, they may have to take day session and summer session history courses to complete their major requirements in a timely fashion.

Those students seeking certification in teaching should be aware that a requirement is to take a course from a selection dealing with human and intercultural relations. Several history courses may be counted for this purpose and for the history major.

## Minor Requirements

To minor in history, students must complete 18 credits, 12 of which must be earned in 300- to 400-level courses.

## Departmental Honors Program

The departmental honors program is intended for students who are both interested in and prepared for intensive study of a particular topic and the preparation of a research paper at least fifty pages in length. Students should have grade-point averages of 3.5 or better overall and in courses in history in order to be admitted to the program. Approval must be obtained from the chairperson and the member of the department who is to serve as the student's adviser. Students may choose either a three-term program, the first term of which would consist of a term of independent study (50:510:499 followed by 50:510:495-496), or a two-term program, which would consist simply of the 495-496 sequence. Students who choose the second option should carefully define their topics in consultation with their advisers before the start of the senior year.

## Teacher Certification in Social Studies

Students seeking teacher certification in social studies must complete the requirements for the major in the history department as well as satisfy other requirements for certification. For details regarding admission to the teacher education program and its requirements, students should consult both their department adviser and the chairperson of the education department.

## The Richard A. Caulk Memorial Scholarship

This scholarship was established by the family and friends of Richard Caulk, a brilliant historian of Ethiopia and a member of the Rutgers-Camden Department of History from 1979 to 1983, who lost his life in the pursuit of knowledge. The scholarship amounts to a substantial portion of the cost of tuition, to be awarded each spring by the history department to a history major for use in the senior year. Financial need may be taken into account, but the primary criterion will be a demonstrated desire to strive for the intellectual excellence that Dr. Caulk displayed in his own career.

## Courses (History 510)

50:510:101. Western Civilization I (R) (3)
A broad view of the society we live in and the ideals we live by, starting with the ancient Near East, Greece, and Rome and continuing through the "divine right" monarchies and the revolutions of the seventeenth century.

50:510:102. Western Civilization II (R) (3)
Continuation of 50:510:101, with emphasis on the Enlightenment, the French Revolution, industrialization, socialism, imperialism, and the wars of the twentieth century.

## 50:510:221. Women in Modern Europe (3)

Exploration of the role of women in Europe from the eighteenth to the twentieth centuries and the function of gender in history. Topics include women in the Enlightenment, in the French Revolution, at work, in Victorian society, in the socialist movements, in wartime, and the evolution of feminism.

## 50:510:231. EASt ASIA I: EAST ASIA beFore 1800 (3)

Covers the general history of China, Japan, and Korea from the beginning to 1800 . Introductory course designed to help students develop a sense of what East Asia was like before the major impacts from the West during the nineteenth century. Also provides helpful background information for those interested in modern East Asia

## 50:510:232. East Asia II: East Asia from 1800 to the Present (3)

Introductory survey covering broad trends and developments in East Asia in this period. Can be taken by itself or as a sequel to East Asia I. Should be of interest to those who wish to build or strengthen their general understanding of modern East Asia.

## 50:510:241. Precolonial Africa (3)

Surveys of the rise of early African civilizations, such as Egypt, Nubia, and Axum. Origins of slavery and trans-Saharan trade.

## 50:510:242. AFRICA SINCE 1800 (3)

Precolonial times to the present, with emphasis on colonization, imperialism, and the process of decolonization.

## $50: 510: 255$. The Rise of the CITY (3)

Story of Athens, Jerusalem, Rome, Paris, London, and other great cities that have transformed Western culture and society.

## 50:510:258. Chinese Revolutions (3)

Study of the Chinese revolutions in the twentieth century, from the 1911 revolution that overthrew the Manchu Ch'ing dynasty to the cultural revolution (1966-76) and its aftermath. Chinese history in the nineteenth and early twentieth centuries also discussed briefly as essential background information.

## 50:510:260. Revolution (3)

A thematic treatment of one or more of the great political and social upheavals that have disrupted numerous countries during the last several centuries.

## 50:510:265. IMPERIALISM (3)

The rise and fall of European power in the third world during the nineteenth and twentieth centuries.

## 50:510:270. Witchcraft and Magic (3)

Focuses on theory and practice in Europe and America from the Middle Ages to the present.

50:510:291. Miltary History to World War I (3)
Introduction to military technology, strategies, tactics, and battles from the ancient world to World War I.

## 50:510:292. Mlutary History from World War I (3)

Development of military policies, weapons, and warfare from 1914 to the present.

## 50:510:299. Perspectives on History (3)

Intended forhistory majors;should be takenassoon as the major is declared, preferably by theend of the sophomore year.Mustbecompletedbefore seniorseminar.
Introduces majors to the process and practice of historical research. Emphasizes skills development in interpreting primary and secondary sources, online and print-based searches, developing practical questions and projects, and oral/written presentations of original research.

## 50:510:301. The Ancient Near East (3)

The civilizations that developed in Egypt and Mesopotamia from the beginnings of history (ca. 3000 B.C.) to their disappearance under the Greeks and Romans.

## 50:510:302. Ancient Israel (3)

From the founding of the Davidic kingdom (ca. 1000 B.C.) and the building of the First Temple by Solomon to the destruction of the Second Temple by the Romans (70 A.D.)

## 50:510:303. Athens: The Golden Age (3)

The most famous Greek city-state, its political development as well as its artistic accomplishments, during the fifth and fourth centuries B.C.

## 50:510:304. Rome of the First Caesars (3)

The transformation of the Roman republic under its most famous leaders (Caesar, Cicero, Pompey, Marc Antony, and others) into the empire under Augustus and the Julio-Claudian line (Caligula and Nero among others).

## 50:510:305. The Fall OF Rome (3)

The disappearance of the Roman empire during the third, fourth, and fifth centuries A.D. as barbarian invaders conquered the West.

## 50:510:311. Medieval Society (3)

Traces the history of Europe between 410 and 1450. Shows the middle ages not only as an age of faith but also as an age in which new technologies and political ideas came to the fore. This period shown not as a "dark age" but as an age of political and religious evolution. Many of the elements of modern politics and philosophy are reflected in this distant mirror.

## 50:510:312. The Problem of Church and State, 1050-1789 (3)

 This problem has been at the center of European politics since the middle ages. Seeks to trace the evolution of this changing relationship through the examination of a series of particular cases. Shows how some secular states used the church to their advantage while others actually fought wars to remove the church from secular government; a look at the American Constitution and Bill of Rights against the backdrop of 700 years of European conflict.
## 50:510:315. The Renaissance and the Reformation (3)

Shows the Renaissance as an age of both tradition and discovery. See how elite urban Italians created the idea of individual achievement and how the rest of Europe appropriated this idea. A look also at the effects of "humanism" on religion and on common people through firsthand accounts and films.

## $50: 510: 316$. Spain and the Golden Age (3)

Traces the rise and fall of the greatest empire in human history. In the sixteenth century, Spain controlled much of Europe;South, Central, and North America; parts of Africa; and parts of Asia. By the mid-seventeenth century, Spain's empire was crumbling and Spain itself was a second-rate power; yet paradoxically, Spanish arts were flourishing. Looking at Spain, Portugal, their empires, European relations, and cultural production, we try to grasp the processes involved with Spain's dramatic grandeur and loss.

## 50:510:320. SCIENCE AND DIsCOVERY (3)

Shows the origins and outcomes of what is called the "scientific revolution." Also shows how medieval science was reformed in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries and how these shifts in the way Europeans viewed nature formed the very basis of our own modern society.

## 50:510:321. Absolutism and Enlightenment in France AND EUROPE (3)

Traces the development of the absolutist modern state and how the enlightenment of thought formed the basis of the French revolution. How European monarchs created machines for governing and how philosophers criticized these systems and, in reaction to tyranny, created ideas of human progress.

## 50:510:322. The Era of the French Revolution and Napoleon (3)

Considered by some the greatest single event in human history, the French revolution shook the world. Examines how and why this social and political explosion took place in France, how it affected the world, and why Napoleon and his warring ways were the outcome of such a cataclysmic event.

## 50:510:323. A History of the City of Paris (3)

Seeks to show Paris as lens for understanding European history. Through Paris, a look at symbolism, class relations, the uses of space and power, economy and culture, and the birth of modern age. How history shaped Paris, but more importantly, how Paris shaped the events that changed the world for over 1,000 years.

## 50:510:325. EUROPE, 1815-1914 (3)

European political, social, and cultural history between the fall of Napoleon and the outbreak of the First World War.

## 50:510:331. Europe in the Era of the World Wars (3)

From the assassination of Franz Ferdinand to the Great Depression; Stalin, Mussolini, and Hitler; the Second World War and its legacies.

## 50:510:332. Europe since World War II (3)

The rebuilding of Europe after World War II, from cold war to détente to the fall of communism. The evolution of a modern mass society.

## 50:510:340. Modern Japan (3)

Focuses on the period of Japanese history from the Meiji restoration in 1868 to the present. The only East Asian country reaching the same level of economic development as the major Western powers. Traces Japan's transformation from an isolated and island country to an aggressive colonial power and then to a peaceful economic giant.

## 50:510:342. Japan under Warrior Government (3)

Focuses on the period from shortly before the founding of the first warrior government (Kamakura Bakufu) in the twelfth century to the Meiji restoration in the nineteenth century. Important for understanding the most unique characteristics of Japanese culture. Earlier periods of Japanese history also discussed as essential background information.

## 50:510:344. Ideas and Images in Chinese Culture (3)

Study of the most influential ideas in Chinese culture and some important features of Chinese art. Focus on traditional Chinese culture, also modern developments. Readings mostly of translations of Chinese sources, such as fiction, drama, religious and philosophical works,jokes, etc. Some modern interpretive works included.

50:510:346. Family and Gender in East Asian Cultures (3)
Examines the changing conditions of family life and gender roles in East Asia (China, Japan, Korea) from a historical perspective. Readings of historical accounts pertaining to family life and gender roles and works of fiction that represent people's ideas on such issues. Premodern and modern periods covered.

## 50:510:352. Modern Britain (3)

The development of the first modern society, with particular attention to the social and cultural impact of the industrial revolution and Britain's role as a world power.

## 50:510:355. Modern Germany (3)

Political, social, and intellectual changes since the mid-nineteenth century, with particular attention to the relationships between authority and freedom. Focus on the years between the rise of Bismarck and the fall of Hitler.

## 50:510:360. Modern Italy (3)

From the nineteenth-century struggle for unification, through the dictatorship of Mussolini, up to the present.

## 50:510:370. Modern France (3)

Political turbulence and social stability from the pre-1789 old regime to the socialist government of François Mitterand.

## 50:510:373. Gender in Russian and Soviet History (3)

Exploration of notions about gender and the roles of women in tsarist Russia and the Soviet Union. Topics include women in literature, the rise of a feminist movement, women in revolution, and women in Russian and Soviet reality.

## 50:510:374. Jews in Modern Europe (3)

European Jewry from the beginning of emancipation in the late eighteenth century to the Holocaust. Major themes include assimilation, anti-Semitism, Jewish identity, and religious reform.

## 50:510:375. Russia under the Tsars (3)

Survey of Russia from the advent of the Romanov dynasty through the revolution of 1905. Topics include the growth and decline of the autocratic state, the consequences of Russia's identification with the West, serfdom and the peasantry, the "parting of ways" between state and society, and the rise of a revolutionary opposition to tsarism.

## 50:510:376. Revolutionary and Communist Russia (3)

Survey of the major historical developments in Russia and the USSR since the revolution of 1905 . Topics include the fall of tsarism, the Bolshevik victory, Stalinism, the consequences of revolutionary change, de-Stalinization, the "nationality question," perestoika, glasnos't, and the collapse of Sovietcommunism.

## 50:510:377. The Russian Experience (3)

Thematic analysis of Russian historical issues. Topics include political tradition, gender, national minorities, the peasantry, Russia and the West, the rise of the working class, and oppositional movements.

## 50:510:378. Communist Dreams and Soviet Realties (3)

Thematic analysis of Russian historical issues. Topics include the Bolshevik Revolution, ideology, Stalinism, gender, industrialization, collectivization of agriculture, the Terror, Soviet Jewry, and dissidentmovements.

## 50:510:379. Transitioning from Communism (3)

Political, cultural, economic, and social developments in postcommunist Russia, the former Soviet Republics, and the Eastern bloc.

50:510:380. Special Topics in European, African, or Asian History (3)
Open to majors and nonmajors.
A theme in European, African, or Asian history
50:510:396. Imagining European History on Film (3)
European film as a historical document that illuminates key moments in twentieth-century European history. Themes include the world wars, fascism and Nazism, revolutionary and oppositional movements, gender and sexuality, nationalism, decolonization, racism, and anti-Semitism.

## 50:510:397. Imagining Russian and Soviet History on Film (3)

Film as an instrument of art, propaganda, and subversion during the Soviet period; as a reflection of the new Russia after the Soviet Union's collapse.

## 50:510:481,482. Seminars in World History $(3,3)$

Open only tojunior and senior history majors and others with permission
of instructor. History majors should complete $50: 510: 101,102,299$ and 50:512:201,202beforeenrolling.
Intensive study of major historical problems or periods in European, African, or Asian history. Requires a paper based upon the use of research techniques.

## 50:510:495-496. Honors Program in History $(3,3)$

A two-term course of research and writing.

## 50:510:499. IndEPENDENT STudy in History (BA)

Prerequisite:Permission of a faculty supervisor.
Independent readings under the supervision of a member of the department.

## Courses (American History 512)

50:512:201. Development of the United States I (R) (3)
Introduction to American history, with emphasis on political, economic, and social factors from the colonial period through the Civil War and Reconstruction periods.

50:512:202. Development of the United States II (R) (3)
Continuation of 50:512:201, with emphasis on the development of industrial and corporate America, with evolution of politics and reform, and the role of the United States in world affairs.

50:512:203. African-American History I (R) (3)
An introduction to the history of black people in America, with a survey of African background, the history of slavery and resistance to slavery, and the evolution of black leadership through the Civil War.

## 50:512:204. African-American History II (3)

Continuation of 50:512:203, tracing black leadership and cultural development through Reconstruction, the period of official segregation, and the civil rights revolution.

50:512:211. LATN America I (3)
Hispanic-American civilizations from the pre-Columbian period to the wars of independence.

## 50:512:212. Latin America II (3)

Hispanic-American civilizations from the independence movement to the present.

## 50:512:220. Women in American History (3)

Examines the cultural, social, economic, political, and intellectual roles women have played in American history. Focuses on critical events, such as the movements for abolition, temperance, suffrage, and the equal rights amendment and on critical ideas about the intersection of gender with issues of race, ethnicity, class, religion, and region.

## 50:512:225. American Popular Culture since 1900 (3)

A study of popular culture-art, music, motion pictures, theater, and popular literature-in historical perspective.

## 50:512:276. Sports in American History (3)

Traces the role of sport in the development of American history from earliestcolonial roots through modernurban-industrial society.
$\mathbf{5 0 : 5 1 2 : 3 0 0}$. FOunding of English America (3)
Study of English North American settlement,emphasizing the evolution of English social and political institutions into distinctive American forms.

## 50:512:305. The Age of the American Revolution (3)

The American Revolution, with independence from England producing sharp changes in society, economy, and politics, and resulting in the establishment of a unique republican system.

50:512:315. The Age of Jacksonian Democracy (3)
American society and politics after the War of 1812 , featuring economic transformations, political democratization, social reforms, sectionalism, and expansion.

## 50:512:320. CIVIL War and Reconstruction (3)

The political, social, and economic history of the United States from 1850 to 1877; emphasis on the Civil War, its causes and effects.

## 50:512:325. The American Industrial Revolution (3)

Focuses on the period from the 1860s through the beginning of World War I, with particular emphasis on the growth of American industries, labor relations, and the resulting social problems and political responses that derived from the industrial revolution. Also looks at the expansion of the U.S. into overseas markets and territorial acquisitions in the period.

## 50:512:330. America in the Age of World Wars (3)

World War I, the decades of the 1920s and 1930s, the evolution of economic policy during the Hoover and Roosevelt presidencies, and the events of World War II.

## 50:512:335. From the Bomb through Vietnam: America <br> 1945-1975 (3)

Was the world safe for democracy? Would the promise of American life come true for all citizens? What did the beatniks, hippies, and feminists really want? These questions, focusing on the Cold War, the struggle for social justice, the Vietnam War, feminism, suburbanization, popular culture, and politics examined.

50:512:336. Seeking Security: America in the Fifies (3)
Examines a wide range of evidence about the culture and meaning of the fifties and determines how this era transformed our culture and shaped the way we live today. Topics covered are the Cold War, the role of television, rock and roll, feminism, suburban lives, and the place of technology in society.

50:512:338. Hope and Rage: America in the 1960s (3)
Explores the 1960s from the perspective of the baby boomers who came of age in the shadow of the bomb, who fought for social justice movements, who experienced hope and rage, and who changed the culture even as it changed them.

## 50:512:340. The Civil Rights Movement (3)

Intensive examination of the civil rights movement including the legal strategy of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) to challenge de jure segregation. Focuses on the period 1954-1968.

## 50:512:342. America since the 1970s (3)

The most recent transformations in American politics, society, and culture seen in historical perspective.

## 50:512:345. New Jersey and Delaware Valley History (3)

First part of course examines New Jersey from earliest colonial roots as West and East Jersey through lectures and readings. The second part consists of student presentations of the histories of their own South Jersey communities, towns, or some specific topic on local history of special interest to the student.

## 50:512:360. American Ethnicity (3)

Examination of different ethnic identities over time both as separate from and in accommodation to broader structures of American identity.

50:512:362. Health, Disease, Medicine, and Society in America (3) Explores the rise of the American health-care system; the development of medicine; the work of healers; the role of technology; and the patient's and community's experiences of illness, healing, death, and birth.

## 50:512:364. City and Suburb in American History (3)

Examination of the central stages of development with metropolitan areas, from the colonial town to suburban sprawl.

50:512:366. Technology in America (3)
Technological innovations and their diffusion helped transform the United States from a farming society to an industrial nation, and recently to a complex information-intensive computer-and servicecentered economy. Deals with two centuries of American technological development and itsimplications.

## 50:512:368. High-Technology America: Business and Technology, 1945-1995 (3)

World War II was the first high-technology conflict, featuring radar, sonar, and atomic bombs. It also generated impulses for creation of computers, communication/information, and aerospace technologies whose histories will anchor an analysis of the material and cultural worlds that high-technology has fashioned in the United States since 1940-1945.

## 50:512:371. History of Childhood in America (3)

Looks at what it has meant to grow up in America and at how the meaning of childhood has changed over time. Explores the roles children have played as workers, students, warriors, criminals, entertainers, and consumers; examines how children have experienced major life events, such as war, illness, and migration.

## 50:512:372. Modern Espionage (3)

Review of the major espionage efforts of the United States, the Soviet Union, Germany, and Britain in the period 1938-2000. Reviews how later revelations of espionage required revision of the understanding of such issues as the outcome of wars, national security, and the role of ideology in the Cold War.

50:512:374. The Atomic Age (3)
Reviews the development of nuclear weapons; nuclear power technology; and the resulting social, political, and international relations problems that have derived from these technologies in the period 1938-2000.

## 50:512:376. U.S. NavaL/ Mlutary History (3)

Examines how Americans organize, think about, and fight war on land, sea, and in the air from earliest colonial militias to the latest hi-tech weapons systems.

## 50:512:380. SpECIAL TOPICS in American History (3)

Open to majors and nonmajors.
A theme in American history.

## 50:512:388. History of Television (3)

History from its origins in the 1930s to the present. Focuses on how television has changed our social and political culture from its origins to the present. Also examines the change of television companies to media conglomerates in the previous decade.

50:512:389. American Film History: 1890-1940 (3)
Survey of economic and artistic origins of the American film industry. Includes discussions of major artists such as D.W. Griffith and Charlie Chaplin.

## 50:512:390. American Film History: 1940 to Present (3)

Survey of major economic and artistic developments in the American film industry. Includes discussion of major artists such as Orson Welles and Alfred Hitchcock.

## 50:512:392. American Lives: History and Biography (3)

Examines the relationship of history and biography. Explores how the lives of individual Americans can be used to illuminate critical themes in American history and demonstrates how individual lives are shaped by historical forces.

## 50:512:475. Internship in Public History (3)

Openonlytohistory majors.
Designed to provide students with practical experience in the public history field by working in a local archive, historical society, or other historical activity.Students assigned an on-site mentor and write a final report on the experience for the supervising instructor in the history department. Usually unpaid, internships include forty-five to ninety hours of work over the term.

## 50:512:481,482. Seminars in American History $(3,3)$

Open only tojunior and senior history majors and others with permission
of instructor. History majors should complete 50:510:101,102,299 and 50:512:201,202 beforeenrolling.
Intensive study of major historical problems or periods in American history. Requires a paper based upon the use of research techniques.

## HOME ECONOMICS 520

## $50: 520: 255$. NUTRITION (3)

Prerequisites: Nursing majors:50:160:107-108. Nonnursing majors:Permission of instructor.
An examination of the basic principles of nutrition as applied to the needs of people from all age, cultural, and economic groups.

## HONORS COLLEGE

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/~honorvip/ index.html

## Director, Professor Allen Woll, Department of History

The Honors College provides a four-year course of study with provocative new courses designed for honors students. During the first two years, students experience three honors seminars in a variety of topics from the sciences, humanities, and social sciences. Students work with professors who are among the leading experts in their fields. Since honors seminar topics are selected from proposals submitted by Rutgers faculty, the classroom instruction includes information that will appear in tomorrow's textbooks. Students also may submit proposals for honors seminars. Each year, Rutgers-Camden honors faculty teach approximately fifteen seminars.

The honors seminars involve weekly reading assignments and extensive classroom discussion. Because attendance in each seminar is limited to between ten and fifteen students, students receive more extensive and personal attention than is possible in most college courses. Classes often meet in an informal setting where roundtable discussions are held in a comfortable classroom. Written work often takes the form of essays and papers rather than examinations. Honors faculty frequently provide their students with special bibliographies and offer them opportunities for independent study. Recent seminar offerings have included: The 1950s, Religion in the New Millennium, Classic Legal Cases, Science Fiction/Science Fact, Remembering Vietnam, and the New Edge City. The most prestigious faculty members on campus participate in the program. Many of these professors have won Rutgers' top teaching awards and have published widely in their disciplines.

## Four-Year Course of Study

## First and Sophomore Years

Three honors seminars chosen from the humanities, the social sciences, and the sciences (no more than two from any one division)

Honors English 101 and 102 (first year)
Honors World Masterpieces (sophomore year)

## Junior Year

Junior Project: The City and the World
Options include:

- Study Abroad (either a junior year abroad at Rutgers' European campus sites or a course with the International Studies Program in Camden (worldwide study tours with campus faculty), the National Student Exchange, or affiliation with the University of Namibia, or
- independent study or research (3 credits), or
- Community Service Opportunities, or
- Internships (including the LEAP Academy Internship and the Business Internship Program).


## Senior Year

Senior Project
Options include:

- Departmental Honors in the student's major, or
- two graduate-level courses, or
- General Honors Interdisciplinary Thesis, or
- Completion of a minor program.

First-year and sophomore students may apply to enter the program after completing their first term at RutgersCamden. Students should have a 3.7 average and must file an application by October 15, or March 1 for the following term. Requirements reflect the term of the student's entry into the program. Applications are available in the Honors College offices in the Robeson Library. Transfer students may enter the program in the junior year, completing Honors World Masterpieces (or, if credit has been granted, an honors seminar), an honors seminar in the junior year, and a senior project in the senior year.

## Courses

## 50:525:121,122. HonORS SEMINAR $(3,3)$

50:525:121 (R) given in the fall; 50:525:122 given in the spring.
A series of interdisciplinary courses in the humanities, social sciences, and the sciences. Specific topics change each term.

## 50:525:125. Honors Independent Studies (3)

A study of a special topic not offered in the regular curriculum. The topic must meet the approval of both the honors director and the professor teaching the course.

## 50:525:130. General Honors Interdisciplinary Thesis (3)

A major research paper or project during the senior year that spans the boundaries of two or more disciplines. The project must be approved by the honors director and the professors supervising the project.

## INTERNATIONAL STUDIES PROGRAM 551

Web Site: http:/ / finearts.camden.rutgers.edu/
The International Studies Program at Camden coordinates study abroad courses for many departments on campus, including English, theater arts, music, foreign languages, urban studies, sociology, art history, and others. These shortterm study programs for credit are offered in conjunction with courses originating on campus. Course listings are included each term in the Schedule of Classes.

For specific information, contact Professor John Giannotti, director, International Studies at Camden.

## STUDENT-PROPOSED MAJORS AND MINORS 555

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/Camden/ Arts_Sciences/studprom.html

## Student-Proposed Majors

A student may design an arts and sciences interdepartmental major. The major must consist of at least 48 credits, at least 15 credits of which must be chosen within one department at the 300 level or above. This program can be completed either through daytime or evening attendance and does not apply to the School of Business-Camden.

Before being permitted to pursue the major, the student must obtain the approval of the Academic Policy and Courses of Study Committee one year prior to graduation. To seek this approval, the student must complete a "Request for a Student-Proposed Major" form that is available at the Office for Student Affairs. On this form, the student
must (1) list the courses intended for the major, (2) obtain the written consent of the chairperson of the department whose courses make up the fifteen or more upper-level, single-department courses of the major, and (3) obtain the written consent of a full-time faculty member who will act as the student's adviser. The student should attach a current transcript as well as a rationale for the student-proposed major and a discussion of its intellectual and/or practical coherence. The form plus attachments should be sent to the Academic Policy and Courses of Study Committee, Office for Student Affairs, for consideration.

Once approval has been granted, a copy of the student's major program of study will be filed with the registrar and the student affairs office. If the student wishes to alter the major, written permission from the adviser and the same department chairperson as above must be received. If new departments are involved in the proposed change, the chairperson of these departments also must approve the change. The changed major must then be reapproved by the committee.

## Student-Proposed Minors

A student may design an arts and sciences interdepartmental minor. The minor must consist of at least 18 credits, at least 9 of which must be chosen within one department at the 300 level or above. This program can be completed either through daytime or evening attendance and does not apply to the School of Business-Camden.

Before being permitted to pursue the minor, the student must obtain (1) the written consent of a full-time faculty member who will act as the student's adviser, and (2) the approval of the Academic Policy and Courses of Study Committee one year prior to graduation. The student should submit the proposal to the Academic Policy and Courses of Study Committee. It should include: (1) a rationale for the student-proposed minor and a discussion of its intellectual and/or practical coherence, and (2) two itemized lists, one of all courses completed and one of those courses now being taken and yet to be taken.

Once approval has been granted, a copy of the student's minor program of study will be filed with the registrar and the Office for Student Affairs. If the student wishes to alter the minor, written permission from the adviser as above must be received. The changed minor must then be reapproved by the committee.

## ITALIAN 560

## 50:560:101,102. Elementary ItaLan $(3,3)$

Forstudents with no knowledge of Italian or less than two years of high schoolItalian.
Training lays a foundation for speaking, writing, reading, and understanding the language.

## JOURNALISM 570

See English.

## JUSTICE AND SOCIETY 572

The departments of sociology, psychology, political science, and philosophy offer a minor program in justice and society. This minor should hold particular interest for students considering careers as probation or parole officers, correctional personnel, or in other justice-related occupations. Its unique interdisciplinary approach guides the student through the complexities of justice: violence and nonconformity, temporary insanity and civil liberties, legal defenses and public safety, capital punishment, and ethics of justice.

## Minor Requirements

Students minoring in justice and society must take a minimum of 18 credits of interdisciplinary work distributed as follows:

3 credits in sociology or criminal justice: 50:920:313 Theories of Crime and Delinquency, 50:920:329 Law and Society, or 50:920:344 Sociology of Deviance, or criminal justice (202) courses
3 credits in psychology: 50:830:335 Social Psychology or 50:830:341 Psychology and the Law
3 credits in political science: 50:790:381 Judicial Process, 50:790:401 American Constitutional Development, 50:790:414 The Supreme Court as a Political Institution, or 50:790:442 Human Freedoms and the Constitution
3 credits in philosophy: 50:730:315 or 316 Some Contemporary Moral Issues or 50:730:319 Modern Social and Political Philosophy or 50\&64:730:320 Philosophy of Law
6 credits of the student's choice from among courses listed for the minor

## LATIN AMERICAN STUDIES MINOR

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ latin_am/latin_am.html

The Latin American Studies minor requires a minimum of eight courses ( 24 credits). Students interested in the minor must complete a core of four courses ( 12 credits) consisting of 50:512:211,212 Latin American I,II, 50:940:203 Spanish Composition and Conversation, and a social science or business course covering minority or international issues. The remaining four courses will be selected from the following list:

[^10][^11]
## Optional Study Abroad

Strongly recommended, but not required, is a term of studies in the junior year in Mexico City at Universidad Ibero Americana, a university run by Mexican Jesuits.
The academic credits earned in Mexico are counted toward the degree and the minor.

The cost of studying in Mexico for a term is usually less than the cost of studying at the Rutgers-Camden campus as a resident student. Certain types of financial aid that a student has obtained are applicable to the term in Mexico.

Another opportunity to visit Latin America is available in the summer through a community service project conducted in a Latin American country. Student volunteers spend approximately two months working in rural communities and studying the language and culture of the people. Other options besides Mexico include Chile, Colombia, and Puerto Rico.

Upon graduating, the student receives a baccalaureate degree in the major field plus a certificate in Latin American studies. Graduating seniors should be able to speak Spanish and have been abroad at least once. Information can be obtained from the Department of Spanish.

## LAW

Students preparing to enter law school should obtain a strong education in liberal arts. No one major can be described as the best prelegal program. Courses in writing, political science, logic, economics, statistics, and computer science all can be helpful in preparation for law school. Admission to law school is highly competitive, and law schools consider undergraduate cumulative grade-point average, strength of academic program, and results of the Law School Admission Test (LSAT). Students interested in law school should consult the campus' prelaw adviser, Alan Tarr, Department of Political Science, 401 Cooper Street, 856/225-6084, ext. 43. Information for admission to Rutgers' School of Law-Camden may be obtained from the Office of Admissions, 406 Penn Street, third floor, or by mail at the Office of Admissions, School of Law-Camden, Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, 406 Penn Street, third floor, Camden, NJ 08102; 856/225-6102.

## LIBERAL STUDIES 606

The major in liberal studies is available only to University College students at Camden and at designated offcampus centers.

## Program Director: Robert Fishman, Department of History

The interdisciplinary major in liberal studies is specifically designed for students who transfer to University CollegeCamden with an Associate in Applied Science degree. (Students enrolling in the Western Monmouth Learning Center in Freehold may transfer with the A.A. or A.S. degree in addition to the A.A.S.) Adult students who already have attained significant technical and applied skills and who now wish to pursue their education in the liberal arts can obtain the bachelor's degree through this program.

The program recognizes the previous achievements of these students by allowing them to transfer up to 60 credits of their community college work toward the Rutgers degree-including credits for technical courses that do not ordinarily transfer as degree credits. Subject to program review, the technical courses are accepted as a block of up to 36 credits; these courses only are applicable toward a liberal studies major. Other courses taken as part of the Associate in Applied Science degree will be accepted on a course-by-course basis in accordance with the agreements made between Rutgers-Camden and the community colleges. These individual courses (up to 24 credits) are applicable toward the general degree requirements of University College-Camden.

Students in the major concentrate in one area of the liberal arts-humanities, social sciences, or natural sciencesand take one-half of their requirements for the major from upper-division (junior and senior) courses in that area. The other half of the required curriculum can be chosen from upper-division courses in the other two areas in which the student has chosen not to concentrate. In addition, students are required to fulfill 48 credits of the general requirements for the Rutgers-Camden Bachelor of Arts degree. They are required to complete general curricular requirements 1 through 7 but are exempted from requirement 8 (refer to Degree Requirements chapter of this catalog). Some of this 48 -credit requirement may be fulfilled by courses among the 24 general credits transferred from the community college.

Students will find the level of upper-division course work in the liberal arts at Rutgers to be a challenge. We require that all students in the major enroll as soon as possible in the required courses 50:606:301,302 Mastering the Liberal Arts I,II. This interdisciplinary course uses a range of topics and methods to challenge students to further develop the array of advanced skills needed to master the material taught in upper-division liberal arts courses. The first term emphasizes reading and writing skills needed in advanced humanities courses. The second term emphasizes developing reading, research, and quantitative skills appropriate for the social sciences and the natural sciences, with particular attention to psychology, sociology, urban studies, and ecology and biology. Regular writing and research assignments are an integral part of these two courses.

## Degree Requirements

For purposes of this major, humanities, social sciences, and natural sciences courses are grouped as follows:
Humanities: art, English, foreign languages, history, music, philosophy, religion, theater arts
Social Sciences: anthropology, economics, political science, psychology, sociology, urban studies
Natural Sciences: astronomy, biological sciences, chemistry, computer science, geology, mathematics, physics, statistics

## Transfer Credits from Associates of Applied Science Degree Program

36 credits taken in courses applicable to A.A.S. degree 24 credits applicable to Rutgers-Camden general requirements

## Major Requirements

## Core Courses ( 36 Credits)

1. 50:606:301,302 Mastering the Liberal Arts I,II $(3,3)$
2. Upper-division concentration-18 credits from courses in either the humanities, social sciences, or natural sciences
3. Secondary area-6 credits from upper-division courses
4. Tertiary area-6 credits from upper-division courses

Core courses may not be used to fulfill general requirements.

## Electives (24 credits)

Liberal arts and science courses ( 24 credits). These credits also may be used to fulfill general requirements and as prerequisites for upper-division liberal studies courses.

## Courses

50:606:301. MASTERING THE LIBERALARTS I (3) Required of all students in the major.
A range of topics and methods used to challenge students to further develop the array of advanced skills needed to master the material taught in upper-division liberal studies courses. Emphasizes the reading and writing skills needed in advanced humanities courses. Regular writing and research assignments.

## 50:606:302. MASTERING THE LIBERALARTS II (3)

Required of allstudents in the major.
A range of topics and methods used to challenge students to further develop the array of advanced skills needed to master the material taught in upper-division liberal studies courses. Emphasizes developing reading, research, and quantitative skills appropriate for the social sciences and the natural sciences, with particular attention to psychology, sociology/urban studies, and ecology/biology. Regular writing and research assignments.

50:606:480. Special Topics in the Liberal Arts (3)
Focuses on selected topics; content varies by term.

## LINGUISTICS 615

See English.

## MANAGEMENT 620

See the Courses chapter in the School of BusinessCamden section.

## MARKETING 630

See the Courses chapter in the School of BusinessCamden section.

## MATHEMATICALSCIENCES 640

## (Mathematics 640, Statistics 960)

Web Site: http:/ / carp.rutgers.edu/math_undergrad/
Major requirements in mathematics can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## Department of Mathematical Sciences

Chairperson: Gabor Toth
Mathematics

## Professors

Howard Jacobowitz, B.S., Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; M.S., Ph.D., New York
Gabor Toth, B.A., Ph.D., Eotvos Lorand (Hungary)
Associate Professors:
George Anthony Articolo, B.S., Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute; M.S., Ph.D., Temple
Leonard Nathan Bidwell, A.B., A.M., Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Joseph L. Gerver, B.A., Columbia; Ph.D., California (Berkeley)
Claire C. Jacobs (emerita), A.B., CUNY (Hunter); A.M., Columbia; M.S.,Pennsylvania

Martin Karel, B.A., Johns Hopkins; M.A., Ph.D., Chicago
Will Y.K. Lee, B.S., M.S., Kyung pook (Korea); Ph.D., SUNY (Stony Brook)
Mahesh Nerurkar, B.A., M.S., Bombay; Ph.D., Minnesota
AssistantProfessor:
Haisheng Li, B.S.,HebeiNormalCollege;M.S.,HarbinNormal College; Ph.D., Rutgers
Instructor:
Josephine Johansen, B.A., Rutgers; M.S., Drexel
Statistics
Professor:
Dinesh S. Bhoj, B.Sc., Ferguson College (India); B.Sc. (Hons), M.Sc., Poona (India); M.S., Ph.D., Pennsylvania

AssociateProfessors:
Debashis Kushary, B.Sc., M.Sc., Indian Statistical Institute (India); Ph.D., Rutgers
Yuchung Jeff Wang, B.S., M.S., National Tsing-Hua (Taiwan); M.S., Ph.D., Rutgers

## Major Requirements

Following are three options that students may choose according to their field of interest. It should be understood that these options specify a minimum requirement in each case. It is strongly recommended that they be supplemented by additional course work.

Students planning to specialize in Statistics 960 should contact the mathematical sciences department for a suitably designed program.

On admission, first-year students are assigned codes on the basis of a placement test in mathematics. The codes indicate readiness for regular math courses of various levels or the need for developmental courses (50:640:041-042). Students are required either to place out of the developmental sequence or to complete the sequence as prerequisite for any other course in mathematics, statistics, or computer science.

Students who are planning to take actuarial examinations are urged to enroll in the courses 50:640:331 and 50:960:481,482.

## Pure Mathematics Option

To qualify for the option in pure mathematics, a student must satisfactorily complete with a grade of $C$ or better each of the following courses in the suggested four-year schedule:

## First Year

50:640:121,122 Unified Calculus I,II (4,4)
Sophomore Year
50:640:221 Unified Calculus III (4)
50:640:250 Linear Algebra (3)
50:640:314 Elementary Differential Equations (3)
50:640:356 Theory of Numbers (3)

## Junior Year

50:640:311,312 Advanced Calculus I,II (3,3)
50:640:351,352 Introduction to Modern Algebra (3,3)

## Senior Year

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 50:640:403 } & \text { Introductory Theory of Functions of a } \\ \text { Complex Variable (3) }\end{array}$
50:640:435 Geometry (3)
50:640:441 Introductory Topology (3)
50:640:491 or 492 Mathematics Seminar I,II (3)
Courses 50:640:403, 435, and 441 are each offered in alternate years. Students pursuing the pure mathematics option should enroll in one or more of these courses during their junior year.

Deviations from the set program must be approved by the mathematical sciences department.

## Applied Mathematics Option

The student with an interest in the overlapping disciplines of biology, chemistry, computer science, engineering, physics, and mathematics is urged to major in applied mathematics. Outstanding students in biology, chemistry, computer science, engineering, and physics with a strong interest in mathematics are encouraged to apply for a second major in applied mathematics. To qualify for the option in applied mathematics, a student must satisfactorily complete with a grade of C or better each of the following courses in this suggested four-year schedule:

## First Year

50:640:121,122 Unified Calculus I,II $(4,4)$
50:750:131-132, 133-134 Elements of Physics I,II $(3,3)$ and Elements of Physics Laboratory I,II $(1,1)$

## Sophomore Year

50:640:221 Unified Calculus III (4)
50:640:250 Linear Algebra (3)
50:640:314 Elementary Differential Equations (3)
50:960:336 Applied Statistics (3)

## Junior Year

50:198:151 Introduction to Programming Methods Using FORTRAN (3) or 50:198:111 Introduction to Computer Science (3)
50:640:311 Advanced Calculus I (3)
50:640:363-364 Computational Engineering Mathematics I,II $(3,3)$

## Senior Year

50:198:381 Introduction to Numerical Methods (3)
50:198:481 Advanced Numerical Methods (3)
50:640:427 Advanced Differential Equations (3)
50:640:463-464 Partial Differential Equations and Boundary Value Problems $(3,3)$

The preceding list contains 48 credits in the major department. It indicates the chronological sequence in which the student should complete the courses. However, 50:640:427 and 50:640:463-464 are offered in alternate years. Students pursuing the applied mathematics option may need to enroll in this course during their junior year.

A student intending to do graduate work in applied mathematics is advised to include in his or her program some language study (preferably German, French, or Russian).

The student is free to choose electives from any other subjects in the natural sciences, humanities, or social sciences. Microeconomic and macroeconomic principles, 50:220:105-106, are highly recommended.

Deviations from the set program must be approved by the mathematical sciences department.

## Mathematics Teaching Option

Students seeking teacher certification in mathematics must complete the requirements for a major in the mathematical sciences department as well as satisfy other requirements for certification. For details regarding admission to the teacher education program and its requirements, students should consult both their department adviser and the chairperson of the education department. To satisfy the mathematics major portion of the requirements, a student must satisfactorily complete the relevant courses with a grade of $C$ or better. The teaching option requires the student to complete: 50:198:110 Introduction to Computing, 50:960:183 Elementary Applied Statistics or 50:960:283 Introduction to Statistics I, and 50:640:237 Discrete Mathematics. The student in the pure mathematics option is not required to take 50:640:312 Advanced Calculus II or 50:640:403 Introductory Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable for certification. If the student chooses the applied mathematics option to become teacher certified, then 50:198:110 Introduction to Computing and 50:960:183 Elementary Applied Statistics can be substituted by 50:198:111 Introduction to Computer Science or 50:198:151 Introduction to Programming Methods Using FORTRAN, and 50:960:336 Applied Statistics. The student for certification also will need to take 50:640:237 Discrete Mathematics.

## Minor Requirements

A minor in mathematics consists of a minimum of 18 credits of work, of which 9 credits must be at the 200 level or above, and 6 credits must be at the 300 level or above.

A minor in statistics consists of a minimum of 18 credits of work, of which 9 credits must be at the 200 level or above, and 6 credits must be at the 300 level or above.

## Departmental Honors Program

The departmental honors program in mathematics is for students who are interested in pursuing individual study and research in particular areas of pure and/or applied mathematics. The honors program follows the general guidelines given under the Departmental Honors Programs in the Degree Requirements section of this catalog.

Students should have a grade-point average of 3.5 or better in courses in mathematics in order to be admitted to the program. Interested students, preferably in their junior year, should discuss the program with the Department of Mathematical Sciences and should obtain approval from the chairperson and the member of the department who is to serve as the student's adviser. At the end of the program, upon recommendation from the Department of Mathematical Sciences, the notation Honors in Mathematics shall be affixed to the permanent academic record of the student.

## Courses (Mathematics 640)

Note: Some upper-level courses may be given in alternate years. Please check with department advisers.

## 50:640:041. Elementary Algebra (NC)

Forstudents who donothave the usual background in mathematics for collegeadmission.
The system of integers, exponentiation, graphing, solution of equations, and basic notions of geometry.

## 50:640:042. Intermediate Algebra (NC)

Prerequisite: 50:640:041 or placement by BasicSkills Test. Study of algebraic operations on polynomials, integral and rational exponents, linear and quadratic equations, systems of equations, and the function concept.

## $\mathbf{5 0 : 6 4 0 : 1 0 3 .}$ Fundamental Mathematics Systems I (R) (3)

Particularly suitableforstudents ofelementaryeducation. Sets, logic, number systems, and algebraic structures.

## 50:640:104. Fundamental Mathematics Systems II (R) (3)

Informal geometry, measurement, coordinate geometry, transformational geometry, and introduction to computers.

## 50:640:105. Finite MATHEMATICS (R) (3)

Particularly suitable forbusiness and economics majors. Introduction to important and fundamental areas of mathematics that do not require calculus. Topics include set theory; functions and relations; and the algebra of vectors and matrices with applications to systems of linear equations, linear programming, and game theory.

## 50:640:106. An INTRODUCTION TO MATHEMATICAL THOUGHT (R) (3)

Forthestudentwhohasseriousinterestinlearning something aboutmathematical thoughtand its applications, but who is not planning to major in mathematics.
An understanding of the topics chosen for illustrating mathematical thinking within the reach of the student with the usual high school background.

## 50:640:108. NUMBERS AND BEYOND (R) (3)

This course is designed for students whoare considering secondary certification. In addition, italsosatisfiesthe3-creditmathematics requirementforany othermajor. Study of the properties and qualities of number systems and spatial relationships in geometry. Topics needed to explore the developmental beauty of mathematics discussed. Some are logic and reasoning; set theory and number theory; function (not limited to linear); sequences; basic concepts from calculus; group and field concepts; and spatial concepts, such as rotations, translations, and geometric objects.

## 50:640:113. College Algebra (R) (3)

Prerequisite:50:640:042 or appropriatescore on the MathematicsPlacement Examination. Creditnot given forboth this course and 50:640:115. A nonrequired preparatory course for thosestudents who must take50:640:130.
A study of real numbers with regard to algebraic operations and order properties. Introduction to complex numbers and logarithmic and exponential functions.

## 50:640:114. TRIGONOMETRY AND ANALYTIC GEOMETRY (R) (3)

Elements of plane trigonometry and trigonometric identities. Plane loci, properties of the conic sections, and transformations of coordinates. The line, plane, and quadric surface in three dimensions.

## 50:640:115. Precalculus College Mathematics (R) (3)

Prerequisite:50:640:042 or appropriatescore on the Mathematics Placement Examination. Creditnot given forboth this course and 50:640:113. A nonrequired preparatory course for thosestudentswhomusttake50:640:121-122.
Algebraic expressions, algebraic equations, functions, graphing, and exponential,logarithmic, and trigonometric functions.

## 50:640:116. Elements of Calculus (R) (3)

Students who plan to take more than one term of calculus should follow the sequence 50:640:121-122. Credit will not, in general, begiven for more than one of the courses 50:640:116, 121, or 130 .
A one-term survey of the elements of calculus, with emphasis on applications. Topics include elementary functions and their derivatives, rate of change, curve tracing, velocity, minimum and maximum, law of growth and decay, antiderivatives, and definiteintegral.

## 50:640:121. UNIFIED CALCULUS I (R) (4)

Prerequisite:50:640:115 or accepted score on the Mathematics Placement
Examination. Students who plan to take more than one term of calculus should follow the sequence 50:640:121-122. Creditwill not, ingeneral, begivenformore than one of the courses 50:640:116,121, or 130.
An introduction to analytic geometry, differentiation of algebraic and transcendental functions, applications of differentiation, and a brief introduction to integration.

## 50:640:122. Unified CALCULUS II (R) (4)

Prerequisite:50:640:121 or equivalent.
An extensive introduction to integration and the definite integral, transcendental functions, methods of integration, applications, and infinite series.

50:640:129. LINEAR MATHEMATICS FOR Business and Economics (R) (3)
Prerequisite: 50:640:113 or accepted score on the Mathematics Placement Examination. A mathematics foundations course for the student majoring in businessandeconomics.
Basic algebra, matrices, and linear programming with applications to problems in business and economics.

## 50:640:130. CALCULUS FOR BUSINESS, ECONOMICS, AND LIfe Sciences (R) (3)

Prerequisite: 50:640:113 or appropriate score on the Mathematics Placement Examination. Studentswhoplan to takemore than one term of calculusshould follow the sequence 50:640:121-122. Creditwill not, ingeneral, begiven for more than one of the courses 50:640:116,121, or 130.
A one-term survey of the elements of calculus with emphasis on applications in business, economics, and life sciences. Topics covered are basic algebra, derivatives, maximum/minimum problems, integration, and partial differentiation.

## 50:640:182. Elements of Probabiluty (R) (3)

A one-term survey of the elements of the mathematical theory of probability with emphasis on applications. Topics include sets, subsets, Venn diagrams, partitions, independentevents, sample spaces and weights, conditional probabilities, the binomial theorem, methods in combinatorial probability, the binomial distribution, and expected value.

## 50:640:190. Introduction to Higher Mathematics (R) (3)

Designed primarily formathematicsmajors.
An encyclopedic survey of different branches of mathematics.

## 50:640:221. UNIFIED CALCULUS III (4)

Prerequisite:50:640:122.
Solid analytic geometry, partial differentiation, multiple integrals, and applications.

## 50:640:237. DISCRETE MATHEMATICS (3)

Prerequisite:50:640:113 orplacement.
Sets, relations, and functions. Mathematical induction. Recursion.
Propositional logic. Introduction to first order logic. Boolean algebra.
Elements of combinatorics. Introduction to graphs and trees.
50:640:250. Linear Algebra (3)
Prerequisite:50:640:122 or permission of instructor.
Vector spaces, the calculus of matrices, and the theory of determinants.

## 50:640:311-312. Advanced Calculus I,II $(3,3)$

Prerequisite: 50:640:221.
A study of convergence, uniform convergence, and continuity, with applications to series expansions in one and several variables; partial differentiation; multiple,line, and surface integrals.

## 50:640:314. ElEMENTARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS (3)

Prerequisite:50:640:221 or permission of instructor.
Theory of ordinary differential equations. Power series methods and existence and uniqueness theorems. Applications to problems in economics, biology, chemistry, physics, and engineering.

50:640:331. Introduction to Actuarial Mathematics (3)
Pre-or corequisites:50:640:221,250. Preparation course for the firstexam of the college of actuaries.
Survey of calculus and linear algebra, with particular emphasis on topics such as complex exponents and logarithms.

## 50:640:351-352. InTRODUCTION TO Modern Algebra $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:50:640:250 or permission of instructor.
The study of groups, rings, field, and linear spaces.

## 50:640:356. THEORY OF NUMBERS (3)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Properties of the natural numbers, simple continued fractions, congruences, and elementary arithmetical functions.

## 50:640:358. Advanced Discrete Mathematics (3)

 Prerequisite:50:640:237.Graphs and trees, generating functions, recursion theory, and difference equations. Regular and context-free languages. Finite and pushdown automata. Turing machines.

## 50:640:363-364. COMPUTATIONALENGINEERING MATHEMATICS I,II (3,3)

 Prerequisite: 50:640:314.Covers integral theorems of vector analysis, complex variables, series solutions to differential equations, Laplace and Fourier transforms, and use of mathematical software languages such asMapleand Mathematica.

## 50:640:368. MATHEMATICS FOR ECONOMIC AND BUSINESS ANALYSIS (3)

 Prerequisites: 50:640:129 and 130 .Emphasizes the mathematical foundations of analysis in optimization of multivariate functions; differential and difference equations; linear programming; problems with particular consideration to business and economic interpretation.

## 50:640:375. FOURIER Series (3)

Prerequisite:50:640:314.
Introduction to the solution of boundary value problems in the partial differential equations of mathematics, physics, and engineering by means of Fourier series, Fourier transforms, and orthogonal functions.

## 50:640:396. Honors Program in Mathematics (3)

50:640:401. FOUNDATIONS OF ANALYSIS (3)
Pre-orcorequisite:50:640:311.
Introduction to basic concepts of topology and analysis, including point sets, uniform continuity, uniform convergence, compactness, metric spaces, Jordan curves, and the Riemann-Stieljes integral.

## 50:640:402. FOUNDATIONS OF ANALYSIS (3) <br> Prerequisite:50:640:401. <br> HilbertSpace, Banach Space, Lebesgue integral, elements of functional analysis.

50:640:403. Introductory Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable (3)

Prerequisite:50:640:311 or permission of instructor.
Topological concepts, analytic functions, elementary conformal mappings, line integrals, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, the calculus of residues. Taylor and Laurent series, normal families,Riemann mapping theorem, and harmonic functions.

## 50:640:410. Vector Analysis (3)

Prerequisite: 50:640:221.
Vector calculus and its application to physics. Gauss, Stokes, Green theorems. Potentials.

## 50:640:427. AdVANCED DIFFERENTIAL EqUATIONS (3)

Prerequisites:50:640:250 and 314.
Autonomous and nonautonomous systems of differential equations; phase plane analysis and stability of critical points; the perturbation method applied to nonlinear equations; modeling and analysis of environmental, biological, chemical, and economic systems. An article interdisciplinary in nature discussed in detail.

## 50:640:432. Introduction to Differential Geometry (3)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Space, curves, curvature, torsions, Frenet formulas, curvilinear coordinates, fundamental forms, mean and Gaussian curvature, and the general theory of surfaces.

## 50:640:435. Geometry (3)

Prerequisites:50:640:121,122,221, or permission of instructor. Euclidean and non-Euclidean geometries, geometric transformations. Complex language in geometry. Moebius transformations. Symmetries and tessellations. Projective geometry. Regular polytopes.

## 50:640:441. INTRODUCTORY TOPOLOGY (3)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
A study of the standard topics of the set theoretic topology.

## 50:640:463-464. Partial Differential Equations and Boundary Value PROBLEMS $(3,3)$

Prerequisites:50:640:363-364.
An advanced course in methods of applied mathematics. Covers differential equations, orthogonal functions,Sturm-Liouville boundary value problems, Green's functions, variational methods, and other topics.

## 50:640:465. InTRODUCTION TO THE FUNDAMENTALS OF MATHEMATICS (3)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Selected topics from the different areas of mathematics.

## 50:640:472. SPECIAL FUNCTIONS (3)

Prerequisite:50:640:314.
Theory and applications of functions frequently used in modern analysis such as the gamma function, delta function, Green's functions, Legendre functions, Bessel functions, Schwarz distributions, and others.

50:640:477-478. MATHEMATICAL THEORY OF ProbabiLTY $(3,3)$
Prerequisites:50:640:121 and 50:960:336 or permission of instructor. Mathematical theory of discrete and continuous probabilities.

## 50:640:491,492. MATHEMATICS Seminar I,II $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:Permission of instructor.
Members of the seminar present individually developed reports on topics of mathematical interest.

## 50:640:493-494. Individual Study in Mathematics (BA,BA)

$50: 640: 495-496$. Honors Program in Mathematics $(3,3)$
50:640:497. Visualizing Mathematics by Computer (3)
Prerequisites:50:640:121,122,221, or permission of instructor. Recommended also forstudents majoring in computer science as an elective. A comprehensive introduction to symbolic computational packages and scientific visualization through examples from calculus and geometry. Covers 2-D,3-D, and animated computer graphics using Maple, Mathematica, and Geomview. No programming knowledge required.

## 50:640:498. COMPUTATIONAL MATHEMATICS (3)

Prerequisite: 50:640:250 or permission of instructor. Alternate substitute for 50:640:356. Recommended also for students majoring in computer science as anelective.
Designed to emphasize the computational aspect of number theory. The most important topics to treat are the prime numbers, pseudo primes, and their applications, especially cryptography; prime factorization of composite numbers via several different methods explored. Computer simulation emphasized.

## 50:640:499. Mathematics on the Web (3)

Prerequisites:50:640:121,122,221,250, or permission of instructor.
Recommended also for students majoring in computer science as an elective. Designed to get acquainted with using the World Wide Web for finding mathematical information and communicating mathematics.

## Courses (Statistics 960)

## 50:960:183. Elementary Appled Statistics (R) (3)

No prerequisite beyond the usual threeyears of high school mathematics. Credit will not be given for both this course and 50:830:215.
Frequency distribution, graphical representations, measures of central tendency and variability, elements of probability, the normal curve and its applications, sample versus population, estimating and testing hypotheses, regression and correlation analysis, nonparametric tests. Emphasis on applications.

## 50:960:283. INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS I (R) (3)

Prerequisite:50:640:121 or 130. Intended primarily for business majors and informationsystems/computer sciencemajors.
Elementary course in the principles and methods of statistics. Topics include measures of central tendency and dispersion, probability theory, random variables and probability distribution, binomial and normal distributions, central limit theorem, confidence intervals, and testing of hypotheses on mean(s) and proportion(s).

## 50:960:284. INTRODUCTION TO STATISTICS II (R) (3)

Prerequisite:50:960:283. Intended primarily for business majors and information systems/computersciencemajors.
A second introductory statistics course. Emphasizes the application of statistical techniques to data analysis. Topics include analysis of variance, nonparametric statistics, simple linear regression, correlation, multiple regression, time series, and index numbers.

## 50:960:336. ApPLIed Statistics (3)

Prerequisite:50:640:122. Intended primarily for applied mathematics majors butopentoallqualifiedstudents.
Descriptivestatistics, probability, random variables, probability distributions, estimation and tests of hypotheses, regression and correlation analysis. Emphasis on applications of these techniques to problems in the biological, physical, and social sciences.

## 50:960:337. MANAGERIAL Statistics (Intermediate) (3)

Prerequisite:50:960:283 or permission of instructor.
An intermediate course oriented to business and managerial decisions and research in social sciences. Statistical decision making, a priori and a posteriori probabilities, quality controlsampling, power curve solutions, sequential decisions, and research design. Design of sample surveys and study of replicated sampling plans.

## 50:960:340. SPECIAL TOPICS IN STATISTICS (3)

Prerequisite:50:960:284.
Aimed at students with any major who want to go beyond the first two statistics courses. Instructor provides proper description.

## 50:960:384. Statistical Data Analysis (3)

Prerequisite:50:960:284.
Aimed at students who want to go beyond the first two statistics courses. Application of statistical techniques to analyze data. Topics include correlation and regression analysis, regression diagnostics, model building, design of experiments, and categorical data analysis. Use of computer packages for visual analysis and interpretation of data.

## 50:960:390. Introductory Computing for Statistics (3)

Pre- and corequisites: 50:960:283,284.
Aimed at students who want to learn statistical computing along with or after the second statistics course. Introduces statistical computing using packages (Excel,SAS, etc.). Includes computing basic univariate statistics, generating random numbers, computing point estimates and confidence interval, testing of hypothesis, basic ANOVA, and regression.

## 50:960:452. INTRODUCTION TO BIOSTATISTICS (3)

Noprerequisite beyond the usual threeyears of high school mathematics. Introduction to the principles and methods of statistical inference for advanced undergraduate and graduate students in biological science. Topics include discussion of random variables, probability distributions, population, sample, measures of central tendency and dispersion, point and interval estimation, testing hypothesis, two-sample comparison, analysis of variance, linear regression and correlation model, and nonparametric methods. Emphasizes applications of statistical principles and analyses for biological science.

## 50:960:467. InTRODUCTION TO ApPLIED MuLTIVARIATE

 ANALYSIS (3)Prerequisite:50:960:284.
Aimed at students with any major who want to go beyond the first two statistics courses. Introduction to applied multivariate analysis through multivariate normal distribution. Topics include comparison of mean vector, multiple linear regression, discriminant analysis, principal components, factor analysis, and other applied multivariate topics. Use of statistical packages to perform all the multivariate computation and its interpretation.

## 50:960:476. INTRODUCTION TO SAMPLING (3)

Prerequisite:50:960:283 or 336 or permission of instructor.
Application of the principles of sampling to economic procurement or assessment of data. Introduction to various sampling procedures. Emphasis on the design and control phases of investigation.
Applications of the techniques to large-scale surveys, accounting and auditing, and operations research.

## 50:960:481,482. MATHEMATICAL TheORY OF Statistics $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:Firstcourse in calculus or permission of instructor. First term: theory of probability, discrete and continuous probability distributions, introduction to statistical inference. Second term: further study of distribution functions, correlation and regression, analysis of variance and design of experiments, nonparametric methods, sequential sampling.

## 50:960:483. StATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL (3)

Prerequisite:50:960:283 or permission of instructor. Basic course in modern statistical quality control. Statistical measures, histogram analysis, construction and analysis of control charts for variables and attributes, use of Dodge-Roming and military standards acceptance sampling plans, statistical aspects of tolerances.

## 50:960:484. Statistical Computing by SAS (3)

Pre-and corequisites:50:960:283,284.
Aimed at students who want to learn statistical computing along with or after the second statistics course. Topics include introduction to SAS for reading data, creating datasets, and handling other data steps. Using SAS to perform basic regression and model building techniques. Carrying out ANOVA procedures for different design of experiments. Exposure to basic analysis of categorical, time series, and other types of data.

## 50:960:485-486. Number Problems in Mathematical Theory of StatisTICS $(2,2)$

Tobe used as laboratory in conjunction with 50:960:481,482.
Numerical problems applied to data in student's field of study where possible. Emphasis on application of mathematical statistical distributions and methods.

## 50:960:487-488. Introduction to Operations Research $(3,3)$

Prerequisites:50:960:283,284 or permission of instructor. A two-term introduction to techniques of operations research involved in construction and solution of models in inventory, linear programming, nonlinear programming, queuing, sequencing, network, replacement, reliability, Markov chains, and competitive problems.

## 50:960:490. Experimental Design and Analysis (3)

Prerequisites:50:960:283,284 or permission of instructor. An advanced course in statistics with applications in all fields of study. Analysis of variance and covariance, experimental framework and layout, simple randomized designs, randomized blocks. Latin squares, Graeco-Latin squares,factorials, balanced and partially balanced designs, gains in precision and estimation.

## 50:960:495. INDEPENDENT STUDY IN STATISTICS (3)

Prerequisites:50:960:283,284 and permission of instructor. Intended for students who want to concentrate on special methods of statistical analysis and their applications to real world problems.

## 50:960:496. Independent Study in Operations Research (3)

Prerequisites:50:960:487-488 and permission of instructor. Intended to meet the needs of students who wish to study special techniques of operations research beyond the level of 50:960:487-488, or their applications to real world problems.

## MEDICINE, DENTISTRY, AND VETERINARY MEDICINE

Students preparing to enter medical, dental, or veterinary school may do so by enrolling in any departmental program leading to a baccalaureate degree. Unless a student's major program includes at least 6 credits of physics, 6 credits of general biology, and 12 credits of chemistry, including organic chemistry, these should be incorporated. This program can be completed only through daytime attendance. Since some medical, dental, and veterinary schools require courses in addition to those mentioned, students are advised to familiarize themselves with the specific requirements of the schools to which they apply. The AAMC Medical School Admission Requirements Guide, available in the college library, is a valuable source book.

Medical, dental, and veterinary schools require that applicants take an aptitude test as a part of the admissions procedure. Information about these examinations may be obtained from any member of the premedical community.

## MICROBIOLOGY 680

See Biological Sciences.

## MUSEUM STUDIES

See Fine Arts.

MUSIC 700, 701
See Fine Arts.

## NURSING 705

Web Site: http://www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ nursing_ugrad/nursing.html
The major program in nursing is available only to CCAS students and those who have been accepted by the college.

## Department of Nursing

Chairperson: Mary E. Greipp, R.N., Ed.D., FAAN
Professor:
Mary E. Greipp, B.S.N., Villanova; M.S.N., Pennsylvania; Ed.D., Rutgers
Clinical Associate Professor:
Kathleen C. Ashton, B.S.N., Coe; M.S.N., Maryland; Ph.D., Temple

## Assistant Professors:

Mary Emily Cameron, B.S.N., Duke; M.S., Boston; Ph.D., Pennsylvania Barbara Celia, B.S., Rutgers; M.S.N., Pennsylvania; Ed.D., Rutgers
William P. Puentes, B.S.N., Stockton; M.S.N., Pennsylvania; D.N.Sc., Widener Carole-Rae Reed, B.S.N., Stockton; M.S.N., Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Brent Thompson, B.S.N., M.S.N., Delaware; D.N.Sc., Widener
Clinical Instructor:
Nanette Sulik, B.S.N., M.S.N., LaSalle
The nursing program at Rutgers' Camden College of Arts and Sciences is an upper-division program with all nursing courses given in the junior and senior years. Acceptance to the Camden College of Arts and Sciences does not constitute acceptance to the nursing major. The department has a clearly defined selection process that must be followed.

The nursing major begins in September of the junior year. Application to Rutgers University and Camden College of Arts and Sciences must be made before December 1 of the sophomore year. Interested candidates then obtain and submit a completed departmentalapplication form in January of the sophomore year. The department's Scholastic Standing and Recruitment Committee is responsible for reviewing all candidates' records and transcripts and selecting students for acceptance into the major.

To be admitted in the junior year, a student must be matriculated in or accepted by Camden College of Arts and Sciences and must have completed 60 credits in prerequisite courses. A grade of C or better is required for each course, and a cumulative grade-point average of at least 2.5 is required. Acceptance into the program is dependent upon the student's overall academic record and on the number of openings available at the time of application. All acceptances are conditional, meaning that the student must complete all course work and maintain the required cumulative grade-point average prior to September.

The Department of Nursing welcomes registered nurses, second degree students, and others interested in pursuing a baccalaureate degree in nursing. Interested students must first apply to Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, Office of University Undergraduate Admissions, 65 Davidson Road, Piscataway, NJ 08854-8097. Upon admission as a transfer student, the individual is classified as pre-nursing (008) and referred to the Department of Nursing for advising.

## Registered Nurse Track

Interested students should contact the Department of Nursing at 856/225-6226 for information and an appointment with a faculty member. Each student is considered individually and a proposed course of study discussed.

The R.N. student is considered an "Advanced Placement Student" by virtue of prior education, experience, and graduation from an NLN accredited professional nursing program. It is possible for advanced placement students who have met all of the pre-nursing requirements and have passed the NCLEX, which challenges 20 credits of Nursing II and III, to finish the upper-division nursing program in one full year. Students may decide to take their course work at a slower pace.

## Prerequisite Courses for the Nursing Major

(Usually takes two years to complete)
50:160:107-108 General Chemistry $(4,4)$
50:350:101-102 English Composition I,II $(3,3)$
50:520:255 Nutrition (3)
50:680:211 Microbiology and Its Application (4)
50:830:101 Introduction to Psychology (3)
50:830:325 Psychology of Childhood (3)
50:830:363 Abnormal Psychology (3)
50:920:207 Introduction to Sociology (3)
50:920:306 Sociology of the Family (3)
50:960:183 Elementary Applied Statistics (3) or 50:830:215 Statistics for Social Sciences (3)
50:990:253-254 Anatomy and Physiology $(4,4)$
Humanities electives (9)
Literature elective (3)
Major Requirements (Junior and Senior Years) for Generic and Transfer Students

## Third Year (32 credits)

50:705:350 Nursing I (6)
50:705:351 Nursing I Clinical Laboratory (4)
50:705:355 Nursing II (6)
50:705:356 Nursing II Clinical Laboratory (4)
50:705:489 Pharmacology (3)
50:730:349 Ethics in the Health Professions (3)
50:990:357 Pathophysiology (3)
Humanities elective (3)
Fourth Year (29 credits)
50:705:411 Research in Nursing (3)
50:705:470 Nursing III (6)
50:705:471 Nursing III Clinical Laboratory (4)
50:705:475 Nursing IV (6)
50:705:476 Nursing IV Clinical Laboratory (4)
50:705:491 Issues in Nursing (3)
Humanities elective (3)

## Major Requirements for Advanced Placement (R.N.) Students

50:705:358 Conceptual Foundations of Professional Practice (6)
50:705:411 Research in Nursing (3)
50:705:475 Nursing IV (6)
50:705:476 Nursing IV Clinical Laboratory (4)
50:705:489 Pharmacology (3) or 26:705:538 Pharmacodynamics for Primary Health Care (3)
50:705:491 Issues in Nursing (3)
50:730:349 Ethics in the Health Professions (3)
50:990:357 Pathophysiology (3) or 26:120:547 Pathophysiology (3)
Free elective (1-2)
Humanities electives (6)
Prescribed elective (liberal studies or women's studies) (3)

## Elective Requirements

Electives used to meet degree requirements are to represent a broad range of subjects in keeping with college requirements and are to be selected in consultation with a nursing adviser. A maximum of 6 credits from any single discipline is accepted as elective credit. Courses are to be selected from anthropology, economics, fine arts, foreign language, history, philosophy, political science, religion, mathematics, and computer science.

## Scholastic Standing

A grade of $C$ or better is required in all non-nursing courses. Any course completed with less than a grade of $C$ may
be repeated only once to improve the grade. A grade less than C in the repeated course will automatically make the student ineligible for admission into, or continuance in, the nursing major. The clinical nursing courses must be taken in the sequence listed, and minimum grades of $C+$ must be attained in order to progress within the curriculum.

## Accreditation

This 120-credit nursing program is fully accredited by the National League for Nursing Accrediting Commission (NLNAC), 350 Hudson Street, New York, NY 10014, until December 31, 2000 (1-800/669-9656), and by the New Jersey State Board of Nursing, Newark, NJ.

The program also holds provisional accreditation from the newly formed Commission on Collegiate Nursing
Education (CCNE). A full review is scheduled for fall 2000.

## Financial Aid

There are many scholarship opportunities for nursing students. Several area hospitals and nursing agencies provide financial assistance to students in the nursing major. Students should contact the financial aid office for scholarship information and check the bulletin board in the nursing complex for posted information.

## Courses

## 50:705:350. NURSING I (6)

Corequisite:50:705:351 or 385 . Fall, junior year. Introduces the practice of professional nursing. The philosophy and conceptual framework of the Department of Nursing are utilized in focusing on health and wellness needs in individuals and the nurse's role in promotion and conservation of health and the prevention of disease, disability, and problems of daily living.

## 50:705:351. NURSING I CLINICAL LABORATORY (4)

Corequisite:50:705:350. Fall,junior year.
A variety of laboratory settings used to apply the theory of health promotion and conservation as well as the prevention of disease, disability, and problems of daily living.

## 50:705:355. NURSING II (6)

Prerequisites:50:705:350,351. Corequisite:50:705:356. Spring,junior year. Focuses on the care of clients throughout the life cycle who have basic alterations in health status. Stresses a multidimensional approach and encompasses the conservation of health, the prevention of illness, and the amelioration of the health status of the client. The restoration of health a major focus.

## 50:705:356. Nursing II Cunical Laboratory (4)

Prerequisites: 50:705:350,351. Corequisite: 50:705:355. Spring,junior year. Several clinical settings used for laboratory experience. The student applies classroom theory in caring for selected clients and searches the literature for latest findings that facilitate the delivery of health care.

## 50:705:358. CONCEPTUAL FOUNDATIONS OF PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE (6)

For registered nurses. Corequisite: 50:990:357 or 26:120:547.
Planned for the advanced placement student (registered nurse) as an adult learner and builds on the R.N.'s professional experiences while focusing on the socialization and transition into the role of the baccalaureate-prepared professional nurse. Importance of research and other intellectual skills to create and apply nursing knowledge stressed.

## 50:705:411. Research in Nursing (3)

Prerequisites:50:705:355,356;statistics.
Assists the student to understand the theory and process of research. Includesexploration of research designs and methods, data analysis, and the utilization of research findings. Focus on the student as a consumer of research.

## 50:705:470. Nursing III (6)

Prerequisites: 50:705:355,356. Corequisite:50:705:471. Fall, senior year. Focuses on the care of clients throughout the life cycle who have impairments in health status. Emphasis placed upon biological, psychological, sociocultural, and spiritual needs of the client adapting to the acute phase of illness. The concepts of conservation, prevention, restoration, and amelioration utilized, with the focus on restoration.

## 50:705:471. NURSING III CLINICAL LABORATORY (4)

Prerequisites: 50:705:355,356. Corequisite:50:705:470. Fall, senior year. Several clinical settings used. Students expected to reach beyond their clinical settings to the literature and to collaborate with other professionals in order to plan and implement effective care for clients.

## 50:705:475. NURSING IV (6)

Prerequisites:50:705:470,471.Corequisite:50:705:476.Spring,senior year. Promotes independence in the practice of nursing through conceptualization of the leadership role of the professional nurse in meeting the health-care needs of various societal groups. Community aspects related to psychological, sociocultural, and spiritual influence, the influence of the health system, and the roles of health providers examined.

## 50:705:476. Nursing IV Cunical Laboratory (4)

Prerequisites:50:705:470,471. Corequisite:50:705:475.Spring, senioryear. Focuses on health promotion and teaching as related to individual and group interactions. A variety of clients in community settings affords an opportunity to implement the nursing process and to collaborate with colleagues in professional practice. Students expected to be self-directed in their learning activities and to develop skills in leadership and the change process as an aid to the transition from the role of student to that of practitioner.

## 50:705:480. SPECIAL TOPICS (3)

Spring or fall,junior and senior years.
Focuses on selected topics; content varies by term. Topics have included history of nursing and specialized nursing practice.

## 50:705:489. PHARMACOLOGY (3)

Prerequisites:50:990:253-254.
Role of nurses in promoting responsible use of chemicals to enhance health while minimizing detrimental effects. Content covers basic concepts of pharmacology, major drug groups, and their use in practice. Nursing implications stressed.

## 50:705:491. ISSUES IN NURSING (3)

Senior year.
An overview of issues that face the profession, including union or professional representatives, client advocacy, continuing education, moral and ethical concerns, and accountability. As new issues arise and old issues are resolved, course content is altered.

## PHARMACY 720

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ pharmacy/pharmacy.html

## Program Director: L.A. Burke

The university's College of Pharmacy in New Brunswick admits students directly from high school. Students admitted to the College of Pharmacy have the option of taking the first two years of academic work in Camden. Students who are admitted to the Camden College of Arts and Sciences may be able to transfer to the College of Pharmacy in New Brunswick, or another college of pharmacy, on a spaceavailable basis. The first year's studies include 50:120:101,102 General Biology, 50:160:115-116 Chemical Principles, 50:160:125-126 Chemical Principles Laboratory, 50:350:101102 English Composition, 50:640:121 Unified Calculus, and 50:960:183 Elementary Applied Statistics. The second year includes 50:160:335-336 Organic Chemistry, 50:220:105 Microeconomic Principles, 50:750:203-204 and 205-206 General Physics and Laboratory, human physiology, and 6 credits in the humanities or social sciences. This program can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## PHILOSOPHY AND RELIGION (Philosophy 730, Religion 840)

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ philosreligion/philreli.html
Major requirements can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## Department of Philosophy and Religion

Chairperson: Charles Jarrett

## Professors:

Stuart Z. Charmé, B.A., Columbia; M.A., Ph.D., Chicago (Religion)
Hugh C. White (emeritus), B.A., Asbury College; B.D., Emory; Ph.D., Drew (Religion)
AssociateProfessors:
Clifford William Brown, A.B., A.M., Pennsylvania; Ph.D., Bryn Mawr College(Philosophy)
Charles Jarrett, B.A.,Florida;M.A.,Ph.D., California (Berkeley) (Philosophy)
The study of philosophy and religion offers a vital contribution to a humanistic education. Both fields deal with various ways in which human beings have tried to understand and give expression to the nature and meaning of reality, knowledge, the self, values, and the purpose of human life.

Course work in philosophy is planned to acquaint the student with the historical and systematic interrelations of the significant philosophic concepts in Western thought and to provide training in the techniques proper to the subject.

Stress is placed on philosophy as an activity, and the department aims to provide training sufficiently broad in scope and technical in procedure to equip the student with both a knowledge of important philosophical issues and the basis for developing an analytical judgment that is both critical and productive.

Course work in religion explores the incredible diversity and pervasiveness of religious life, religious experience, and religious thought throughout human history. A variety of methodological approaches is employed to familiarize students with literary, historical, philosophical, phenomenological, and social-scientific forms of analysis.

Majoring in the Department of Philosophy and Religion provides excellent preparation for graduate study in philosophy or religious studies. Majors and minors in the department also may go on to a wide variety of careers in education, law, ministry, and business.

## Major Requirements

The Department of Philosophy and Religion offers a philosophy major with two tracks: (1) the philosophy track and (2) the religious studies track. The requirements for each track are as follows.

The philosophy track requires:

| Courses |  |
| :--- | :---: | Credits

The religious studies track requires:

| Courses |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| 50:730:201 Introduction to Logic | Credits |
| 50:730:301 History of Philosophy I | 3 |
| Two additional courses in philosophy | 6 |
| Eight courses in religion | 6 |
|  | $\underline{24}$ |

Students majoring in the department should select one of these tracks in consultation with their adviser. The philosophy track is recommended for students whose primary interests are in philosophy as well as those who are considering graduate study in philosophy. The religious studies track is recommended for students whose primary interests are in religious studies as well as those who are considering graduate study in religious studies.

Any student may petition the department to substitute other courses for those on these lists.

Major requirements can be completed only through daytime attendance.

Majors are encouraged to have a competence in a foreign language equivalent to that obtained through the intermediate level of study. Majors also are urged to develop, in consultation with the adviser, a strong minor program, or even a second major.

## Minor Requirements

## Philosophy Minor

A minor in philosophy requires six courses (18 credits), of which at least four must be above the 100 level, and at least two must be at the 300 to 400 level.

## Religion Minor

A minor in religion consists of six courses (18 credits). At least one course must be at the 100 to 200 level, and at least two must be at the 300 level.

## Philosophy and Religion Minor

A minor in philosophy and religion consists of six courses ( 18 credits). Three of these must be in philosophy (730) and three must be in religion (840). At least four courses must be at or above the 300 level.

## Courses (Philosophy 730)

## 50:730:111. Introduction to Phllosophy (R) (3)

An exploration of philosophical problems, such as truth, justice, mind, and person, with a view to surveying the field and locating such particular philosophical specialties within it as logic, ethics, and metaphysics.

## 50:730:181. Problems of Identity (3)

A philosophical examination of the question, "Who am I?" Study of texts in philosophy and the human sciences augmented by awareness exercises, improvisatory enactments, and expressive artwork. The student is encouraged to confront the problem of his or her own identity.

## 50:730:201. Introduction to Logic (R) (3)

An introduction to modern symbolic logic, with an emphasis on methods for the evaluation and construction of deductive arguments, and on the concepts of validity, consistency, and implication. Topics selected from among the following: informal fallacies, logic and ordinary language, induction, the scientific method, the logic of Aristotle, and the relation between logic and other areas in philosophy.

## 50:730:226. Ethics (3)

An examination of the quest for certainty with respect to the nature of human goodness, including the relation of duty to pleasure and happiness, the nature of moral obligation and responsibility, the resolution of conflicts between individual and social values, and the possibility of objective justification of value judgments.

## 50:730:256. Phllosophy of LIterature (3)

An exploration of philosophical questions about literature, including interpretation in criticism, the nature of critical evaluation, truth in fiction, and metaphor. Specific literary work selected to serve as a base for the discussion of these philosophical issues.

## 50:730:260. Ethics and Business (3)

An examination of basic questions and perplexities of commercial and corporate life. Are the economic imperatives of free enterprise compatible with ethical imperatives of brotherliness? Are there some ethical principles so general that they are applicable in every case? Can one be good at business and also be a good person? Can conflicts among duties to family, company, and self be resolved? Contemporary case studies augmented with basic texts in ethics.

## 50:730:301. History of Philosophy I (R) (3)

The beginnings and early developments of Western philosophy. Readings selected from among the pre-Socratics, Plato, Aristotle, Maimonides, Aquinas, and Occam. Topics may include the nature of argument, political loyalty and political dissent, justice, normative ethics, causality, and the existence of God.

## 50:730:302. History of Philosophy II (R) (3)

The career of philosophy from its modern beginnings in Descartes. Readings selected from the classical modern period, from Descartes through Kant, and also from such contemporary approaches as existentialism and analytic philosophy. Topics include the relationship between mind and body, the origins and extent of human knowledge, skepticism and belief, and the meaning of personal identity.

## 50:730:303. Advanced Topics in Medieval Philosophy (3)

An in-depth study of the important thinkers and philosophical positions of the Middle Ages. Special attention given to the writings of Aquinas, Duns Scotus, and William of Occam, but readings from the Augustinian tradition and major Jewish and Islamic philosophies also included.

## 50:730:305. Advanced Topics in Ancient Philosophy (3)

A study of the major philosophers in the ancient world with particularemphasis on Plato and Aristotle. Research and discussion of basic texts and the relationships between philosophical ideas and scientific, political, and religious currents in the Greek world.

## 50:730:307. The Background of Contemporary Philosophy (3)

Movements in nineteenth-century philosophical thought. Readings from such philosophers as Hegel, Marx, Nietzsche, and Kierkegaard.

## 50:730:308. CONTEMPORARY PHILOSOPHY (3)

Concentration on the existentialist and analytic traditions, with attention also given to such philosophers as Bergson and Whitehead.

## 50:730:313,314. RATIONALISM AND Empiricism: Philosophy in the Seventeenth and Eighteenth Centuries $(3,3)$

Critical examination of major works selected from the following: Descartes,Malebranche,Spinoza,Locke,Leibniz,Berkeley,Hume, and Kant. Course content varies from year to year, either by dealing primarily with particular issues (metaphysics, ethics, or aesthetics) or by dealing primarily with the works of one philosopher.

## 50:730:315,316. SOME CONTEMPORARY MORAL ISSUES $(3,3)$

A consideration of such issues as prejudice and discrimination, abortion and fetal research, poverty and hunger, crime and punishment, war and death, suicide and euthanasia.

## 50:730:319. Modern Social and Poutical Philosophy (3)

Critical examination of the philosophical problems involved in theories of the state and society. Topics include the nature and justification of political obligation, civil disobedience, violence, natural rights, and justice.

## 50:730:320. Philosophy of Law (3)

Introduction to philosophical issues concerning the nature of law and its relations to morality and to power. Focuses on the concepts of justice and punishment, the function of law, and types of legal argument. Legal materials include cases drawn from constitutional law, contracts, torts, and criminal law.

## 50:730:326. PhILOSOPHY OF RELGION (3)

An exploration of religious issues which are live options. Examples: Do science and reason leave any room for faith? Without a belief in a supreme being who is supremely good, is life pointless? Can an atheist be moral? Can God's existence, or human immortality, be proven? Do religious experiences occur, and do they prove anything?

## 50:730:327. Women and Philosophy (3)

A critical examination of traditionalist and feminist views concerning sex differentiation and its philosophical implications for ethical, political, and psychological theories, and for such particular issues as oppression, woman's nature, the meaning of equality, and the role of the family.

## 50:730:332. INTERMEDIATE LOGIC (R) (3)

Prerequisite:50:730:201 orpermission of instructor. A continuation of 50:730:201, with an emphasis on application. Predicate logic with identity, soundness, and completeness. Topics selected fromamong axiomatic theories, nontruth-functionallogics (such as modal, deontic, and epistemic), set theory, and issues in the philosophy of logic and language.

## 50:730:334. Phllosophy of Science (3)

Examination of major philosophical issues concerning science. Topics selected from among science and pseudoscience; scientific explanation, method, theories, laws, falsification; scope and limits of science; revolutions in science; science and ethics.

## 50:730:344. Existentialism and Phenomenology (3)

(Formerly50:730:418)
An examination in the historical setting of Husserl's phenomenology and such philosophers as Kierkegaard, Nietzsche, Heidegger, Jaspers, Buber, Marcel, Sartre, and Merleau-Ponty.

## 50:730:349. Ethics in the Health Professions (3)

An examination of ethical theories and their application to such issues in the health professions as abortion, lying, animal experimentation, insanity, moral evil, and justice. Emphasis varies from year to year.

## 50:730:361. Phllosophy of Art (3)

A study of selected texts on the philosophy of art from the Greeks to contemporary writers, with the purpose of investigating the relationships among the arts, and the status of art and the aesthetic judgments as modes of discovery and communication.

## 50:730:367. American Phllosophers (3)

Examination of the principal philosophers in nineteenth-and twentieth-century America. Critical discussion of the transcendentalists, the idealists, Pierce, James, Dewey, and Whitehead.

## 50:730:412. Theory of Knowledge (3)

Prerequisites:Fourcoursesinphilosophy, including 50:730:415, orpermission ofdepartment.
An investigation of what it means to know. Topics include theories of meaning, evaluation of evidence, the meaning of and criteria for truth, and the nature of belief.

## 50:730:415. Metaphysics (3)

Prerequisites:Fourcourses in philosophy or permission of department. A study of the major problems of metaphysical theory, focusing on modes of existence and the presuppositions, methodologies, and consequences of different metaphysical systems.

## 50:730:417. Analytic Philosophy (3)

Examination of methods of analysis as they appear in such writers as Russell,Moore, Wittgenstein, and Carnap, and in contemporary linguistic philosophy.

## 50:730:418. PHILOSOPHY OF MIND (3)

Critical examination of the mind-body problem and various proposed solutions. Topics selected from among immortality, freedom, artificial intelligence, parapsychology, psychological theories, the unconscious, reasoning, emotions, and intentions.

## 50:730:430. Advanced Logic (3)

Prerequisite:50:730:332 or(withpermission of instructor)50:730:201. Topics from among such "deviant" logics as many-valued and intuitionistic logics, foundations of mathematics, paradoxes, nontruth-functional logics, and issues in the philosophy of languageand logic.

## 50:730:451,452,453,454,455,456. Advanced Seminarin Philosophy (3,3,3,3,3,3)

Prerequisites:Four courses in philosophy or permission of department. The focus could be either a concentrated study of a particular text, philosopher, or school of thought, or an examination of a particular philosophical concept, methodology, or problem.

## 50:730:495,496. Independent Study in Philosophy (BA,BA)

Prerequisite:Permission of department.
An individual reading and research project under the guidance of a member of the philosophy department in an area of interest tothestudent.

## Courses (Religion 840)

## 50:840:103. Introduction to Religion (R) (3)

A general introduction to the basic religious concerns of humanity, and the ways in which religions have developed in Eastern and Western history, giving intellectual, moral, and institutional expression to the meaning of human existence.
$50: 840: 108$. Religion and Contemporary Culture (3)
The interaction between religion and selected aspects of contemporary culture including technology, the natural and social sciences, art, and philosophy.

50:840:110. Introduction to the Bible and Its Interpreters (R) (3)
Historical background and basic literary content of the portions of the Tanach (Old Testament) and New Testament that have had the most lasting influence on Western culture. Focus on the ways
in which the Bible has been interpreted in Western history.

## 50:840:211. History of Religions: The Eastern Experience (3)

A historical and comparative study of the religions of Hinduism, Buddhism, Taoism, Confucianism, and Shinto and their expressions in the cultures of India, China, and Japan.

50:840:212. Jews, Christians, and Muslims (3)
The historical development of Judaism, Christianity, and Islam from the earliest roots in the myths and rituals of the ancient world to their modern forms. The interaction between each tradition and the cultural context in which it emerges and develops. The popular expression of each religion's beliefs in its holidays, rituals, and legends.

## 50:840:216. The Black Church (3)

The effects of American enslavement on the religious and social institutions of the African people and the development of religious beliefs and institutions within the black community in the United States. The relationship between the black and white religious institutions and the role of religion in the development of black political consciousness.

## 50:840:307. Relugion in CONTEMPORARY America (3)

An investigation of some of the major religious issues which have emerged in recent years in American culture. Protestant, Catholic, Jewish, and black representatives studied; the influence of Eastern religions and extradenominational manifestations of religious concernexamined.

## 50:840:312. Contemporary Religious Thought (3)

Prerequisites:50:840:212 or 50:730:301,302 or permission of instructor. Major trends in current Jewish, Catholic, and Protestant theology as related to developments in modern thought.

50:840:323. Biblcal Studies: Tanach (Old Testament) (3)
Introduction to modern literary and historical methods of the study of the Tanach, and development of an understanding of the religious and cultural contributions of ancient Israel through investigation of representative writings.

## 50:840:324. Biblical Studies: New Testament (3)

A critical analysis of the New Testament and contemporary methods of interpretation with special emphasis on the problem of the historical Jesus.

## 50:840:325. Myth and Symbol (3)

Comparative studies of the creation myths and hero myths of selected Eastern, Middle Eastern, European, Native American, and African cultures. Attention given to the religious worldview, the psychological and social implications, and the symbolic forms of expression of each. Various methodologies for the study of myth investigated.

## 50:840:327-328. Lecture Series in Religion $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:Permission of instructor.
Visiting lecturers speak on a central topic selected by the religion department. Students participate through attendance at the lectures, prescribed background reading under the direction of a faculty member, and submission of a paper.

## 50:840:330. Women and Religion (3)

An examination of the image of women and the feminine in the myths, symbols, and theology of major religious traditions. Consideration given to the status and role of women in relation to the issues of religious practice, participation in rituals, and ordination. Finally, a look at feminist options for women's changing image and role in religion.

## 50:840:332. Anti-Semitism and the Holocaust (3)

An investigation into the nature and historical development of anti-Semitism in general and Nazism in particular. Examination of specific stages of Nazi genocide as well as implications for modern religion, theories of human nature, and situations we may confront in the future. Integrates material from history, psychology, ethics, theology, and literature in order to evaluate possible responses.

## 50:840:335. CONTEMPORARY ETHICS: EAST AND WESt (3)

The value systems embodied in the myths, rituals, and traditions of the major world religions examined in light of their influence on the formation of personal identity. The relation of traditional ethics compared to modern ethical theory. Specific contemporary issues analyzed, such as racism, sex, abortion, gender discrimination, divorce, pacifism, civil disobedience, ecological destruction, and genetic manipulation.

## 50:840:337. Religion and Psychology (3)

Survey of different approaches to the psychological interpretation of religious phenomena, such as images of God, myths and legends, rituals, mysticism, faith healing, meditation, and conversion experiences. The works of Freud, Jung, and others considered.

## 50:840:343. Prophecy: Ancient and Modern (3)

Phenomenological analysis of ancient modes of thought about the future, such as prophecy (primitive, biblical), astrology, techniques of prediction (e.g., the I Ching), and dream interpretation. Such modes traced through selected historical examples in Western tradition to their emergence in the modern period. Criteria for evaluating contemporary modes of thought about the future: culture criticism (J.Ellul), social planning, astrology, and mystical prediction.

## 50:840:373. CONTEMPORARY JUDAISM (3)

A study of the development of Judaism in America and an analysis of the major religious issues of modern Judaism as expressed by major Jewish thinkers. Topics include contemporary attitudes toward God and Torah, Israel and Zionism, the Holocaust and the death of God, the dialogue of Judaism and Christianity, the challenge of secularism, and the Jew in modern literature.

## $\mathbf{5 0 : 8 4 0} \mathbf{3 8 9}, \mathbf{3 9 0}$. Independent Study $(3,3)$

Advanced students pursue a research topic under the direction of a faculty member, culminating in a paper.

50:840:393. Special Topics in Religion (3)

## PHYSICS 750

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ physics/index.html

## Department of Physics

Chairperson: L. John Gagliardi
Professor:
E. Roger Cowley, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., Cambridge

Associate Professors:
L. John Gagliardi, B.S., Villanova; M.A., Ph.D., Temple

Paul Mazur, A.B., Temple; Ph.D., Maryland
AssistantProfessor:
Huaxiang Fu, B.S., University of Science and Technology (China); M.S.,
Ph.D., Fudan
Assistant Instructors:
Scott J. Gurfinkiel, B.S., Rutgers; M.S., Drexel
Richard Medrala, B.S., M.S., Rutgers

## Major Requirements

A physics degree opens up a rich diversity of options to the graduating student. Approximately one-half of physics graduates go on to graduate school. Those not going on
to graduate school enter employment in physics or such related fields as electronics, computers, or engineering, or as teachers. Reflecting the diversity of the major, there are two tracks open to physics undergraduates. The first option is the traditional one and is intended for those who are interested in experimental and theoretical physics as well as computational physics, and those who will be going on to graduate school. The second option emphasizes the application of computers to physics. A combination of skills in both physics and computer science is a valuable training for industrial employment.

In each of the options, students must achieve a gradepoint average of at least 2.0 in physics and mathematics courses. When a course has an associated laboratory, the student must take both the lecture course and the laboratory concurrently, unless prior permission has been obtained from the department chairperson. Students should be aware that certain 300- and 400-level courses may be offered only in alternate years.

Students seeking teacher certification in physics must complete the requirements for the major in physics as well as satisfying other requirements for certification. Either track in the physics program may be followed. For details regarding admission to the teacher education program and its requirements, students should consult the education department.

The requirements for the first two years of both tracks are almost identical to those of the pre-engineering program (005), giving the student three options during the first two years. The required courses are:

## First Year

## First Term

50:640:121 Unified Calculus I (4)
50:750:131 Elements of Physics I (3)
50:750:133 Elements of Physics Laboratory I (1)

## Second Term

50:198:151 Introduction to Programming Methods Using FORTRAN (3)
50:640:122 Unified Calculus II (4)
50:750:132 Elements of Physics II (3)
50:750:134 Elements of Physics Laboratory II (1)

## Sophomore Year

## First Term

50:160:115 Chemical Principles I (3)
50:160:125 Chemical Principles Laboratory I (1)
50:640:221 Unified Calculus III (4)
50:750:233 Electric Circuits I (3)
50:750:253 Mechanics I (3) *

## Second Term

50:160:116 Chemical Principles II (3)
50:160:126 Chemical Principles Laboratory II (1)
50:640:314 Elementary Differential Equations (3)
50:750:232 Elements of Modern Physics (3)
Students electing the traditional physics option should take 50:640:250 Linear Algebra; 50:198:111 can be substituted for 50:198:151.

The two physics tracks differ in the junior year, although there is still considerable overlap and flexibility.

## Traditional Physics Option

## Junior Year

## First Term

50:750:301 Electromagnetic Theory (3)
50:750:307 Electronics (3)
50:750:311 Electronics Laboratory (1)
50:750:351 Thermal Physics I (3)

## Second Term

50:750:302 Electromagnetic Waves and Optics (3)
50:750:309 Analytical Mechanics (3)
50:750:352 Thermal Physics II (3)
Senior Year

## First Term

50:750:408 Advanced Physics Laboratory (2)
50:750:413 Elements of Quantum Mechanics I (3)

## Second Term

50:750:409 Advanced Physics Laboratory (2)
50:750:414 Elements of Quantum Mechanics II (3)
50:750:406 Introduction to Solid-State Physics may be substituted for 50:750:309.

## Computational Physics Option

Junior Year

## First Term

50:750:307 Electronics (3)
50:750:311 Electronics Laboratory (1)
50:750:351 Thermal Physics I (3)

## Second Term

50:750:309 Analytical Mechanics (3)
50:750:352 Thermal Physics II (3)
50:750:354 Physics Computer Laboratory (3)

## Senior Year

## First Term

50:750:301 Electromagnetic Theory (3)
50:750:417 Computational Physics I (3)

## Second Term

50:750:302 Electromagnetic Waves and Optics (3)
50:750:418 Computational Physics II (3)
50:750:406 Introduction to Solid-State Physics may be substituted for 50:750:309. 50:750:235, 50:640:363, and 50:640:364 are strongly recommended, but are not required.
50:640:237 Discrete Mathematics and 50:198:113 Programming with Data Structures will be substituted for 50:160:115-116 Chemical Principles.

## Minor Requirements

The physics department offers a minor, subject to the general rules on minors. Course 50:100:306 Descriptive Astronomy may be counted toward the minor, but may not be used as a 300-level course in satisfaction of the requirements for the minor.

## Departmental Honors Program

The physics department maintains a strong honors program. Senior majors with a 3.0 average overall and 3.3 in physics and mathematics are urged to enroll in the departmental honors program. Honors students must take two honors seminars. Typically, this will involve a year of studies on a research topic assigned by a faculty member. Successful completion of the honors requirements entitles
the student to graduate with Honors in Physics, which is recorded on the student's transcript. Dr. Roger Cowley is the departmental honors adviser.

## Courses

## 50:750:103. Physics for Poets (R) (3)

Noprerequisite. Designed for nonscience majors.
Illustrations from areas such as sports, music, and archaeology used to show the physicist's way of looking at things. The major principles of physics applied in a descriptive way to the understanding of societal problems such as the "energy crisis." Recent discoveries in the different areas of physics, including particle physics and astrophysics, discussed.

## 50:750:131-132. Elements of PhYsics IIII (R) $(3,3)$

Corequisites:50:640:121-122;50:750:133-134. Intended for physics majors and engineering students, but open to other qualified students.
A calculus-based introduction to classical physics: mechanics, heat, wave motion, sound, electricity, and light.

## 50:750:133-134. Elements of Physics Laboratory I,II (R) (1,1)

Corequisites:50:750:131-132.
The laboratory illustrates phenomena and concepts studied in 50:750:131-132.

## 50:750:171,172. TOPICS in PhYsics $(\mathbf{2}, \mathbf{2})$

The subject matter changes depending on the interests of the instructor and the students. Sample topics: the energy crisis and sources of energy or the physics of the atmosphere and weather forecasting.

## 50:750:203-204. General Physics I,II (R) $(3,3)$

Corequisites:50:750:205-206. Forbiology, chemistry, premedicine, predentistry, and preveterinary medicine students, but may be taken by others.
An introduction to mechanics, heat, wave motion, sound, light, electricity and magnetism, and selected topics from modern physics.

## 50:750:205-206. General Physics Laboratory III (R) ( 1,1 )

Corequisites:50:750:203-204.
Illustrates phenomena and concepts studied in 50:750:203-204.

## 50:750:223. PRINCIPLES OF PHYSICS FOR PHARMACY (4) <br> Prerequisite:50:640:121 or 122.

A survey of physics with special reference to applications in pharmacy. Topics chosen from mechanics, thermodynamics, wave motion, electricity and magnetism, electromagnetic waves (including light), and modern (atomic and nuclear) physics.

## 50:750:232. Elements Of MOdern Physics (3)

Prerequisite:50:750:132. Corequisite:50:640:314.
Topics from special relativity, quantum theory, atomic physics, molecules, statistical physics, solid-state physics, nuclear physics, and elementary particles.

## 50:750:233-234. ELECTRIC CIRCUITS IIII $(3,3)$

Prerequisites:50:640:121,122. Corequisites:50:750:235-236. DC and steady-state AC circuit analysis, network theorems, matrix methods, two ports, controlled sources, nonlinear elements, transients, step and impulse response, and computer methods.

## 50:750:235-236. Electric Circuits Laboratory I,II $(1,1)$ <br> Corequisites:50:750:233-234. <br> Laboratory exercises to accompany and illustrate 50:750:233-234.

## 50:750:237. Computer Organization and Logic Design (3)

Prerequisite:50:198:151.
Number systems, Boolean algebra, medium scale integration circuits, logic minimization, state machines, clocked circuits; the Von Neumann model of a computer.

## 50:750:253-254. MECHANICS I,II $(3,3)$

Prerequisites:50:750:132 and 50:640:122.
Equilibrium of planar and spatial systems, analysis of structures,
friction, centroids and moments of inertia, virtual work, dynamics of particles, and rigid bodies.

## 50:750:291. Mechanics Of Materials (3)

Prerequisite:50:750:253.
Stress and strain in elastic solids such as shafts and beams. Combined stresses;statically indeterminatebeams.

## 50:750:301. Electromagnetic Theory (3)

Prerequisites:50:750:232 and 50:640:314.
Electrostatic field, dielectrics, steady currents, magnetic fields and materials, and electromagnetic induction.

## 50:750:302. Electromagnetic Waves and Optics (3)

Prerequisite:50:750:301.
Maxwell's equations, electromagnetic waves, radiation, guided waves, dispersion, reflection, refraction, interference, polarization, and optics of solids.

## 50:750:304. INTRODUCTION TO ASTROPHYSICS (3)

Prerequisites:50:640:122 and 50:100:306.
Presents, at a calculus-based level, a survey of such topics from current astronomy as planetary atmospheres, the greenhouse effect, solar wind and its interaction with the earth's magnetic field, Van Allen radiation belts, some aspects of cosmology (the red shift, models of the evolving universe, tests of relativistic cosmological models), the interstellar medium, and an introduction to the theory of stellar atmospheres and stellar evolution. The present theories of pulsars, quasars, supernovae, neutron stars, Seyfert galaxies, and black holes analyzed.

50:750:307. ELECTRONICS (3)
Prerequisite: 50:750:132 or 204 or permission of instructor.
Corequisite:50:750:311.
DC and AC networks, signal characteristics and acquisition, transistors,feedback, operational amplifiers, power supplies, noise, digital circuits, instrumentation, computer interfacing, and optimization of measurements.

## 50:750:308. COMputer Hardware and Interfacing (3)

Prerequisites:50:198:111 or 151, and 50:640:237. Corequisite: 50:750:312. Introduction to digitallogic, combinational circuits, sequential circuits. Introduction to microprocessor architecture and organization, operation and programming, interfacing and application ofmicroprocessors.

## 50:750:309,310. Analytical Mechanics $(3,3)$

Prerequisites:50:750:132 and 50:640:314.
Particle dynamics, simpleharmonic motion, central forces, statics and dynamics of rigid bodies, waves, and Lagrange's and Hamilton's equations.

## 50:750:311. ELECTRONICS LABORATORY (1)

Corequisite:50:750:307.
Laboratory exercises to accompany and illustrate 50:750:307.
50:750:312. COMPUTER HARDWARE AND INTERFACING LABORATORY (1)
Corequisite: 50:750:308.
Laboratory exercises to accompany and illustrate 50:750:308.

## 50:750:317-318. DIGITAL SYSTEMS AND MICROPROCESSORS I,II $(3,3)$

Prerequisite:50:750:307. Corequisites:50:750:319-320.
Digital electronic systems, introduction to microsystems, microprocessor architecture and organization, and operation and programming. Configuring microprocessor systems, interfacing, and applications of microprocessors.

## 50:750:319-320. Digital Systems and Microprocessors Laboratory I,II (1,1)

Corequisites: 50:750:317-318.
Laboratory exercises to accompany and illustrate 50:750:317318.

## 50:750:351-352. Thermal PhYsics IIII (3,3)

Prerequisites:50:750:232 and 50:640:221.
Temperature-dependent properties of gases, liquids, and solids, such as specificheat, vapor pressure, dielectric constant, internal energy, entropy,compressibility, and conductivity.Presents classical thermodynamics, which derives relations between various quantities, and statistical methods used to derive classical thermodynamics from the atomic point of view. Presents Brownian motion, random walks, and fluctuation. Gives applications of the second law to the production and uses of energy.

## 50:750:354. Physics Computer Laboratory (3)

Prerequisites:50:640:314 and 50:750:232.
Use of the computer to solve problems in many areas of physics, including numerical integration of Newton's Laws and Gauss's Law, electric circuit analysis, and mechanics.

## 50:750:374. Energy and Environment (3)

The physics, economics, and polluting properties of the three conventional power sources: coal, oil, and natural gas (including gasification of coal and oil shale). Studies solar power and discusses conservation of energy in home and industry. Considers the more important advantages and shortcomings and the environmental impacts of aspects of wind, tidal, geothermal, and magnetohydrodynamic power; the hydrogen economy; and nuclear power, including fusion. Where appropriate, considers the possible use of these in transportation systems. Gives causes of energy crises and proposes various suggestions for a national energy policy.

## 50:750:406. Introduction to Solid-State Physics (3)

Prerequisites:50:750:232 and 50:640:314.
Classifications of solids, ionic crystals, dielectric properties, modern electron theory of metals, semiconductors, and insulators. Topics include band theory, cohesion, specific heats, electrical and thermal conductivities, the hall effect, semiconductor physics, magnetic phenomena, electronic processes in ionic crystals, dislocation theory and electron spin resonance, imperfections, superfluidity, and superconductivity.

## 50:750:408-409. Advanced Physics Laboratory $(2,2)$

Lab.6hrs. Prerequisite:50:750:232.
Students develop good experimental technique and become familiar with the capabilities and limitations of modern laboratory equipment. Experiments performed in all fields of physics including electricity and magnetism, optics, and atomic and nuclear physics.

## 50:750:413-414. Elements of Quantum Mechanics I,II $(3,3)$

Prerequisites:50:750:232 and 50:640:314.
Probability waves, Schrödinger and Klein-Gordon equations, eigenvalues, eigenfunctions, wave packets, unitary and hermitean operators, matrix elements, commutation relations, perturbation theory, radiative transitions, and scattering theory.

## 50:750:417. COMPUTATIONAL PHYSICS I (3)

Prerequisite:50:750:354.
Applications of the computer to the solution of large-scale problems in physics including the numerical solution of the differential equations of electromagnetic theory, integration of the Schrödinger equation for realistic problems, and applications of matrix methods to problems in mechanics and engineering.

## 50:750:418. COMPUTATIONAL PhYsICS II (3)

Prerequisite:50:750:354, Continuation of 50:750:417.
Emphasis placed on the application of computer simulation techniques, including the Monte Carlo method, to problems in statistical physics (especially the subject of phase transitions) and other areas of interest.

## 50:750:420. Advanced Experimental Physics (2)

Lec. 1 hr., lab. 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Experiments in electricity, optics, heat, and atomic phenomena, with particular emphasis on the effect of the instruments or the experimental method on the results.

## 50:750:453. PhYsics Seminar (2)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Members prepare and present papers on topics of interest in physics.

## 50:750:463-464. Mathematical Physics $(3,3)$

Prerequisites:50:750:232 and 50:640:314.
Mathematical techniques used in advanced work in the physical sciences. Covers determinants, matrices, ordinary and partial differential equations, boundary and eigenvalue problems, Fourier-series and integrals, transform theory, orthogonal functions, complex variables. Extensive problem work.

50:750:489,490. IndEPENDENT STUDIES (BA,BA)
Prerequisites:Seniorstatus and permission of instructor.
50:750:495,496. Honors Program in Physics $(3,3)$

## PHYSIOLOGY 760

See Biological Sciences.

## PLANT PHYSIOLOGY 780

See Biological Sciences.

## POLITICAL SCIENCE 790

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ polisci/index.html
Major requirements in political science can be completed through either daytime or evening attendance.

## Department of Political Science

Chairperson: Arthur Klinghoffer

## Professors:

James A. Dunn, B.A., LaSalle; M.A., Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Richard Harris, B.A., Duke; M.A., Hofstra; Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Arthur Klinghoffer, B.A., Michigan; M.A., Ph.D., Columbia
G. Alan Tarr, B.A., Holy Cross; M.A., Ph.D., Chicago

AssociateProfessors:
Mary C. Carras (emerita), B.A., CUNY (Hunter); Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Russell S. Harrison, A.B., Duke; Ph.D., North Carolina (Chapel Hill)
Kim E. Shienbaum, B.A., Leeds; M.S., London School of Economics;
Ph.D., New York
AssistantProfessor:
Sharon Gramby-Sobukwe, A.B., Duke; M.P.A., Pennsylvania; Ph.D., Temple
The Department of Political Science offers a wide range of courses that students have found useful in preparation for careers in law, government service, and public affairs, as well as for graduate studies in political science and public policy. The department curriculum is designed to provide an in-depth understanding of politics and government in the United States, foreign countries, and the international system. Courses are equally valuable for career-oriented majors and for students interested in developing a well-rounded liberal arts background.

## Major Requirements

The major requires the completion of thirteen courses (39 credits) including 50:790:101 Introduction to Politics and at least two courses from each of the three areas of concentration: American Politics and Public Policy, International Politics, and Political Theory and Methodology. These seven courses must be in-classroom courses and may not include internships, independent study, study abroad trips, etc. Courses that are not taken in-classroom count toward the 39 credits to complete the major, but a student may take no more than 9 of these credits. 50:790:394 Honors Research may be taken in addition to these 9 credits. Only grades of $C$ or better will count toward fulfillment of the requirement for all 39 credits toward the major, and at least 15 of these credits must be taken at Rutgers.

## Minor Requirements

Nonmajors have a choice of three possible minors:

## General Political Science

The requirements are 50:790:101 Introduction to Politics, one course ( 3 credits) in each of the three areas of concentration, plus any two additional courses within the department.

## International Politics

This program helps the student develop expertise and specialized knowledge in international politics, foreign policy, and foreign area studies. The requirements are six courses (18 credits) from the International Politics concentration list.

## Public Administration and Government Service

This program provides the student with a core of courses and an internship experience, both dealing with public policy and management. While the program is geared for career-minded students, it stresses the importance of acquiring a sensitivity to ethical values and the political context in which public policy is made. The requirements are as follows:

1. 50:790:342 Principles of Public Administration
2. Four courses ( 12 credits) in American Politics and Public Policy, in addition to 50:790:342
3. An internship arranged under either 50:790:296 Practical Politics or 50:790:397 Individual Internship in Political Science

## Concentrations

The courses included in each area of concentration are as follows:

## American Politics and Public Policy

50:790:103 Basic Urban Issues (3)
50:790:205 American State and Local Government (3)
50:790:215 Introduction to American Politics (3)
50:790:242 Urban Social Ecology (3)
50:790:307 Public Policy Analysis (3)
50:790:308 New Jersey Politics (3)
50:790:323 The Legislative Process (3)
50:790:331 Urban Policy and Economic Development (3)
50:790:332 Urban Political Systems (3)
50:790:333 The CIA and American Intelligence (3)
50:790:340 Urban Planning (3)
50:790:342 Principles of Public Administration (3)
50:790:343 Administrative Law and Public Policy (3)

50:790:346 Urban Legal Problems (3)
50:790:351 Political Parties in the United States (3)
50:790:352 Voting and Opinion (3)
50:790:356 Women and Politics (3)
50:790:360 Urban Public Policy (3)
50:790:363 Politics of Intergovernmental Relations (3)
50:790:364 Politics of Minority Groups (3)
50:790:381 Judicial Process (3)
50:790:401 American Constitutional Development (3)
50:790:407 The American Presidency (3)
50:790:409 Law and American Civilization (3)
50:790:414 The Supreme Court as a Political Institution (3)
50:790:422 Politics, Business, and American Capitalism (3)
50:790:434 Government, Business, and American Politics (3)
50:790:442 Human Freedoms and the Constitution (3)
50:790:447 Critical Issues in American Government (3)
50:790:456 Public Sector Personnel Policy (3)

## International Politics

50:790:210 Introduction to Comparative Politics (3)
50:790:211 Introduction to International Politics (3)
50:790:305 Government and Politics of Western Europe (3)
50:790:311 Government and Politics of Latin America (3)
50:790:316 Government and Politics of the Far East (3)
50:790:318 Comparative Public Policy (3)
50:790:320 Problems in Contemporary American Foreign Policy (3)
50:790:322 Problems in Contemporary International Politics (3)
50:790:324 World Communism (3)
50:790:328 Comparative Politics of Developing Nations (3)
50:790:330 Comparative Politics of Eastern Europe (3)
50:790:335 Government and Politics of Sub-Saharan Africa (3)
50:790:336 Government and Politics of the Middle East (3)
50:790:337 Government and Politics of South and Southeast Asia (3)
50:790:338 Government and Business in the International System (3)
50:790:380 Government and Politics of the Former Soviet Union (3)
50:790:387 International Law and Organization (3)
50:790:395 Formulation of American Foreign Policy (3)
50:790:420 Seminar on War and Peace (3)
50:790:425 Modernization and the Third World (3)
50:790:469 Rich Nations/Poor Nations (3)

## Political Theory and Methodology

50:790:304 Politics and Culture (3)
50:790:350 Violence, Revolution, and Terrorism (3)
50:790:371 Classical Political Theory (3)
50:790:372 Modern Political Theory (3)
50:790:375 American Political Thought (3)
50:790:390 Empirical Political Theory (3)
50:790:391 Quantitative Methods in Political Science (3)
50:790:413 Political Methodology (3)
50:790:416 Seminar in Political Development (3)
50:790:421 Theory and Practice of Marxism (3)
50:790:480 Radical Politics (3)

Note: Other courses can be assigned to a field of concentration depending on (1) their content and (2) special permission from the department chair, which normally requires a letter from the instructor specifying the field of concentration. These include:

50:790:489,490 Studies in Political Science $(3,3)$
50:790:495,496 Honors Seminar $(3,3)$

## Departmental Honors Program

The department maintains a strong and active honors program. Junior and senior majors with at least a 3.0 average overall and in political science are urged to apply for the departmental honors program. Forms are available from the department secretary.

Honors students must take one Honors Seminar $(50: 790: 495,496)$ and write a thesis in conjunction with 50:790:394 Honors Research. In addition, honors students must take a second honors seminar or do research and readings as part of 50:790:347 Current Readings in Political Science. To graduate with honors, a student therefore must successfully complete three honors courses. Graduation with honors is recorded on a student's transcript, and an award will be given each year to the student writing the best honors thesis.

Outstanding political science majors are eligible for induction into Pi Sigma Alpha, the political science national honor society. The department also annually bestows several Jack Marvin Weiner Memorial awards and the Robert Packard Memorial Scholarship Award.

## Prelaw Advising

Dr. G. Alan Tarr, a member of the Department of Political Science, is the prelaw adviser for Rutgers-Camden and faculty adviser to the Prelaw Society. As political science is a particularly good major for students planning to attend law school, the department maintains an up-to-date file of law school bulletins and other materials for student use.

## Government Service Internship Advising

Those students minoring in public administration and government service (see above for program description) must complete an internship in government service. This may be fulfilled through work and study in a public agency, office, or program. Dr. Russell Harrison coordinates these internships and advises the interns for the department.

Those students interested in working for the federal government in the area of global studies (State Department, Defense Department, CIA, Peace Corps, etc.) should contact Dr. Arthur Klinghoffer for advice.

## Bachelor of Arts in Political Science and Master of Public Administration Program (B.A./ M.P.A.)

This accelerated, dual-degree program at Rutgers-Camden is designed to graduate students with a master's degree in as little as five years. The combined Bachelor of Arts in Political Science and Master of Public Administration in the Graduate Department of Public Policy and Administration prepares students for professional careers in government and public service or for further study in law or doctoral programs. It also provides the training and credentials necessary for career advancement in the public sector. Whether one wishes to move directly into the job market or to pursue another degree, the master's degree provides a clear, competitive edge.

## Admission

Since students in this innovative program begin the transition to graduate studies in their fourth undergraduate year, highly motivated individuals with strong academic records should consider this option. Individuals come from a variety of backgrounds including: (1) traditional four-year undergraduates, moving directly from high school to Rutgers, (2) transfer students from community colleges, and (3) professionals holding associate degrees and working in the public sector. In the case of a student returning to college, professional experience is considered in the admission.

## Requirements

Ordinarily, earning a B.A. and an M.P.A. at Rutgers-Camden requires six years and 162 credits ( 120 undergraduate and 42 graduate credits) of full-time study. Under this accelerated program, the same result is achieved in five years with 150 credits, by counting some courses for the M.P.A. as well as the B.A.

Once accepted into the B.A./M.P.A. program, admission to the master's program is guaranteed, provided that a student maintains a 3.0 average and satisfactorily completes the three prerequisite courses in American government, statistics, and economics. This must occur during the first term of the student's fourth year, at which time she/he formally files an application to the M.P.A. program and is cleared to begin graduate studies the following term.

Our nationally accredited degree of Master of Public Administration has provided hundreds of students with a first-class education, extensive contacts with our alumni at all levels of government, a pathway to law school, career advancement, and preparation for doctoral study. With concentrations in public management, health-care management, and policy, run with the University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey, and a nationally acclaimed international development administration concentration run with the Peace Corps, the M.P.A. program assures a stimulating educational experience for all of our students. Since 1991, four of our students have been selected, through a national competition, for the highly prestigious Presidential Management Internship Program, thirteen have gone on to law school, and six have enrolled in nationally recognized Ph.D. programs. By far, however, the majority of Rutgers-Camden M.P.A. graduates have entered or further enhanced their careers in public service.

For additional information on the accelerated B.A./ M.P.A. program, interested students are encouraged to contact Dr. Russell Harrison, adviser, Department of Political Science, by phone at $856 / 225-6084$, ext. 32 , or by email atruharris@crab.rutgers.edu.

Questions also may be directed to Dr. James Garnett, chair, Graduate Department, at 856/225-6353 or by email at garnett@crab.rutgers.edu. More detailed program information is available through the Rutgers-Camden web site, http://camden-www.rutgers.edu. Atthesite,click on "Schools and Colleges," then Political Science under "College of Arts and Sciences" or "M.P.A." under "Graduate School."

## Internships

As in any professional degree program, practical experience is a key component of a B.A./M.P.A. student's education. A 3-credit internship is arranged in which each student assists an individual in a public management role. Internships are closely supervised to ensure that the student has a worthwhile experience. Paid internships are available for individuals who qualify for work-study funding.

## Political Science Society

Of particular interest to students is the Political Science Society, a student organization that sponsors debates, appearances by prominent local and national politicians, educational trips, and social events. The society has provided many students with an opportunity to meet political leaders and acquire firsthand knowledge of government and politics.

## Courses

## 50:790:101. Introduction to Poltics (R) (3)

Forstudents beginning a political science major and forstudents with other majorsinterested ina course in politics.
General introduction to major concepts, issues, and theoretical approaches to the study of politics.

## 50:790:103. Basic Urban Issues (3)

The identification of, study of, and governmental response to selected urban problems. Liberal, conservative, and radical views.

## 50:790:205. AMERICAN STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT (R) (3)

Examination of the crucial role of state governments and their subdivisions in the American federal system. Conditions for responsive, effective government.

## 50:790:210. Introduction to Comparative Poutics (3)

Introduction to major types of political systems in today's world. Explores contemporary issues, such as political stability and responsiveness, democratization, political and economic development, minority rights, and transnational integration.

## 50:790:211. Introduction to International Poltics (3)

Basic concepts underlying theories of international relations (such as national power, balance of power, deterrence, war and peace); forces shaping international relations (such as nationalism and ideology, including democratic and communist);national as well as international instruments or institutions through which international relations are conducted (such as foreign policy, international law, and international organization).

50:790:215. Introduction to American Poutics (R) (3)
A comprehensive survey of American national government; its institutions, functions, and processes, including constitutionalism, federalism, elections, pressure politics, social and economic policies, and national security.

## 50:790:242. Urban Social Ecology (3)

Seeks new solutions to urban problems by redefining them in terms of local, regional, national, and global systems. Problems to be addressed may include exclusionary zoning, inner-city education, urban housing, urban economic development, and crime.

## 50:790:296. PRACTICAL POLTICS (3)

Prerequisite:50:790:215.
Students expected to undertake an internship in a political office or organization or nonpartisan political organization.

## 50:790:304. Poltics and Culture (3)

Examines the interrelation between politics and cultural change. Analyzes how the development of various modes of artistic expression, such as the novel, reflect and affect changing sociopolitical values.

50:790:305. Government and Poutics of Western Europe (3)
Government and politics of Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, and the Scandinavian democracies and the Benelux and European community structures. Contemporary tensions and changes within and among the major governments of continental Europe.

## 50:790:307. Public Policy Analysis (3)

Explores the perspectives utilized in the analysis and evaluation of public policy making and policy results. Topics include the public interest, cost-benefitanalysis, normative constraints, policy evaluation methods, and the political implications of systematic policy analysis.

## 50:790:308. New Jersey Poutics (3)

Structures and processes both of state and local governments, how they relate to each other and the federal system, and how citizens and public officials can ensure their proper operations. Educational reform, zoning and land-use disputes, the role of the courts as a key part of the New Jersey political system, the growth of professionalization in public administration, and the representation of interests in Trenton.

## 50:790:311. Government and Poltics of Latin America (3)

Emphasis on how governmental practices and participation of political groups in various Latin American countries have been linked to their socioeconomic structures. The role of parties and special groups, such as the military, labor, the Catholic Church, and students. The particular problems of Latin American political development and government economic and social policy making in an era of modernization.

## 50:790:316. Government and Politics of the Far East (3)

Examines contemporary political and economic problems of China and Japan against background of their political history, political systems, and political cultures. Current controversies and policies analyzed in the light of historical, governmental, and cultural factors.

## 50:790:318. Comparative Publc Policy (3)

Examines the content and consequences of public policy in modern industrial democracies, enabling students to analyze and evaluate the issues in contemporary American policy debates. Issues covered includeadministrative reform, inflation, unemployment, income distribution, health and welfare, energy, taxation, international trade, and transportation.

## 50:790:320. Problems in Contemporary American Foreign Policy (3)

Analyzes (1) patterns of post-World War II American foreign policy in terms of national interests, goals, and instruments, and (2) external and internal factors shaping these interests, goals, and instruments, including changes in international political and economic conditions (external factors) and national values, public opinion, governmental structures, roles, and processes, and leadership factors (internal factors). Seeks understanding of American responses to problems confronting U.S. foreign policy, such as ideological conflicts and conflicts over the distribution of such power and economic resources as in East-West and North-South conflicts.

## $50: 790: 322$. Problems in Contemporary International Politics (3)

Study of the emerging post-Cold War order and analysis of current theoretical issues as well as international problems such as the environment, gender issues, and rise of national and ethnic tensions.

## 50:790:323. The Legislative Process (3)

Analysis of Congress, its internal organization and structure, and relation to other political institutions in the system, such as the president, political parties, courts, bureaucracy, and interest groups.

## 50:790:324. World Communism (3)

Analysis of Soviet foreign policy and international communism. Topics include the Cold War, the Sino-Soviet dispute, and the role of the world's communist parties today.

## 50:790:328. Comparative Poltics of Developing Nations (3)

Comparativestudy of political, cultural, and socioeconomic forces in selected developing countries, including traditionalism, colonialism, nationalism, class formation, praetorianism, revolutionary movements, and imperialism.

## 50:790:330. Comparative Poltics of Eastern Europe (3)

Analyzes political developments in the Czech Republic and Slovakia (formerly Czechoslovakia), Poland, and other major nations of Eastern Europe. Particular attention paid to the emergence of post-World War II political structures and the role of the former Soviet Union.

## 50:790:331. Urban Policy and Economic Development (3)

The analysis of the forms, functions, and problems of the municipality. The interrelations among economic development, business interests, and public policy in urban areas.

## 50:790:332. URBAN Pouttcal Systems (3)

Modern urban government, social and political problems of the city, types of government organizations, and the relations of the city with other units of local government.

## 50:790:333. The CIA and American Intelugence (3)

Role of the Central Intelligence Agency in the formulation and implementation of American foreign policy and of the CIA's interaction with other intelligence agencies, the National Security Council, and Congress. Intelligence collection, intelligence analysis, counterintelligence, and covert action.

## 50:790:335. Government and Poutics of Sub-Saharan Africa (3)

An inquiry into the political processes and governmental institutions of countries of sub-Saharan Africa, with special emphasis on the dynamics of political development and social and economic changes.

## 50:790:336. Government and Poutics of the Middle East (3)

An introduction to the government and politics of Israel, the Arab countries, Turkey, Iran, and certain other marginal lands. Consideration of contemporary crises and tensions and the role of nationalism, world history, World War II, ideological competition, and power politics in the area.

## 50:790:337. Government and Poutics of South and Southeast Asia

 (3)A study of the political history, politics, government, and contemporary political and economic problems and policies of South and Southeast Asian political systems, with an emphasis on the Indian subcontinent in South Asia and Vietnam, Indonesia, the Philippines, and Malaysia inSoutheast Asia.

50:790:338. Government and Business in the International System (3) Examines the relationships between government and business in advanced industrial democracies and the extent to which public sector/private sector ratios promote or retard economic growth. Assesses the factors that promote close relationships between government and business in some countries, like Japan, and disorganized and chaotic relationships in others, like the UnitedStates.

## 50:790:340. Urban Planning (3)

Introduction to the urban planning process: problems, concepts, and tools of planning for and with urban residents; emphasizes the different roles and responsibilities of planners in influencing social and environmental change.

## 50:790:342. Principles of Publc Administration (3)

The structure and organization of administrative machinery in the United States. The theory and politics of contemporary bureaucracy with emphasis on administrative forces, decision making, enforcement, administrative courts, responsiveness, and innovations.

## 50:790:343. Administrative Law and Public Policy (3)

An examination of the major concepts and techniques of administrative law-delegated legislation, adjudicatory procedures, judicial review-and an exploration of the application of these concepts and techniques to the process of formulating and evaluating public policy.

## 50:790:346. URBAN LEGaL Problems (3)

Analyzes contemporary urban problems from a legal perspective, while recognizing that law is a product of political processes; explores legal problems including municipal powers, intergovernmental relations, zoning, urban renewal, legal aspects of tax reform, and law used as a vehicle of urban social change.

## 50:790:347. CURRENT Readings in Poutical Science (3)

Open to anyone admitted to the honors program. In order to initiate this reading program, the student should approach the professor with whom he or she expects to work concerning a specific topic or area of inquiry.

## 50:790:350. VIolence, Revolution, and Terrorism (3)

Examines leading social science theories of revolution and political violence. Focuses on revolutionary and counterrevolutionary movements in selected countries. Discusses policies and strategies for responding to terrorism.

## 50:790:351. Poltical Parties in the United States (3)

History, structure, and organization of major and minor parties. The functions of parties in modern society. Strengths and weaknesses of contemporary party alignments. The nature of the electoral process and the electorate.

## 50:790:352. Voting and OPInIon (3)

Voting behavior, political attitudes, and opinions of electorates. Also focuses on the relationships between political attitudes and voting and between voting and public policies.

## 50:790:356. Women and Poltics (3)

Examines the modern political history of the women's movement, particularly in the United States. Explores the political and ideological context of current issues and socioeconomic trends affecting women, and analyzes the sociopolitical status and problems of women primarily within the United States, with a secondary emphasis on women in socialist and third-world countries.

## 50:790:360. Urban Publec Policy (3)

Approaches to the analysis of urban policy issues. Attention to such topics as poverty, unemployment, education, housing, health, crime, transportation, and environment. Emphasis on policy as an instrument for social change.

## 50:790:363. Poltics of Intergovernmental Relations (3)

Constitutional, political, and institutional relationships among U.S. federal, state, and local governments, including grants-in-aid, revenue sharing, interstate compacts, and intergovernmentalcooperation.

## 50:790:364. Poutics of Minority Groups (3)

An analysis of the tactics, goals, and impact of organized minorities in the American political arena; groups studied include women, blacks, Chicanos, various ethnic groups, and selected third-party movements.

## 50:790:371. CLASSICAL POLTICALTHEORY (3)

The leading figures of Western political theory from Plato to Machiavelli.

## 50:790:372. Modern Poutical Theory (3)

The leading figures of Western political theory from Hobbes to the present.

## 50:790:375. American Poutical Thought (3)

The heritage of ordered liberty in America. Analysis of the writings of such major figures in American thought as Jefferson and Madison, as well as broad theories of the operation of American political institutions.

## 50:790:380. Government and Poutics of the Former Soviet Union (3)

Governmental institutions, politics, and policies of the USSR.
Emphasis on the nature of executive leadership, the operation of bureaucratic controls, the procedures and results of economic planning, strengths and weaknesses of the Soviet system, and the role of Marxist and Leninist ideology.

## 50:790:381. JUDICIAL PROCESS (3)

The functioning of federal and state courts in the American political system. Topics include plea bargaining, judicial decision making, and the role of courts in policy development.

## 50:790:387. International Law and Organization (3)

An examination of the principles, foundations, and institutions of international law regulating diplomatic, financial, commercial, maritime, and cultural transactions among nations, as well as restraints on the use of force in international relations. The primary focus is on international law; international organization is examined as one of the concepts and institutions that have evolved within the international legal system.

## 50:790:390. EMPIRICAL Poltical Theory (3)

Major empirical theories in political science, such as role theory, group theory, and public choice, including research methods. Studies the place of theory in political science research.

## 50:790:391. Quantitative Methods in Poltical Science (3)

Examination of the application of quantitative methods in the study of causal relations in political science.

## 50:790:394. Honors Research (3)

Required of all honors students to receive certificate. Individual writing, research, and preparation of an original thesis paper or research portfolio.

## 50:790:395. Formulation of American Foreign Policy (3)

Examines the processes by which U.S. foreign policy is made. Analyzes the relative influence exercised on U.S. foreign policy by the executive and legislative branches of government, and the changing roles of the presidency, Departments of State and Defense (as well as other agencies of government, such as the Central Intelligence Agency), and Congress. Reference also made to the external constraints on the American foreign policy decision-making process.

## 50:790:397. Individual Internship in Poutical Science

 (BA 3-6)Prerequisite:Juniorstatus.
Students work in a political or governmental capacity and meet regularly for faculty consultation and exploration of experiences and conclusions.

## 50:790:401. American Constitutional Development (3)

Prerequisite: 50:790:215 orjunior status.
Judicial review and constitutional interpretation. Focuses on the separation of powers, federal-state relations, and national powers relating to war, regulation of commerce, and civil rights.

## 50:790:407. The American Presidency (3)

The constitutional basis and development of the American presidency. The potentialities of presidential government, patterns of presidential politics, power, strengths, weaknesses, and limitations of presidential authority.

## 50:790:409. Law and American Civilization (3)

An introduction to the history and philosophy of law and American legal institutions.

## 50:790:413. Poltical Methodology (3)

Design and execution of research in politics, including the use of existing data and gathering data in the field. Introduces the student to the use of computers as they relate to the discipline of political science.

## 50:790:414. The Supreme Court as a Poltical Institution (3)

The place, role, and function of the Court in American politics. Examines the Court's role in the separation of powers, the extent to which the Court is a democratic institution, the character of the Justices' decision making, and the impact of Court decisions.

## 50:790:416. Seminar in Poutical Development (3)

Analysis of the forces of modernization and political development, with special attention to comparative study of political development.

## 50:790:420. Seminar on War and Peace (3)

War as an activity of men and nations. The theology, philosophy, politics, economics, and laws which are part of the emotion, rationale, and literature of war.

## 50:790:421. Theory and Practice of Marxism (3)

Analyzes how Marxist theory has evolved. Discusses the role of Marxism today.

50:790:422. Poltics, Business, and American Capitalism (3)
Examines the philosophical, political, and economic bases of government-business relations in the United States. Surveys the evolution of macroeconomic policy as well as such contemporary issues as "stagflation," trade and industrial policy, and public ownership.

## 50:790:425. Modernization in the Third World (3)

Domestic and international factors bearing on the politicaleconomic development of third-world nations.

## 50:790:434. Government, Business, and American Poutics (3)

Examines the relationship between democracy and capitalism; contending views about capitalism's future in the United States; and current government-business relations, with particular emphasis on regulatory policy and politics.

## 50:790:442. Human Freedoms and the Constitution (3)

The Constitution and basic civilliberties issues. Analysis of Supreme Court decisions dealing with freedom of speech and press, rights of defendants, freedom of religion, discrimination and equality, and the right to privacy.

## 50:790:447. Critical Issues in American Government (3)

In-depth examination of the major problems confronting American society: race, poverty, housing, transportation, science policy, education, crime, taxation, and environmental policy. Focuses on the development and effectiveness of various policies in these areas.

## 50:790:456. Publuc Sector Personnel Policy (3)

Principles and techniques of government personnel systems; their organization and development; recruitment, selection, training, promotion, classification, and transfer policies; morale, employee relations; the impact of public personnel policies on agency services.

## 50:790:460,461. Topics in Poutical Science (BA 1-6,BA 1-6)

Opportunity to work closely with an individual instructor to explore an issue or subject of common interest.

## 50:790:469. Rich Nations/ Poor Nations (3)

Comparative analysis of the foreign policies of developing areas dealing largely with economic, political, and historical determinants of foreign policy objectives within the context of domestic and world affairs. Emphasis on Asia,Saharan Africa, and/or Latin America.

## 50:790:480. RADICAL Poutics (3)

Political protest movements and the methods of radical political change.

## 50:790:489,490. Studies in Political SCience $(3,3)$

Studies in special topics intended to involve students in advanced study and research. Subjects usually change from year to year.

## 50:790:492. READINGS IN POUTICALSCIENCE (BA 1-4)

Prerequisite:Permission of instructor. Credits determined according to the outline of work adopted by students and instructor. Designed for students who arenot participating in the departmentalhonors program.
Closely supervised exploration of political subjects through the outstanding readings in the field. A tutorial relationship with theinstructor.

## 50:790:495,496. Seminar Program

Prerequisite: Admission to the honors program or special invitation. Students registered in thehonors program areexpected to completeat least two seminar courses and a thesis in Honors Research (50:790:394).
Honors Seminar in American Government and Public Policy (3)
Honors Seminar in International Politics (3)
Honors Seminar in Political Theory and Methodology (3)
50:790:499. IndePendent Study and Research (BA 1-6)
Credits determined according to the level of work agreed upon by student and instructor.

## PSYCHOLOGY 830

Web Site: http: / / camden-nt1.rutgers.edu/psychology /
Major requirements in psychology can be completed through either daytime or evening attendance.

## Department of Psychology

Chairperson: William H. Tucker
Professors:
Luis T. Garcia, B.A., Wichita State; M.S., Ph.D., Kansas State
Daniel A. Hart, B.A., Bates College; Ed.D., Harvard
William H. Tucker, B.A., Bates College; M.A., Ph.D., Princeton
J.W. Whitlow, Jr., B.A., Macalester College; Ph.D., Yale

AssociateProfessors:
Beth Adelson, B.S., Goddard; M.A., Ph.D., Harvard
Harvey M. Lesser, B.S., CUNY (Queens); M.A., Ph.D., New School forSocial Research
Dorothy R. Mandelbaum, A.B., CUNY (Hunter College); Ph.D., BrynMawrCollege
Ira Roseman, B.S., Columbia; Ph.D., Yale
Michael Wogan, B.A., American; M.A., Florida; Ph.D., North Carolina (ChapelHill)

AssistantProfessor:
Mary Bravo, B.S., Case Institute of Technology; Ph.D., Northwestern
Psychological inquiry lies at the heart of the social sciences. It is concerned with understanding how the behavior of the individual depends on biological, developmental, cognitive, and social processes. Courses offered by the psychology department are designed to give students a thorough grounding in modern research and theory about psychological processes at many different levels.

## Major Requirements

The major in psychology requires a minimum of 40 credits, representing 13 credits in required courses and 27 credits in psychology electives. The following four courses of study are required: 50:830:101 Introduction to Psychology; 50:830:215 Statistics for Social Science; 50:830:225 Method and Theory in Psychology; and either 50:830:381 and 380 Experimental Psychology with laboratoryor any other course that has an associated laboratory component (see "Preparation for Graduate Study" below).

Graduating with a major in psychology requires at least a 2.5 grade-point average in the major and no more than two grades lower than a $C$ in all psychology courses taken at Rutgers and presented to satisfy the major. Students may
petition the department to request an exception to these requirements if they feel it is warranted.

During the third and fourth years, students may take 50:830:495 Research in Psychology or 50:830:493 Individual Supervision of Fieldwork in Psychology. For these courses, students may earn from 1 to 3 credits, depending upon the arrangement with the supervising faculty member. No more than 9 credits from either or both of these courses may be used for psychology electives. Students with more than 9 credits in the two courses may use the balance for general electives.

## Minor Requirements

Students who wish to minor in psychology must fulfill the following general requirements: at least 18 credits in psychology courses with 6 credits or more at or above the 300 level. Students must have at least a C (2.5) grade-point average for courses applied to the psychology minor; no more than one grade may be lower than a C.

## Minor for Management and Accounting Majors

The psychology department offers a special minor for management and accounting majors. Course 50:830:101 Introduction to Psychology or 50:830:235 Introductory Social Psychology is a prerequisite for all other courses in the minor. The student must fulfill the general requirements for minors and select additional psychology courses from among the following: 50:830:325,341,363,371,385, and 393. A student may petition the department to have other courses added to this list. Students completing this minor must have at least a C (2.5) grade-point average in all courses applied toward the minor; no more than one grade may be lower than a C.

## Departmental Honors Program

Students interested in the departmental honors program should consult with their adviser before beginning the first term of the senior year. To receive honors in psychology, the student must complete two terms of the departmental honors seminar, 50:830:496 and 497. The honors project must be sponsored by one or more faculty advisers, and the honors proposal must be approved by the department. During the second term of the program, a formal presentation of the outcome of the project must be made to the department. Students may not register for the honors program in psychology without receiving prior permission.

## Teacher Certification in Social Studies

Students seeking teacher certification in social studies must complete the requirements for the major in the psychology department as well as satisfy other requirements for certification. For details regarding admission to the teacher education program and its requirements, students should consult both their department adviser and the chairperson of the education department.

## Preparation for Graduate Study

Students interested in pursuing graduate study in psychology should meet with a faculty member early to plan their course of study. Those who wish to specialize in particular areas of study should discuss their plans with faculty members whose expertise is most appropriate for those areas.

Although a number of courses may satisfy the major's laboratory requirement, students planning to pursue graduate work in psychology are strongly advised to take

50:830:381 Experimental Psychology. Such students also should include courses that provide training in research and/or theory, particularly in their tentative areas of specialization. In addition, they should include research activity in their programs of study by enrolling in 50:830:495 Research in Psychology and by taking other courses that include research projects. Students who wish to pursue clinical work also should enroll in 50:830:493 Individual Supervision of Fieldwork in Psychology.

## Courses

## 50:830:100. Introductory Topics in Psychology (3)

Mainly for those taking courses in the Division of Continuing Education. Students may take this course for departmental credit a maximum of two times, provided that the departmentagreesinadvance that the second topicis different from the first.
Examination of basic areas in psychology (e.g., adjustment, development, and motivation) at an introductory level.

## 50:830:101. Introduction to Psychology (R) (3)

Maynotbetakenbystudentswhohavecompleted any other introductory psychology course.
Introduction to problems, methods, and principles of psychology. Topics include historical perspective and methodology, psychological development, learning, personality, social psychology, sensation and perception, and biological bases of behavior. Participation in experimental research or completion of an essay required.

## 50:830:203. The Psychology of Minority Groups (3)

Prerequisite: 50:830:101 or 235.
Anexamination of the personality patterns, psychologicaldynamics, and social-cultural styles that emerge from the encounter of minority groups with American culture. Attempts made to define the major psychological events within minority groups as they relate to developmental processes, attitudes, perceptions, and identity patterns.

## 50:830:206. Psychology of Marriage and the Family (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
The psychological study of interpersonal behavior within family units, both nuclear and extended; addresses conjoint personal development, communication networks, and intrafamily conflict.

## $50: 830: 215$. Statistics for Social Science (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235 . Recommended:50:730:201 or equivalent. Credit not given for this course and 50:960:183 or equivalent. Provides an introduction to the basic concepts of psychological statistics, both descriptive (organization and presentation of data) and inferential (drawing conclusions from data); major emphasis on practical applications in psychological research.

## 50:830:225. Method and Theory in Psychology (3)

## Prerequisite:50:830:101.

A survey of research methods in psychology, emphasizing the guiding role of theory in scientific research. Consideration of the nature and history of scientific theories in psychology, hypothesis generation, review of extant literature, measurement, experimental design, control of extraneous variables, analysis, interpretation, replication, and testing the ecological validity of results. Emphasis on the self-correcting nature of the research process through replication and extension, peer review, increased methodological sophistication, and quantitative analysis

## 50:830:235. INTRODUCTORY SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY (R) (3)

Creditnotgiven forboth this course and 50:830:335. Notrecommended forpsychology majors.
A survey of research and theory concerning humans as they influence and are influenced by their social environment; includes small group studies, social influences in communication, attitude formation and change, and social perception, as well as aspects of larger interpersonal settings, such as the family and the organization.

## 50:830:312. Psychology of Consciousness (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
An examination of theories of consciousness deriving from both Western and Eastern traditions. Consideration given to the implications for theories of consciousness of the phenomena of altered states of consciousness, and meditative and mystical states.

## 50:830:315. COMPUTER APPLICATIONS in Psychology (3)

Prerequisites:50:830:215 and 50:198:110 or equivalent.
Introduces students to the use of computers in collecting data and controlling experiments in a laboratory environment, data reduction and analysis, graphics for psychological research, and theory construction. Students complete research projects requiring computer-related skills.

## 50:830:325. Psychology of Childhood (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
The study of child behavior and development up to and including late childhood. Development of motor abilities, language, intelligence, social and emotional behavior and attitudes, with emphasis on the prevention of maladjustment.

## 50:830:326. PsychOLOGY OF AdOLESCENCE (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
The study of adolescence. Each stage treated with reference to the particular problems and deviations characteristic of it. Emphasis on continuity between the stages of adolescence.

## 50:830:330. Psychology of Learning (3)

## Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.

A survey of the major historical theories of learning with special emphasis on critical comparison of special issues and problems. Comparison of the major theoretical positions in terms of the ways in which each of them approaches special problems in learning.

## 50:830:335. SOCIAL Psychology (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101. Credit not given for both this course and 50:830:235.
Psychological study of the individual interacting with others. Specific topics include attribution theory, attraction, attitudes, aggression, altruism, and group decision making.

## 50:830:341. Psychology and the Law (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
Explores the relation between the field of psychology and the legal system, the decision-making process of judges and juries, eyewitness reliability, criminal insanity, the use of psychological knowledge to raise legal issues, and assumptions that the legal system makes about human nature.

## 50:830:347. Psychology of Human Sexuality (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
Covers the major methodological and theoretical approaches to the psychological study of human sexuality. Topics include sexual arousal, the psychological effects of exposure to pornography, and sexual variations and dysfunctions.

## 50:830:350. InDUSTRIAL PSYCHOLOGY (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235 .
Personnel selection and placement; psychology of industrial and human relations; worker morale, motivation, and efficiency; human factors in equipment design, marketing, and advertising research.

## 50:830:352. Legal and Social Aspects of Mental Health (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235 .
A critical discussion of the mental health system and the assumptions on which it is based. Special attention paid to related social and political issues, such as involuntary commitment and imposed treatment.

## 50:830:353. INTELLIGENCE (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235 .
An examination of the historical origins of the concept and measurement of intelligence, together with a consideration of the research on heritability and group differences. Social as well as scientific implications of the research discussed.

## 50:830:354. Psychology of Aging (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
Offers an overview of the psychology of aged people in our society. The effects of physical change, social habitat, and impending death upon the personality and behavior of the aged person examined.

## 50:830:358. INTRODUCTION TO CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGY (3)

Prerequisites:50:830:363 and junior or senior status.
A survey of activities and practices of contemporary clinical psychology. Three broad areas of practice-tertiary, secondary, and primary prevention-and the activities specific to these practices covered. The interdependence of clinical and other areas of psychology, as well as research procedures and contributions.

## 50:830:360. HYPNOSIS (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
An examination of phenomena of hypnosis from both experimental and clinical perspectives, including measurement, personality characteristics of the suggestible person, applied work such as pain control, and selected research issues.

## 50:830:361. Group Dynamics (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235 .
Examines basic aspects of group interaction, including experiential exercises. Lectures and readings focus on a variety of theories relevant to the analysis of group processes.

## 50:830:363. ABNORMAL PSYCHOLOGY (3)

Prerequisite: 50:830:101 or 235 .
A survey of the field of mental disorder and abnormal behavior and consideration of diagnostic systems. Constitutional, psychodynamic, and environmental factors conditioning abnormal behavior.

## 50:830:371. Psychology of Personality (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
Examination of theoretical and research approaches to the understanding of individual behavior, considering both individual traits and situational sources of influence.

## 50:830:373. PsYchOLOGY OF WOMEN (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
The psychological impact of being female; a review of research and theory on the development of sex differences in identity and other aspects of personality.

## 50:830:380. LABORATORY IN EXPERIMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY (1)

Prerequisites:50:830:101 or 235,215, and 225. Corequisite: 50:830:381 or other lecturecourseofferingalaboratory.
Examines scientific methods of approaching the study of behavior. Students gain practical experience in research techniques used in selected areas of psychology.

## 50:830:381. EXPERIMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY (3)

Prerequisites: 50:830:101 or 235,215 , and 225. Corequisite: 50:830:380. Designed to introduce the student to experimental techniques and methodological problems involved in the investigation of psychological phenomena. Prepares the student to conduct research, analyze data, and interpret and report results of experiments.

## 50:830:382. EXPERIMENTAL PSYCHOLOGY LABORATORY II (1)

Prerequisites:50:830:380,381 and permission ofinstructor.Corequisite: Lecture course designated by department (changes each term).
An advanced laboratory in psychology.

## 50:830:385. Psychological Tests and Measurements (3)

Prerequisites:50:830:101 or 235, and 215.
Introduction to the history, development, and principles of psychological testing, including techniques of administration, scoring, and interpretation. Intelligence, aptitude, achievement, interest, and personality tests studied theoretically and empirically. The impact of testing on the individual and on society.

## 50:830:393. Human Emotions (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
Inquiry into the nature of human emotions, their causes and functions. Topics discussed include: physiological, behavioral, and cognitive approaches to emotions; expressive aspects; motivational aspects; emotional development; individual, gender, and cultural differences; emotional pathology; emotional self-regulation and control.

## 50:830:404. Cognitive Processes (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235 .
Examines research on human information processing, including attention, pattern recognition, memory, thought, and problem solving. Discusses laboratorytechniques, theoreticalmodels, and research applications to practical concerns, such as reading, training strategies, and human engineering.

## 50:830:406. The Psychology of Human Judgment (3)

Prerequisite: 50:830:101 or 235 .
Issues in behavior decision theory, such as the nature of human inference, rational and irrational choice, and the processes of decision making. Discusses development and psychobiological aspects of judgment and choice. Emphasizes psychological theories of judgment and choice that can be tested empirically.

## 50:830:408. PSYCHOLOGY OF AdJUSTMENT (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
The interaction of psychological and environmental factors determining the mental well-being of the individual, with special emphasis on individual problems of personality development and adjustment.

## 50:830:415. Theory and Practice of Negotiation (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235 .
Involves both study of theory and extensive practice of evolving techniques in negotiation. Students gain insight into and skills in conflict resolution. The study of conflict reveals central psychological phenomena of theoretical interest, and the resolution of conflict is becoming a standard topic of study in today's universities.

## 50:830:423. History and Theory in Psychology (4)

Prerequisites:50:830:215and 12additionalcredits inpsychology. Examination of the prominent systematic views and problems in psychology in terms of their historical antecedents and current impact.

## 50:830:429. Research Methods of Social Psychology (3)

Prerequisites:50:830:335 and permission of instructor. Students engage in research projects in the laboratory, naturalistic field study settings, and/or organizational contexts conducted under the supervision of the instructor; in-depth studies of basic social psychological processes, such as group dynamics, leadership, attitude change, crowding, and conflict resolution.

## $50: 830: 436$. BEHAVIOR MODIFICATION (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235 .
Philosophical, theoretical, and experimental background of behavior modification together with clinical applications. Specific topics include principles of operant conditioning, misconceptions of behavior modification, reinforcement systems, aversive approaches, cognitive behavior therapy, and ethical and legal issues.

## 50:830:437. BEHAVIORAL PhARMACOLOGY (3)

Prerequisites:50:830:101 or 235 and junior or senior status or permission of instructor.
The action of drugs on the nervous system and behavior. Topics include principles of drug action, drug-environment interactions, drug abuse, drugs and therapeutic agents, and drugs as tools in psychological research.

## 50:830:440. INTERVIEWING TECHNIQUES (R) (3)

Development of interviewing/counseling skills through readings, in-class role plays, videotaping, and a required thirty-hour human services/resources field placement. Basic communication skills introduced using the microskills approach.

## 50:830:443. The Psychology of Strongly Held Bellefs (3)

 Prerequisite:50:830:335.Inquiry into the origins, structure, and psychological functions of strongly held systems of belief, such as political liberalism and conservatism, attitudes toward war and peace, and attitudes toward social issues (e.g., abortion, racial attitudes, etc.). Topics include relationships of personality, personal experiences, and socialization to politicalbeliefs.

## 50:830:458,459, 463,464. SPECIAL TOPICS in PsYCHOLOGY (2-3,2-3,2-3,2-3)

Prerequisites:50:830:101 or 235andjunior or senior status or permission of instructor.
Selected theoretical, experimental, and applied problems in psychology. Specific topics covered rotated from term to term depending on the interests of participating faculty and students.

## 50:830:465. Learning and Memory (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235.
A critical survey of the outstanding attempts to understand the nature of learning and memory. Emphasis on classical and current theories and their implications. Demonstrates a range of phenomena from simple conditioning to complex verbal learning.

## 50:830:467. PERCEPTION (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235 .
Examines what we need to know about the objects and events that surround us, how our eyes and ears sense this information, how the patterns of neural activity in our brain represent this information, and finally, what scientists know about our visual and auditory experiences.

## 50:830:484. PHYSIOLOGICAL PSYCHOLOGY (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235 .
Examines the relationship between biology and behavior. By studying the workings of animal brains, the functional deficits of brain-damaged humans, and the genetics of behavior, scientists have identified some of the underlying biological mechanisms of language, addiction, anxiety, depression, learning, aggression, and other aspects of human psychology.

## 50:830:486. Psychological Analysis of Animal Behavior (3)

Prerequisite:50:830:101 or 235 .
Review of the behavior patterns of lower animals with emphasis on the evolution of instinctual and experiential determiners of these patterns. Topics include communication, behavior-structure relationships, adaptive ability versus specialization, and the evolution of intelligence.

## 50:830:488. AdVANCEd Seminar in Psychology (R) (3)

Prerequisites:50:830:101 or 235 and at least three other courses in psychology, plus written permission of instructor.
Faculty members and distinguished visiting lecturers lead seminars in their fields of specialization; students prepare and present papers on assigned topics that change from year to year.

50:830:493. Individual SuPERVISION OF FIELDWORK IN Psychology (R) (13)

This course may berepeated for credit, but only 9 credits can beapplied toward therequirements for themajor.
Provides advanced psychology majors with an opportunity to integrate and expand their knowledge of psychology through applied experiences in the community. Students are encouraged to develop their own placements, but prearranged placements also are available. Individual supervision in the conceptualization and carrying out of projects provided.

## 50:830:495. AdVANCED IndePENDENT STUDY in Psychology

## (R) (1-3)

(Formerly 50:830:492)
This course may be repeated for credit, but only 9 credits can beapplied toward therequirementsfor the major.
Student required to undertake a term-long or yearlong laboratory or library project under the supervision of a member of the department. Strongly recommended for students planning to attend graduate school.

## RELIGION 840

See Philosophy and Religion.

## RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING PROGRAMS

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ rotc/rotc.html
Rutgers students have the opportunity to participate in cross-enrollment programs with Drexel University and with St. Joseph's University for officer training.

## Army ROTC

The Army Officer Education Program offers students an opportunity to receive officer training while earning their undergraduate degrees. Upon successful completion of that program and graduation, students are offered commissions in the U.S. Army. Scholarship students in this program receive full tuition and fees, books, and a monthly subsistence allowance of $\$ 200$. (Check current guidelines for confirmation of tuition cost.)

Students participating in the Army Officer Education Program may compete for two-year or three-year on-campus ROTC scholarships. Although students are advised to enroll in the program as first-year students, enrollment is possible throughout the first and sophomore years. Training includes instruction in leadership and management, with opportunities for supervised experience, including paid participation in training camp, normally during the summer after the junior year.

Specific information regarding physical and other qualifications for admission and other matters pertaining to participation in the Army Officer Education Program may be obtained by writing or calling: Drexel University, ROTC Department, 33rd and Market Streets, Philadelphia, PA 19104; telephone: 215/590-8808 or 8809, or visit our web site athttp://www.drexel.edu/rotc.

## Air Force ROTC

Rutgers University students are eligible to participate in the Air Force Reserve Officer Training Corps (AFROTC) through a cross-enrollment agreement with St. Joseph's University. All aerospace studies courses will be held on the St. Joseph's campus, City Line Avenue, Philadelphia, PA. The AFROTC program enables a college student to earn a commission as an Air Force officer while concurrently completing the requirements for the baccalaureate degree.

Air Force ROTC offers two-, three-, and four-year scholarships on a competitive basis to qualified applicants. All scholarships cover tuition, fees, a flat-rate book allowance, plus a $\$ 100$ tax-free monthly stipend. All members of the Professional Officer Course (POC), regardless of scholarship status, receive the $\$ 100$ tax-free monthly stipend.

For further information on the cross-enrollment program, scholarships, and career opportunities, contact: AFROTC admissions officer, AFROTC Det 750, St. Joseph's University, Philadelphia, PA 19131; telephone: 215/871-8351.

## Discrimination Based on Sexual Orientation

Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey, has a clear policy that seeks to guarantee that the services and benefits offered to its students are available equally to all. This includes equality regardless of sexual orientation. However, ROTC programs are governed by the United States Department of Defense, which maintains a policy of discrimination against gays, lesbians, and bisexuals. Hence, equal opportunities are not guaranteed to all who may wish to fully participate in ROTC programs.

The university's opposition to the Department of Defense policy of discrimination will be actively maintained until full equality of access and benefits is available to all, regardless of sexual orientation. In the meantime, the university has secured the rights of all students to enroll in and receive academic credit for ROTC courses. Students who believe that they have been subjected to discrimination by ROTC, or by any other division of the university, should contact Dr. Emmet A. Dennis, Vice President for Student Affairs (732/932-8576).

## RUSSIAN 860

See German and Russian.

## GENERALSCIENCE 890

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ gen_sci/gen_sci.html
Program Adviser: R.C. Evans
The general science program is intended for students desiring a broad knowledge of the biological, physical, and mathematical sciences. The program allows a student to pursue specific interests after having completed a required core of basic courses. Thus, the program accommodates the student whose interest is purely scientific as well as students interested in the relationship of science to other fields. This program can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## Major Requirements

The program requires the following courses:
50:120:101,102 General Biology $(4,4)$ or 50:120:127,128, 129,130 Principles of Biology and Laboratory (3,3,1,1)
50:160:115-116 Chemical Principles (3,3)
50:160:125-126 Chemical Principles Laboratory (1,1)
50:198:151 Introduction to Programming Methods Using FORTRAN (3)
50:460:101 Introduction to the Earth (3)
50:640:130 Calculus for Business, Economics, and Life Sciences (3) or 50:640:121 Unified Calculus (4) *
50:750:203-204 General Physics (3,3)
50:750:205-206 General Physics Laboratory $(1,1)$
50:960:183 Elementary Applied Statistics (3) or 50:960:283 Introduction to Statistics (3)
The student must elect one of the following choices:

1. three courses in biological sciences at the 200 level or above
2. three courses in chemistry at the 200 level or above

* Students planning more than one term of mathematics should take 50:640:121 instead of 50:640:130.

3. three courses in physics at the 200 level or above
4. mathematics: 50:640:122 and two other mathematics courses at the 200 level or above

The choice selected shall represent the major department for purposes of satisfying category eight of the general curricular requirements.

Finally, the student must complete four additional courses at the 200 level or above outside the selected area (1-4) chosen from among the natural sciences, mathematics (including 50:640:122), computer science (including 50:198:111), and statistics.

The student must earn a grade of $C$ or better in each course presented for the major.

It is strongly recommended that a student make early plans with the program adviser to satisfy prerequisites for any desired course beyond the first in a field. Before the end of the second year, the student is expected to submit for the adviser's approval their third- and fourth-year list of science courses.

## Courses

## 50:890:101-102. Principles of the Physical Sciences $(3,3)$

Prerequisites: 50:640:041-042 or equivalent.
A critical study of selected basic principles of astronomy, physics, and chemistry. The approach is quantitative and the solution of numerical problems is an essential part of the course. Stresses understanding as opposed to mere memorization.

## SOCIAL WORK 910

Major requirements in social work can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## Baccalaureate Social Work Program, School of Social Work

Dean: Mary Edna Davidson, B.A., San Francisco; M.S.W., California (Berkeley); Ph.D., Brandeis
Associate Dean and Director of B.A. Social Work Program: Ann A. Abbott
AssociateProfessors:
Ann A. Abbott, B.S., St. Norbert College; M.S.S., Ph.D., Bryn Mawr College Raymond Sanchez Mayers, B.A., CUNY (Baruch College); M.S.W., Barry; Ph.D., Brandeis
Deborah Shapiro (emerita), A.B., Wayne; M.A., Chicago; D.S.W., Columbia
AssistantProfessor:
Sharon Hines Smith, B.A., Douglass; M.S.W., Chicago; Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Director of PlacementServices-Southern Region
Sharon C. Lyter, B.A., East Stroudsburg State College; M.S.W., Temple; Ph.D., Rutgers

The B.A. in social work, accredited by the Council on Social Work Education, is a professional degree program preparing students for beginning-level generalist social work practice. The focus for practice addresses work with special populations, including the poor, the oppressed, and other at-risk groups. Participants are expected to acquire the knowledge base, professional ethics, values, and skills to work effectively within individual, family, group, organizational, and community levels of practice. The program also prepares students for graduate study in social work and related fields.

Students are admitted to the major at the beginning of their junior year, after having completed approximately 60 credits of course work. Students should plan to apply to the major during the spring term of their sophomore year. Social work application forms may be requested from the social work program, School of Social Work; 856/225-6346.

A cumulative grade-point average of 3.0 is required for acceptance into the program. Completed applications should be returned to the director of the social work program by March 1.

Following acceptance into the program, all social work majors are assigned a faculty adviser within the School of Social Work. To continue in the major, students must maintain a 3.0 grade-point average in social work courses.

## Prerequisites

50:120:105 The Facts of Life (3)
50:830:101 Introduction to Psychology (3)
50:830:215 Statistics for Social Science (3) or 50:960:183 Elementary Applied Statistics (3)
50:920:207 Introduction to Sociology (3)
One course from three of the following areas: African-American studies, anthropology, criminal justice, economics, political science, urban studies, women's studies.

## Major Requirements

Following is the recommended course sequence:

## Junior Year

## First Term

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { 50:910:220 } & \text { Introduction to Social Work and } \\ \text { Social Services (3) }\end{array}$
50:910:311 Social Welfare Policy and Services I (3)
50:910:402 Human Behavior in the Social Environment I (3)

## Second Term

50:910:312 Social Welfare Policy and Services II (3)
50:910:332 Professional Development Seminar (3)
50:910:403 Human Behavior in the Social Environment II (3)
50:910:405 Methods of Social Work Research I (3)

## Senior Year

First Term
50:910:352 Groups at Risk in Contemporary Society (3)
50:910:471 Field Practicum I (6)
50:910:472 Generalist Practice I (3)
Second Term
50:910:473 Field Practicum II (6)
50:910:474 Generalist Practice II (3)
50:910:475 Integration Seminar (3)

## Courses

## 50:910:220. Introduction to Social Work and

## Social Services (3)

Recommended for sophomores who plan to apply to the social work major. Overview of social work values, ethics, arenas of practice, and problem areas. Includes forty-hour volunteer experience within a social service agency.

## 50:910:311. Social Welfare Policy and Services I (3)

Restricted tosocial work majors.
In historical perspective, exploration of social welfare, social policy, and the emergence of the social work profession. Philosophical, political, and practical bases of social policies and programs.

## 50:910:312. Social Welfare Policy and Services II (3)

Prerequisite:50:910:311.
Process of social policy development and theoretic frameworks for the analysis of social policy. Emphasis on policies addressing problems of poverty, mental health, child welfare, and vulnerable groups, such as the elderly, gays/lesbians, women, and persons of color.

## 50:910:332. Professional Development Seminar (3)

Prerequisite: 50:910:220. Open only to social work majors in theirjunior year. Professional skills necessary for baccalaureate-level generalist practitioners. Emphasizes development of a professional social work identity and skills needed to work within an organizational context.

## 50:910:352. Groups at Risk in Contemporary Society (3)

Analysis of the relationship between institutionalized practices and the functioning level of key high-risk groups within our society: aged, veterans, handicapped, refugees, women, ethnic and racial minorities, participants inalternative life-styles. Obstacles impeding the functioning of these groups explored.

## $50: 910: 402$. Human Behavior in the Social Environment I (3)

Restricted tosocial work majors.
Theories, themes, and issues concerning the ongoing interaction between people as they grow, change, and develop over the life course, and the social context in which this occurs. Particular attention to assumptions about human behavior that may interfere with recognition of diversity in the ongoing interaction between individual, family, and group identity; social context and social life. Content about values and ethical issues related to bio-psychosocial development.

## 50:910:403. Human Behavior in the Social Environment Il (3)

Prerequisite:50:910:402.
Provides content about theories and knowledge of action groups, organizations, and communities as the context for micro- and macro-social practice. Content provided about the ways in which systems promote or deter people in the maintenance or attainment of optimal health and well-being. Evaluation and application of theory to client situations to understand how macro systems affect client benefit.

## 50:910:405. Methods of Social Work Research I (3)

Restricted tosocialworkmajors.
Introduction to scientific, analytic approach to building knowledge and skills including: role of concepts and theory, hypothesis formulation, operationalization, research design, data collection, data processing, statistical analysis, introductory computer skills, and report writing.

## 50:910:467,468. Individual STUDIES IN SOCIAL WORK $(2,3)$

Restricted tosocial workmajors.
Admission requires a written study proposal, agreement by a faculty member in the social work department to supervise the work, and approval of the director.

## 50:910:471. Field Practicum I (6)

Prerequisites:Social work major, senior status. Corequisite:50:910:472. Requires twodaysperweek of supervised field instructionin a socialservice agency. Participation in a supervised practicum applying the tenets of generalist practice. Gain greater understanding of the goals, organization, and delivery system of the field setting and the application of social work methods, values, ethics, and skills.

## 50:910:472. Generalist Practice I (3)

Prerequisites:Social work major, senior status. Corequisite: 50:910:471. Preparation for students to apply a generalist practice perspective to systems of all sizes and levels. Essential skills, values, concepts, and ethical considerations as they pertain to generalist practice.

## $\mathbf{5 0 : 9 1 0 : 4 7 3 .}$ Field Practicum II (6)

Prerequisites:50:910:471,472. Corequisites:50:910:474,475. Requires two days perweek of supervised field instructionin a social serviceagency.
Development and enhancement of essential values, skills, use of self, and use of supervision in interventive work with individuals, groups, organizations, and communities.

## 50:910:474. Generallst Practice II (3)

Prerequisites:50:910:471,472. Corequisites:50:910:473,475.
Basic skills including ethnic, racial, and gender-sensitive practice, and the formation of a collaborative working partnership.

## 50:910:475. Integration Seminar (3)

Prerequisites:50:910:471,472. Corequisites:50:910:473,474.
Consolidate and strengthen mastery of major components of generalist social work practice. Concentrate on the integration of the comprehensive skills required for successful social work practice with diverse and vulnerable populations within a wide variety of settings.

## SOCIOLOGY (Anthropology 070, Criminal Justice 202, Sociology 920)

## Web Site: http:/ /sociology.camden.rutgers.edu/

Major requirements in sociology and criminal justice can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## Department of Sociology, Anthropology, and Criminal Justice

Chairperson: Robert E. Wood
Professors:
Myra Bluebond-Langner, B.A., Temple; M.A., Ph.D., Illinois
Ted George Goertzel, B.A., Antioch; M.A., Ph.D., Washington
Drew Humphries, B.A.,M.Criminology,D.Criminology,California (Berkeley) Robert E. Wood, B.A., Harvard; M.A., Ph.D., California (Berkeley)

AssociateProfessors:
Sheila Cosminsky, B.A., CUNY (Brooklyn College); M.A., Washington State; Ph.D., Brandeis
Katrina Hazzard-Donald, A.B., Wilberforce; M.A., Ph.D., Cornell
Assistant Professors:
Jon'a F. Meyer, B.A., B.S., California State (Dominguez Hills); M.A., Ph.D., California (Irvine)
Jane A. Siegel, B.A., Drew; M.S., Ph.D., Pennsylvania
The Department of Sociology, Anthropology, and Criminal Justice offers two majors, one in sociology and one in criminal justice. The department also offers minors in all three subjects. Each of these programs is designed to draw on the combined strengths of sociology, anthropology, and criminology in fostering a broad awareness of the nature and functioning of human societies and of the ways in which such knowledge can be put to use. The sociology major is the broader of the two available majors, allowing students substantial latitude in putting together a program of courses from all three fields. Sociology graduates typically go on to a wide range of careers in social services, education, and business, as well as to graduate study in sociology and related fields. The criminal justice program prepares students for careers in a broad array of justice-related settings, and complements its specifically criminal justice courses with relevant sociological and anthropological course offerings as well.

In response to the challenges of a changing labor market, the department has committed itself to a skill-based curriculum designed to foster mastery of both quantitative and qualitative skills that can be applied in a wide range of job settings. All majors are expected to graduate with a solid range of computer competencies.

50:920:301 Methods and Techniques of Social Research should be taken shortly after the introductory courses and preferably before the junior year. All transfer students should take this course in their first term at Rutgers-Camden.
Students wishing to major in either sociology or criminal justice must declare a major in the registrar's office and then request an adviser in the Office for Student Life. Students wishing to major in both sociology and criminal justice also must meet with the Director of Criminal Justice for advising. Subsequently, students will be notified of the name of their faculty adviser; students should consult with their faculty adviser regularly each term.

## Major Requirements

## Sociology Major

Students majoring in sociology must complete 36 credits of sociology, anthropology, and criminal justice with at least a 2.0 grade-point average in these courses combined.

Students must complete 18 credits of the 36 required for the major as follows.

50:070:213 Introduction to Cultural Anthropology (3)
50:070:307 Psychological Anthropology (3) or 50:920:357 Individual and Society (3)
50:920:207 Introduction to Sociology (3)
50:920:301 Methods and Techniques of Social Research (3)
50:920:325 Sociological Theory (3)
50:920:332 Social Stratification (3) or 50:920:316 Race and Ethnicity (3)
Students also must complete 18 credits of the 36 required for the major in departmental electives. Departmental electives include courses in sociology, anthropology, and criminal justice, but note that at least one of the departmental electives must be in anthropology.Neither50:070:213Introduction to Cultural Anthropology nor 50:070:307 Psychological Anthropology can be used to fulfill the elective requirement in anthropology. At least half of the credits for the major must be taken at Rutgers.

It is strongly recommended that students considering graduate study in anthropology, criminal justice, or sociology have a reading knowledge of a foreign language and an understanding of statistics.

## Criminal Justice Major

Students majoring in criminal justice must complete 42 credits of criminal justice, sociology, anthropology, and related courses with at least a 2.0 grade-point average in the combined courses. At least half of the credits for the major must be taken at Rutgers.

Students must complete 24 of the 42 credits required for the major as follows:

50:202:201 Criminal Justice in American Society (3) and
Two of the following:
50:202:202 Police and Policing (3)
50:202:203 Confinement and Corrections (3)
50:202:204 Courts and Criminal Law (3)
and
50:202:449 Ethics and Policy in Criminal Justice (3)
50:920:207 Introduction to Sociology (3)
50:920:301 Methods and Techniques of Social Research (3)
50:920:313 Theories of Crime and Delinquency (3)
50:920:316 Race and Ethnicity (3) or 50:920:332 Social Stratification (3)
Students also must complete at least 18 credits of the 42 required for the major in departmental or approved electives distributed as follows:
12 credits in upper-level and/or criminal justice related courses from the offerings of criminal justice and sociology:

50:202:303 Gender, Crime, and Justice (3)
50:202:314 Technology and Criminal Justice (3)
50:202:322 Juvenile Justice (3)
50:202:323 Varieties of Crime (3)
50:202:324 Organized Crime (3)

50:202:325 Violent Crime (3)
50:202:326 White Collar Crime (3)
50:202:337 The Poor, Minorities, and Justice (3)
50:202:340 Victimology (3)
50:202:345 Comparative Criminal Justice (3)
50:202:350 Punishment and Sentencing (3)
50:202:351 Contemporary Issues in Policing (3)
50:202:352 Community Corrections (3)
50:202:360 Topics in Police (3)
50:202:361 Topics in Criminal Law (3)
50:202:362 Topics in Corrections (3)
50:202:363 Topics in Juvenile Justice (3)
50:202:404 Service/Internship in Criminal Justice (BA)
50:202:410 Research Seminar in Criminal Justice (3)
50:202:454 Special Topics in Criminal Justice (3)
50:920:208 Contemporary Social Problems (3)
50:920:217 Drugs and Society (3)
50:920:280 Social Movements in Society (3)
50:920:315 Sociology of Complex Organizations (3)
50:920:329 Law and Society (3)
50:920:344 Sociology of Deviance (3)
3 credits in multicultural or non-Western courses from the offerings in anthropology and sociology:

50:070:323 Anthropology of American Culture (3)
50:070:338 North American Indians (3)
50:070:341 Peoples and Cultures of Latin America (3)
50:070:353 Peoples and Cultures of Southeast Asia (3)
50:070:356 Peoples and Cultures of Africa (3)
50:790:316 Government and Politics of the Far East (3)
50:790:335 Government and Politics of Sub-Saharan Africa (3)
50:790:336 Government and Politics of the Middle East (3)
50:920:270 Social Change in the Global Economy (3)
50:920:394 Japanese Society and Management (3)
50:920:396 Southeast Asian Societies (3)
50:920:430 African-American Culture (3)
3 credits from the crime- or justice-related offerings of philosophy, political science, psychology, social work, or urban studies:
French
50:420:245 Crime and Justice in French Literature in English Translation (3)
Philosophy
50:730:226 Ethics (3)
50:730:315 Some Contemporary Moral Issues (3)
50:730:316 Some Contemporary Moral Issues (3)
PoliticalScience
50:790:372 Modern Political Theory (3)
50:790:381 Judicial Process (3)
50:790:411 American Constitutional Development (3)
50:790:442 Human Freedoms and the Constitution (3)
Psychology
50:830:341 Psychology and the Law (3)
SocialWork
50:910:220 Introduction to Social Work and Social Services (3)
50:910:352 Groups at Risk in Contemporary Society (3)

Urban Studies
50:975:204 Poverty and Urban Environmental Systems (3)
50:975:219 History of the Ghetto and American Slums (3)
50:975:306 Basic Methods of Urban and Regional Planning (3)
50:975:312 Urban and Regional Planning Studio (3)
50:975:326 Planning and Administration of Municipal Services (3)
50:975:413 Urban and Regional Revitalization (3)

## Minor Requirements

A minor consists of 18 credits, 10 of which must be above the 100 level and 6 of which must be at the 300 to 400 level. The department offers minors in anthropology, criminal justice, and sociology, and several of its courses count toward the justice and society minor and toward special programs in Latin American studies, nursing, social work, African-American studies, and women's studies. At least half of the credits in the minor must be taken at Rutgers.

## Anthropology Minor

Course 50:070:213 Introduction to Cultural Anthropology is recommended before enrolling in any upper-level anthropology courses.

Students majoring in sociology and minoring in anthropology must take a minimum of 30 credits in sociology and 18 credits in anthropology. No specific courses in anthropology are required.

Students majoring outside sociology and minoring in anthropology must take a minimum of 18 credits in anthropology. No specific courses in anthropology are required.

## Criminal Justice Minor

Students majoring in sociology and minoring in criminal justice must take a minimum of 30 credits in sociology and anthropology and a minimum of 18 credits in criminal justice as specified below.

All students minoring in criminal justice must take 18 credits: 9 credits in the core criminal justice curriculum and 9 credits from among the 300 - to 400 -level elective courses in sociology or criminal justice. Students must complete the following criminal justice core curriculum ( 9 credits):

50:202:201 Criminal Justice in American Society (3)
Twoofthefollowingthreecourses:
50:202:202 Police and Policing (3)
50:202:203 Confinement and Corrections (3)
50:202:204 Courts and Criminal Law (3)
In addition, 9 credits must be completed from among the upper-level crime and/or criminal justice-related courses from the offerings of criminal justice, sociology, or anthropology.

## Justice and Society Minor

Students minoring in justice and society must take a minimum of 18 credits of interdisciplinary work distributed as follows:

3 credits in sociology or criminal justice: 50:920:313, 329, 344 ; or any criminal justice (202) course
3 credits in psychology: 50:830:335 or 341
3 credits in political science: 50:790:381, 401, 414, or 442

3 credits in philosophy: 50:730:315, 316,319, or 320
6 credits of the student's choice from among courses listed for the minor

## Sociology Minor

Students minoring in sociology must take a minimum of 18 credits in sociology, anthropology, and criminal justice. No specific courses in sociology are required except that 50:920:207 Introduction to Sociology is recommended for all upper-level sociology courses.

## Courses (Anthropology 070)

Many of these courses are offered only once every academic year, or once every three terms.

## 50:070:211. PhYSICAL ANTHROPOLOGY (3)

The study of human evolution and living populations today. Reading the fossil records;man's primate heritage; culture and biological evolution; heredity and environment in human development; race differences; race, language, and culture; current trends inhuman evolution.

## 50:070:213. Introduction to Cultural Anthropology

 (R) (3)Introduces the student to the study of man and culture. Topics include the nature and diversity of man and culture; the fieldwork process;culturechange;political,economic, and socialorganizations; world view and values; socialization; social and religious movements; applications of anthropology to the contemporary world.

## 50:070:301. BIOCULTURAL AdAPTATION In Human

 Populations (3)Introduction to how human populations adapt to their environments genetically, physiologically, behaviorally, and culturally. Topics includehuman adaptation to diet, disease, pollution, crowding, altitude, and cold; population variations and racial differences;biological and cultural adaptation in underdeveloped andurbansocieties.

## 50:070:307. Psychological Anthropology (3)

Prerequisite:50:070:213.
Relation between sociocultural factors and psychological processes among members of different groups: socialization of the individual, culturally determined variations in personality structure, evaluation of theories of personality in light of cross-cultural evidence, and psychological factors in sociocultural change.

## 50:070:308. Childhood and Culture (3)

The study of childhood in various societies with attention to the socialization process in a variety of cultural contexts (e.g.,family, peer groups, and social or religious institutions).

## 50:070:317. GODS, Cults, AND RITUAL (3)

Introduction to the basic theoretical approaches anthropologists bring to the study of religious institutions, symbols, and practices. Ethnographic case studies of religious groups in the United States and around the world used to explore how these groups adapt to and explain their larger social worlds, especially in the current era of transnational migration and economic change.

50:070:319. VISUALANTHROPOLOGY (3)
Examination and analysis of selected societies and cultures through films and complementary ethnographies.

## 50:070:320. Health and Healing (3)

The impact of sociocultural factors on illness and health. Causation, prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of disease in non-Western and Western societies; ethnomedical beliefs and practices; the impact of social and cultural change on the health-care system.

## 50:070:321. Death and Dying (3)

Death, dying, and bereavement in a variety of cultures as contexts for understanding the relation between biological and social processes, society and the individual, technology and social change, and socialization and communications. Application of research results in the area of death and dying for improved care of the dying and the bereaved.

## 50:070:323. Anthropology of American Culture (3)

Unity and diversity of American culture. Methods of study. Class, race, and ethnicity. Marginal and central groups. Community studies and ethnography.

## 50:070:336. Primate Behavior (3)

Nonhuman primatebehaviors:communication, learning, play, aggression, sex, status, territoriality, sociability, and shared systems of behavior. Evolutionary theory, ecology, and sociobiology. Understanding human behavior through its evolution along the primate line. Similarities and differences between human and nonhuman primates.

## 50:070:338. North American Indians (3)

History, cultural background, and contemporary situation of major North American Indian groups. Special attention to social relations, political and religious movements, and cultural change.

## $50: 070: 340$. Women, Men, and Culture (3)

Sexrolescompared in varioussocieties, fromhunting-and-gathering to modernizing and industrialized societies, including economic, political, and domestic roles;social status;personality; and sexuality.

## 50:070:341. Peoples and Cultures of Latin America (3)

Cultural and historical background and contemporary situation of the peoples of Latin America including pre-Columbian Indian, European, and African influences. Consideration given to ethnic relations, stratification, religion, family, socioeconomic development, and current economic and political problems.

## 50:070:342. World Cultures (3)

Concentrates on study of a single culture each time presented. The choice of culture depends on the instructor.

## 50:070:344. Dance of the African Diaspora (3)

Exploration of how African dance forms and institutions were transported to and transformed in the New World. Includes studio component in which students learn and analyze the development of African-American dances.

## 50:070:350. Environmental and Cultural Behavior (3)

Focuses on the interaction of culture, man, and the environment. Covers basic principles of ecology to analyze communities and human populations in indigenous, colonial, and developing societies. Emphasis on cultural adaptation and the critical role of technology and economic organization in human ecosystems.

## 50:070:353. Peoples and Cultures of Southeast Asia (3)

Diverse social and cultural systems of Southeast Asia, including traditional systems and contemporary transformations.

## 50:070:356. Peoples and Cultures of Africa (3)

Examines the processes of continuity and change in Africa today and the similarities and differences in African cultures and societies. Focuses on the major institutions of kinship and family, economics, politics, and religion, and on contemporary issues such as socioeconomic development, urbanization, the role of women, and apartheid.

## 50:070:380. FOOD AND CULTURE (3)

Culinary customs studied cross-culturally. Food in relation to sex, kinship, politics, economics, and religion. Examines sociocultural factors that influence what people eat; how, when, where, and how much; and the ways in which these factors relate to the problem of nutritional adequacy. Considers the interrelation between the sociocultural and biological aspects of "foodways."

50:070:405. CULTURE AND SOCIAL CHANGE (3)
Theories on cultural change, reactions to acculturations, role of new religious movements, problems in applied anthropology.

50:070:438. Methods and Theory in Cultural Anthropology (3)
Analysis and comparison of the major contemporary theoretical approaches incultural anthropology. Methods and techniques of cultural and social structural analysis.

## 50:070:485,486. SpECIAL TOPICS in ANTHROPOLOGY (3,3)

Each year several courses may be offered under this general title, dealing with special topics intended to involve students in intensive study and investigation of specific issues in anthropological study and research. Topics usually change each year.

50:070:495,496. Individual Study in Anthropology (1-3,1-3)
Prerequisites: Permission of department and agreement by a department member tosupervise thework. Nomore than 3 credits canbecounted toward theminorinanthropology.Nomore than 6 creditscanbecounted toward the major in sociology.

## Courses (Criminal Justice 202)

50:202:201. Criminal Justice in American Society (R) (3)
American crime and criminal justice agencies, i.e., police, courts, and correctional agencies. Emphasis on criminal justice as a system and the processing of persons accused of crime from the point of arrest to postconviction and release.

## 50:202:202. Pouce and Policing (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
History and structure of American police; law enforcement, order maintenance, and service functions; police misconduct, unionism, affirmative action, and race relations; and careers in law enforcement.

50:202:203. CONFINEMENT AND CORRECTIONS (3)
Prerequisite:50:202:201.
History and organization of American corrections. Emphasis on sentencing, custodial institutions, intermediate sanctions, community corrections, and mechanisms for release.

## 50:202:204. Courts and Criminal Law (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
Structures and functions of American courts and law. Courtroom work group; roles of attorneys, judges, and other court personnel; trial, trial outcomes, and appellate courts.

## 50:202:303. Gender, CrIME, AND JUSTICE (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201 or permission of instructor.
Women as victims and criminal offenders; women in the criminal justice workforce; emerging legal doctrines on gender rights.

## 50:202:314. Technology and Criminal Justice (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
Discussion of how criminal justice has affected and been affected by the advent of technology and computers. Emphasis on innovations in policing, courts, corrections, and computer crime.

## 50:202:322. JUVENILE JUSTICE (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
Juvenile offenders and the changing perception of juvenile crime; the legal status of juvenile offenders and the role of the family court in preventing delinquency.

## 50:202:323. Variettes of CRIME (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
Discussion of the many types of crime, ranging from victimless/ morals offenses to property offenses to interpersonal crime. Emphasis on reduction policies.

## 50:202:324. Organized Crime (3)

Prerequisite: 50:202:201.
Historical development of national and international criminal organizations and organized crime core groups/syndicates. Also presents tactics to combat organized crime.

## 50:202:325. Violent Crime (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
Discussion of gangs, homicide, serial crimes of violence, interpersonal violence, and rape. Emphasis on crimes involving weapon use.

## 50:202:326. White Colar Crime (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
History and development of corporate crime, white collar crime, political corruption, and other "upper world" crimes. Emphasis on effective strategies for combating this phenomenon.

## 50:202:337. The Poor, Minorities, and Justice (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
Critical examination of the treatment of minorities and the poor by the criminal justice system. Focuses on the sources of tension between minorities and the poor on the one hand and personnel in the criminal justice system on the other.

## 50:202:340. Victimology (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
Study of the role and treatment of victims in the criminal justice system. Emphasis on risk factors in victimization and impacts of crime on victims.

## 50:202:345. Comparative CriminalJustice (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
Examination of the criminal justice systems of other nations.
Emphasis on police, court, and corrections systems.

## 50:202:350. Punishment and Sentencing (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
Historical overview of punishment and punishment theory, with an emphasis on community corrections. Discussion of sentencing as a process, rights of offenders at sentencing, and factors involved in sentencing by judges and juries.

## 50:202:351. CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN POLICING (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
Evaluation of new trends in policing plus police unionism, discrimination, and affirmative action, as well as explanations for misconduct and evaluation of its remedies, e.g.,civilian review boards.

## 50:202:352. COMMunity CORRECTIONS (3)

Prerequisite:50:202:201.
Historical and philosophical overview of the theories behind alternatives to incarceration and their implementation in corrections. Emphasis on their impact and future.

## 50:202:360. TOPICS IN Police (3)

Prerequisites:50:202:201 and 202.
Perspectives of leading law enforcement practitioners on criminal justice topics. Emphasis on law enforcement as a career.

## 50:202:361. TOPICS IN CRIMINAL LAW (3)

Prerequisites:50:202:201 and 204.
Perspectives of leading attorneys or judges on criminal justice topics. Emphasis on careers.

## 50:202:362. Topics in Corrections (3)

Prerequisites:50:202:201 and 203.
Perspectives of correctional practitioners on criminal justice topics. Emphasis on corrections as a career.

## 50:202:363. TOPICS IN JUVENILE JUSTICE (3)

Prerequisites:50:202:201 and 322 .
Perspectives of leading practitioners in the juvenile system.
Emphasis on juvenile justice as a career.

## 50:202:404. Service/ Internship in Criminal Justice (BA)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor. No more than 3 credits to be counted toward the major.
Supervised service/internship in criminal justice agency.

## 50:202:410. Research Seminar in Criminal Justice (3)

Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.
Independent research or special project under faculty supervision.

## 50:202:449. Ethics and Policy in Criminal Justice (3)

Prerequisites:50:202:201 and 50:920:301.
The development, implementation, and evaluation of criminal justice policy. Ethics of law enforcement, court processes, and corrections. Evaluation of research on topics such as race, class, and gender disparities; capital punishment; gun control;drug policy; pornography; and gambling.

## 50:202:454. SPECIAL TOPICS IN CRIMINAL JUSTICE (3)

Prerequisite:Permission of instructor.
Courses may be offered under this general title, dealing with special topics intended to involve students in intensive study and investigation on topics related to crime and justice.

## Courses (Sociology 920)

$50: 920: 207$. INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY (R) (3)
Thedepartmentrecommends thatstudents wishing totakeadvanced courses begin withIntroductiontoSociology.
Introduction to the study of social groups and societies. Basic sociological methods and theoretical perspectives. Survey of basic subfields of sociology, such as socialization, family, religion, inequality, race and ethnicity, politics, deviance, and social change.

## 50:920:208. CONTEMPORARY SOCIAL PROBLEMS (R) (3)

Nonmajors may choose to takethis courseas abeginning course in sociology. Survey of contemporary social problems with particular attention to how social issues become defined as "problems" and to how sociological knowledge can inform social policy choices. Topics include poverty, discrimination, family breakup, crime, mental illness, alcoholism, and others.

## 50:920:217. Drugs AND SOCIETY (3)

Use and abuse of controlled substances in American society, public health and medical considerations, addiction and treatment, illegal markets, and drug control policy.

## 50:920:280. SOCIAL MoVEMENTS IN SOCIETY (3)

Emergence and growth of social movements in response to social trends, and their consequences in changing society; dynamics of organizational structure within movements as related to their goals, tactics, and ideologies. Topics include political movements, racial and ethnic movements, women's movements, religious movements, and movements within social institutions, such as health care and criminal justice.

50:920:301. Methods and Techniques of Social Research (3) Introduces basic methods and techniques of social research: formulating research design; data-gathering techniques including survey research, data analysis, and presentation of findings.

## $50: 920: 306$. Sociology of the Family (3)

A comparative study of the institutions of marriage and the family in various societies with special emphasis on the contemporary American family.

## 50:920:313. TheOries OF Crime and Delinquency (3)

Prerequisites:50:920:207 and 301.
Explanation of crime and delinquency in American society.
Topics include deterrence theory, biological explanations for crime, sociological theories, and conflict-based theories. Emphasis on social causes of crime.

## 50:920:315. Sociology of Complex Organizations (3)

Structure and functioning of organizations and bureaucracies. Organizational design, planning and change. Practical techniques for working effectively in organizations.

## 50:920:316. RACE AND ETHNICITY (3)

The social construction of race and ethnicity in the U.S. and around the globe. The formation of racial and ethnic identities and the varieties of group interaction, including prejudice, discrimination, assimilation, institutional domination, and change. Changing concepts, boundaries, and interrelationships within a global context.

## 50:920:321. Urban Sociology (3)

Urban and suburban life in industrial and postindustrial environments. Social class, ethnic, and racial differences in communities. Technological change and strategies for community and regional development. Special attention to the South Jersey area.

## 50:920:323. Sociology of Childhood and Adolescence (3)

A study of social interaction during childhood and adolescence; emphasis on social interaction in various types of families and peer groups.

## 50:920:325. SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY (3)

Prerequisites:50:920:207;50:920:301 should be completed or taken concurrently. An intensive study of the classical sociological thinkers-Marx, Durkheim, Weber-and a survey of contemporary theoretical traditions in the field.

## 50:920:326. American Communities-Structure and

## Change (3)

A look at the social structure of rural, suburban, urban, and metropolitan communities and an examination of the elusive concept of community in light of present-day movements in housing and schools, and other efforts at local self-determination.

## 50:920:329. Law and Society (3)

Current social trends and legal developments. Topics include legal analysis, white collar crime, and power and conflict.

## 50:920:332. SOCIAL STRATIFICATION (3)

Prerequisites:50:920:207.50:920:301 should be completed or takenconcurrently. Analyzes class inequality and the class structure in U.S. society, with particular attention to the processes by which social and economic inequalities are generated, reproduced, and changed. Emphasizes a variety of research and presentational skills that are transferable to the world of work. A fourth credit is sometimes available and links community service with the ethnographic research paper required in the course.

## $50: 920: 337$. Women and Men in Society (3)

A comparative and historical examination of gender and inequality. A look at gender roles within the family, the workforce, and the legal system; socialization and gender; and sexuality and gender.

## 50:920:341. Communication (3)

The application of sociological skills to interpersonal and small group communication, particularly in the workplace. Topics include group process and development, leadership, decision making, problem solving, multicultural dimensions of communication, critical thinking, and conflict management.

## 50:920:344. SOCIOLOGY OF DEVIANCE (3)

Explanations for deviance and conformity. Emphasis on varieties of deviance; social reactions to deviance, including moral panics; and sociological theories.

## 50:920:345. Sociology of Education (3)

Examines the interaction between schools and society and explores basic social concepts, such as stratification, social role, and bureaucratic organization in relation to the educational system. Analyzes the educational system itself with an emphasis on both stated objectives and actual social functions.

## 50:920:357. Individual and Society (3)

The individual's relationship to society and society's impact on the individual. Topics include the process of socialization, social roles, reference, reference groups, self-concept, and symbolic interaction.

## 50:920:370. Social Change in the Global Economy (3)

The emergence and growth of social movements in response to social trends, and their consequences in changing society; dynamics of organizational structure within movements as related to their goals, tactics, and ideologies. Topics include political movements, racial and ethnic movements, women's movements, religious movements, and movements within social institutions such as health care and criminal justice.

## 50:920:380. Conflict and Change in Society (3)

The ways in which broad processes of social conflict and change are reshaping societies, the world system, and the lives of people everywhere. Topics include the changing international division of labor, revolutions, and the postindustrial transition.

## 50:920:394. Japanese Society and Management (3)

An introduction to Japanese society and its economic achievements. An evaluation of which aspects of its management-labor relations, organizational structures, and macroeconomic policies can be imported or adapted elsewhere.

## 50:920:396. Southeast Asian Societies (3)

Introduction to the societies of Southeast Asia, ranging from Myanmar (Burma) on the west to the Philippines on the east. Examination of the cultural similarities that unite the region and the diversity that divides it. Historical development of Southeast Asian cultures. How Southeast Asians are reshaping their cultural heritage in response to development, westernization, and global capitalism.

## 50:920:402. Poutical Sociology (3)

The role of social class, gender, age, race, ethnicity, and other social factors in political life. Social organization of political parties and pressure groups. Social origins of political beliefs.

## 50:920:405. APPLED SOCIOLOGY (BA)

Prerequisite:50:920:301.
Application of sociological methods and theories in applied settings. Topics include organizational consulting, focus groups, needs analysis, qualitative interviewing, counseling, creative thinking, program planning, marketing, policy analysis, proposal writing, and job search skills.

## 50:920:406. Sociology of Religion (3)

Introduction to the study of religious behavior both as it is affected by its social context and as it affects society. Emphasis on a major theme or themes from sociology of religion, using comparative study of religious institutions in various societies with special emphasis on American society.

## 50:920:418. Medical Sociology (3)

Examines the distribution of health and disease and looks at the social organization of the health-care system in contemporary society. Takes up the sociology of healing and therapy techniques and the interaction of patients and practitioners.

## 50:920:425. CYBERSPACE AND SOCIETY (3)

Exploration of how computers and the Internet are changing society, and how individuals, groups, and societies are responding to the challenges and opportunities that cyberspace is creating. Focuses on fostering Internet and computer skills important for doing sociological and other forms of work in an increasingly computerized and networked society.

## 50:920:430. African-American Culture (3)

Evaluation of significant areas of African-American culture past and present, e.g., the slave community and its legacy, the psychocultural impact of racism, and varieties of contemporary popularculture.

## 50:920:431. Sociology of Work and Careers (3)

Covers occupational choices and career building, and the relation between the life cycle and the work cycle. Examines selected occupations and career patterns as a basis for understanding the division of labor in society.

## 50:920:438. Sociology of Aging (3)

Focuses on the age structure in society; period versus cohort studies of population; "ageism" as a form of prejudice and discrimination; the life cycle and age grading in society; the social correlates of growing old in various societies; the relation between age and other socially relevant characteristics such as sex, ethnicity, religion, and occupation; the sociology of retirement and the impact of "disengagement" on such things as family structure.

## 50:920:440. Sexuality and Society (3)

The relation between sexuality and society discussed, in particular the social organization and power relations that affect human sexual identity and behavior. Discussions and readings focus on sex and social institutions such as the family and the law, sexual variations, issues in reproductive sexuality, and the political economy of sex.

## 50:920:442. Mass Media and Popular Culture (3)

Stresses the content and transmission of popular art and its place in American culture. Surveys theories on the social evolution of popular forms from folk and elite cultures. Assesses the methods employed in analysis of mass culture.

## 50:920:445,446, 447,448, 463. Special Topics in Sociology (1-3,1-3,1-3,1-3,1-3)

Each year several courses may be offered under this general title, dealing with special topics intended to involve students in advanced study and research. The number of credits varies with the duration of the course. Course topics usually change each year. Specific prerequisites may be set for each course.

## 50:920:455. SOCIOLINGUISTICS (3)

Topics include speech acts, interaction analysis and the social functions of language, the ethnography of communication, language and ethnic groups, language and social class, the social and political problems of bilingual countries, and language and nationalism.

## 50:920:487,488. Individual STUDY in SOCIOLOGY (1-3,1-3)

Admission requirespermission ofdepartmentand agreementbyadepartment membertosupervise thework. Approval of written proposal isrequired priorto registration. No more than 6 credits canbe counted toward the sociology major.

## 50:920:496,497. Honors Program in Sociology $(3,3)$

Open only tosociology majors, who musthave a3.5grade-pointaverage in sociology courses and a 3.5 cumulative grade-pointaverage in all work.

## SPANISH 940

Major requirements in Spanish can be completed only through daytime attendance.

## Department of Spanish

## Professors:

Eladio Cortes, A.B., LL.M., Oviedo; B.B.A., M.B.A., Santiago; M.A.,

## Ph.D., Rutgers

Michele Muncy (emerita), A.B., M.A., Texas; Ph.D., Rutgers

## Assistant Professor:

Alfonso Montelongo, B.A., Univ. Autonoma, Metropolina (Mexico); M.A., ColegiodeMexico;Ph.D.,California (Santa Barbara)

The Department of Spanish offers courses in the language and culture of Spain and Spanish America. Some of the courses are designed to satisfy the needs of students planning to major in Spanish literature. Others are aimed at those students who would like to develop a working knowledge of the Spanish language and culture for use in their profession. Still others are aimed at those students who do not desire to develop a working knowledge of the Spanish language, but who would like to become familiar with some aspects of the Spanish culture. The listing for each course gives its aims.

There are no prerequisites for the courses unless specified in the course listing. However, unless stated otherwise, courses are given in the Spanish language, and students are encouraged to speak with the faculty teaching the course in order to ascertain its usefulness for the student and the necessary level of proficiency in the language. Spanish-speaking students may not receive credit for elementary Spanish.

Students with two years of high school Spanish who have been away from the language ten years or more may be permitted to take Spanish I for credit. Three or more years of high school Spanish requires enrollment in Spanish 121.

Students must earn a grade of C or better in the courses required for their major or their minor in Spanish.

## Major Requirements

Students planning to major in Spanish must include in their program 42 credits in Spanish courses beyond the elementary level courses. In addition, they also must complete the following courses: 50:350:238 or 239 World Masterpieces and 50:510:101 and 102 Western Civilization I and II.

Students planning on graduate study are advised to elect another foreign language and should attain in it a level of proficiency equivalent to 50:940:201.

## Minor Requirements

Students planning to minor in Spanish must complete 24 credits in Spanish courses, 12 of which must be above the 200 level.

## Minor in Latin American Studies

The Department of Spanish offers a minor in Latin American Studies as part of its curriculum. Students deciding to minor in this program should consult the faculty of the department and refer to the Latin American Studies listing.

## Departmental Honors Program

Students may qualify for graduating with honors in Spanish by fulfilling the regular requirements for the Spanish major and the following requirements:

1. Write a senior honors thesis of twenty-five to thirty-five pages. The topic for the thesis is worked out with an individual faculty member and written as an independent study project during two terms of the honors program while the student is enrolled in course 50:940:396, 495, or 496 (depending upon the year and term during which the student is undertaking the study).
2. Maintain a 3.5 grade-point average in the Spanish major and a 3.0 cumulative grade-point average in the overall undergraduate program.

Students normally inform the department of their intention of entering the honors program in the spring of the junior year.

In recognition of satisfactory completion of the honors program, the registrar will note on the student's permanent academic record Distinction in Spanish.

## Independent Study

A student must have a grade-point average in Spanish of 3.3 or better to pursue independent study and may enroll in only one independent study course per term. Students must secure the permission of the department chairperson and the instructor under whom the student wishes to work prior to enrollment.

## Teacher Certification in Spanish

Students seeking teacher certification in Spanish must complete the requirements for the major in the Spanish department as well as satisfy other requirements for certification. For details regarding admission to the teacher education program and its requirements, students should consult both their department adviser and the chairperson of the education department.

## Study Abroad

Rutgers sponsors a summer program in Spain and a junior year in Mexico. Applicants need not be Spanish majors, although some previous study of the language is required. Interested students should consult the department chairperson.

The Spanish department organizes study trips to Spain in conjunction with the Center for Foreign Studies.

## Courses

## 50:940:101. Elementary Spanish (R) (4)

Rec. 3 hrs ., lab. 2 hrs . Forstudents with no knowledge of Spanish or one year or less of high schoolSpanish. Spanish-speaking students may notreceivecredit forelementarySpanish.Laboratoryattendancerequired.
Training designed to lay a foundation for speaking, writing, reading, and understanding the language.

## 50:940:102. ELEMENTARY SPANISH (R) (4)

Rec. 3 hrs.,lab. 2 hrs. Forstudents with little knowledge of Spanish or no more than twoyears of high schoolSpanish.Spanish-speaking students may notreceive credit.Laboratoryattendancerequired.
A continuation of 50:940:101.

## 50:940:103. Elementary Spanish (R) (3)

Forstudents with no knowledge ofSpanishoroneyear or lessofhighschool Spanishor,inexceptional cases, permission of the department. Laboratory attendanceexpected. This course is available only atnight.
Training designed to lay a foundation for speaking, writing, reading, and understanding the language.

## 50:940:104. ELEMENTARY SPANISH (R) (3)

Forstudentswithlittleknowledge ofSpanishornomorethantwoyears of high schoolSpanish.Laboratoryattendanceexpected. Thiscourse is availableonly atnight.
A continuation of 50:940:103.

## 50:940:121. Intermediate Spanish (4)

OpentonativeSpanish-speakingstudents, tostudentswhohavecompleted 50:940:101 and 102, or had more than two years of high school Spanish, orasdeterminedbyplacementexaminations.Laboratoryattendancerequired. Oral and written practice, giving emphasis to grammar review and reading of selected materials.

## 50:940:122. Intermediate Spanish (4)

Rec. 3 hrs., lab. 2 hrs . Laboratory attendance required.
A continuation of 50:940:121. Grammar review with reading and oral practice.

## 50:940:127. Spanish for the Professions (4)

Rec. 3 hrs., lab. 2 hrs .
Intermediate-level Spanish course. Oral and written practice, giving emphasis to the application of the Spanish language to the special vocabulary of different professions.

## 50:940:131. INTERMEDIATE SPANISH (3)

Prerequisites:50:940:101,102 or 103,104 or more than two years of high school Spanish,or as determined by placementexaminations, or fornativeSpanishspeakingstudents.Laboratoryattendanceexpected.Thiscourseisavailableonly atnight.
Oral and written practice, giving emphasis to grammar review and reading of selected materials.

## 50:940:132. INTERMEDIATE SPANISH (3)

Thiscourse is availableonly atnight.
Continuation of 50:940:131. Grammar review with reading and oral practice.

## 50:940:151. Civiluzation of Spanish Peoples (3)

This course, given in English, may be used for the college's general language and literature requirement, butnotforSpanishmajororminor requirements. A study of the principal characteristics of Spain or SpanishAmerican countries as manifested in their history, literature, arts, and daily life.

## 50:940:181-182. SPANISH FOR SPANISH-SpeAKING PEOPLE $(3,3)$

(Formerly 50:940:211-212)
Designed for Spanish-speaking students. Grammar and writing exercises with emphasis on the special language problems encountered by these students.

## 50:940:200. Modern Spanish Readings (3)

(Formerly50:940:131)
Extended readings from standard writers of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries, with discussion of their significance in Spanish literature and life. Oral and written practice continued.

## 50:940:201. Advanced Spanish Grammar and Styustics (3)

 (Formerly50:940:132)A continuation of 50:940:200, with part of the term dedicated to a review of advanced Spanish grammar and continuing with writing exercises and readings from twentieth-century literature.

## 50:940:203. Spanish Composition and Conversation (3)

Practice in speaking and writing, stressing the development of an adequate vocabulary in the discussion of everyday subjects.

## 50:940:204. Advanced SPANISH COMPOSItion and Conversation (3)

 Continuation of 50:940:203. Special emphasis on the use of idiomatic expressions in everyday life.
## 50:940:266. History Of Spanish Literature (3)

An introduction to the study of Spanish literature. Acquaints the student with the main classical writers and the principal literary movements and tendencies from the origins of Spanish literature. Attention given to the relationship of the literary movements to social and historical movement, and the development of the arts.

50:940:267. History OF Spanish-American Literature (3)
An introduction to Spanish-American literature. A continuation of 50:940:266.

## 50:940:301. SPANISH AND SPANISH-AmERICAN CULTURE

 and Civilization (3)CoursetaughtinSpanishlanguage.
A study of the principal characteristics of Spain and SpanishAmerican countries as manifested in their history, arts, and daily life.

## 50:940:302. Spanish and Spanish-American Culture and Civilization (3)

Continuation of 50:940:301.

## 50:940:305. History OF Spanish Fine ArTs (3)

This course, givenin English, maybeused for the college's generallanguage and literature requirement, but not for the Spanish major requirement. Comprehensive study of the different styles and movements of Spanish painting, architecture, and music through the ages.

## 50:940:310. SpECIAL TOPICS (3)

A course in a selected topic of an advanced intermediate-level nature and not offered in the regular curriculum.

## $50: 940: 315$. COMMERCIAL SPANISH (3)

Customs and practices of commercial organizations in Spanishspeaking countries. Practical business correspondence.

## 50:940:353,354. INDIVIDUAL STUDIES IN SPANISH (BA,BA)

May be arranged for advanced students under exceptional conditions. Approval of the instructor must be secured, but may not be granted if the needs of the student can be met by the regular offerings.

## 50:940:396. Honors Program in Spanish (3)

50:940:401. SPECIAL TOPICS (R) (3)
A course in a selected topic of advanced level not offered in the regular curriculum. May be repeated for credit, assuming the subject matter is different.

## 50:940:415. Medieval Spanish Literature (3)

Study of selected works, with some introduction to old Spanish texts as well as analysis of works in modern Spanish adaptation.
$50: 940: 421$. Dramatic Literature of the Golden Age (3)
Spanish drama of the Siglo deOro. Extensive analysis of the major works and themes of dramatists such as Lope de Vega, Tirso de Molina, and Calderon de la Barca.

50:940:426. Cervantes (3)
Life and works of Cervantes; careful reading of Don Quijote, the Novelas Ejemplares, and his theater;emphasis on their significance to contemporary life.

## $50: 940: 435$. Nineteenth-Century Spanish Literature (3)

Major literary current of nineteenth-century Spanish literature through the works of leading authors. Begins with a brief study of eighteenth-century literature.

## 50:940:436. THe Picaresque Novel (3)

A study of the picaresque genre in Spain, with detailed study of such works as ElLazarillodeTormes,ElGuzmande Alfarache, La Picara-Justina, and others. Special study of the Mexican Periquillo Sarniento.

## 50:940:438. Twentieth-Century Spanish Literature (3)

The evolution of Spanish literature from the Modernismo and the Generacion del '98 to the post-CivilWar period. Study of today's main writers.

## 50:940:455. Early Spanish-American Literature (3)

A study of the literature of Spanish America from the colonial period to the end of the nineteenth century.

## 50:940:456. Spanish-American Modernismo (3)

The literature of Spanish America during the Modernismo.
50:940:457. Nineteenth-Century Puerto Rican Literature (3)
The Puerto Rican literary panorama in the nineteenth century. Lectures, readings, and discussions of works by such authors as Eugenio Maria de Hostos, Alejandro Tapia y Rivera, Jose Gautier Benitex, Manuel Zeno Gandia, and Jose de Diego.

## 50:940:458. Twentieth-Century Puerto Rican Literature (3)

The Puerto Rican literary panorama of the twentieth century. Lectures, readings, and discussions of the works of such authors as Luis Llorens Torres, Nemesio R. Canales, Luis Pales Matos, Francisco Arrivi, and Rene Marques.

50:940:463. Contemporary Spanish-American Novel (3)
Reading and interpretation of Spanish-American novelists of the modernist period to the present. Brief study of today's SpanishAmerican short story in last part of course.

50:940:464. CONTEMPORARY SPANISH-AMERICAN THEATER (3)
Latest currents in today's Spanish-American theater. Reading and study/discussion of several playsby prominentSpanishAmerican playwrights.

50:940:495,496. Honors Program in Spanish $(3,3)$

## SPEECH 950

See Fine Arts.

## STATISTICS 960

See Mathematical Sciences.

THEATER ARTS (Dance 203, Speech 950, Theater Arts 965)

See Fine Arts.

## URBAN STUDIES AND COMMUNITY PLANNING 975

Web Site: http:/ /www.camden.rutgers.edu/dept-pages/ urban/urbanpag.html

Major requirements in urban studies can be completed only through daytime attendance.
Department of Urban Studies and Community Planning
Chairperson:Michael Lang
Professors:
Gloria Bonilla-Santiago, B.A.,GlassboroState(currently Rowan University of New Jersey); M.S.W., Rutgers; Ph.D., CUNY (City College)
Michael Lang, B.A., Drew; M.S., Ph.D., London School of Economics
Jon Van Til, B.A.,Swarthmore College;M.A.,North Carolina;Ph.D., California (Berkeley)
Departmental Associates:
Felipe J. Gorostiza, B.A., M.A., New York; M.A., Brown; M.A., Ph.D., Pennsylvania
Lambert Jackson, B.A., M.A., Ph.D., Delaware
Mark Rozewski, B.A., M.C.R.P., Rutgers
The Department of Urban Studies and Community Planning is concerned with the study and resolution of societal problems from an interdisciplinary base. The department is small, and individual attention to students is a point of pride among its faculty.

A common core of required courses provides the student with an understanding of urban institutions and how they function. This core is supplemented by options in urban planning and nonprofit organization leadership/civic education that allow students to develop specialized professional skills.

The core of required courses provides the student with knowledge appropriate to the urban generalist. These courses promote understanding of many professional and community planning approaches aimed at resolving urban and metropolitan problems. The options provide in-depth training appropriate to preprofessionals. Field experience and training are central to these specializations.

Majors in the department are urged to develop their plans of study in close consultation with their faculty adviser. Courses should be properly sequenced, insofar as possible, and each student's plan may be tailored to his or her specific needs, skills, and academic and professional aspirations.

The department offers a diverse range of other options to students, including:

1. Double majors, which allow the student to develop an urban studies major in addition to a major in another discipline or professional field.
2. Departmental minors, which permit majors in other departments to concentrate in one of the options of the Department of Urban Studies and Community Planning. Minors complete six courses in the department and should arrange their program in consultation with the departmental chairperson.

The department's approach integrates theory, analysis, and implementation. By combining formal instruction with practical experience, the department offers students a sound basis for both graduate study and professional opportunity. Cooperative projects between faculty and students involving research, evaluation, and fieldwork characterize much of the department's activity. A multipath approach aims to create a learning environment in which a community of scholars engages in problem solving.

Additional information about the department and program may be obtained from the department.

## Major Requirements

The core curriculum for the major in urban studies consists of the following five courses:

| 50:975:102 | Approaches to Urban Studies (3) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 50:975:104 | Power and Decision Making in Urban Communities (3) |
| 50:975:231 | Social Public Policy Planning (3) |
| 50:975:306 | Basic Methods of Urban and Regional Planning (3) |
| 50:975:326 | Planning and Administration of Municipal Services (3) |
| All majors present a min biology, chem French, Germ philosophy, p sociology, or without a des | are required to complete 30 credits if they or in one of the following disciplines: art, istry, economics, computer science, English, an, history, mathematics, music, nursing, physics, political science, psychology, religion, Spanish. Thirty-six credits are required signated minor. |

50:975:104 Power and Decision Making in Urban Communities (3)
50:975:231 Social Public Policy Planning (3)
50:975:306 Basic Methods of Urban and Regional Planning (3)
50:975:326 Planning and Administration of Municipal Services (3)

All majors are required to complete 30 credits if they present a minor in one of the following disciplines: art, biology, chemistry, economics, computer science, English, French, German, history, mathematics, music, nursing, philosophy, physics, political science, psychology, religion, without a designated minor.

## Children and Families Option

Students enrolled in this option will learn about projects and programs aimed at promoting community efforts to enhance the learning and well-being of children and families. This option has three themes: 1) Social conditions that promote the resilience of children and families in the face of difficult circumstances; 2) Cultural and social roots that help explain the place and treatment of children and families in public discourse; and 3) Social issues and policies that deal with the origins of issues, such as urban poverty and violence. Students in this option are required to enroll in 50:975:347 and at least two of the following: $219,319,451$, and 455. They also are expected to enroll in one practicumbased course.

## Nonprofit Organization Leadership/ Civic Education Option

Students enrolled in this option learn skills of community development practice as applied to the voluntary sector. This includes such groups as community organizations, volunteer organizations, nonprofit organizations, and a wide variety of social service organizations. Students typically perform community service in the courses offered in this option and enroll in two or more of the following courses: 50:975:220, 221, and 451. Also required in this option are two courses that do not involve a field placement, 50:975:204 and 219. Courses in this option are supported by the university's ACE (Associates for Civic Education) program.

## Urban and Regional Planning Option

Students enrolled in this option will learn about the profession of urban and regional land use planning. Students will be exposed to a wide variety of physical and environmental planning issues and problems. They will learn about the array of methods and techniques employed by planners in their work. The planning option emphasizes practical experience with a rich diversity of planning applications in the city of Camden, as well as the Delaware Valley region. Planning option students are strongly encouraged to spend time during one term in a professional planning office in the public or private sector. Students also are strongly encouraged to take 50:920:301 Methods and Techniques of Social Research; 50:082:382 History of Design and Photography, a computer-aided design (CAD) based course; 50:080:347 Environmental Design; and at least one course in 50:790:487 Geographical Information Systems (GIS). Students enrolled in the urban planning option are required to enroll in 50:790:490 Transport Policy. In addition, students normally enroll in at least two of the following courses: 50:975:103, $312,315,339,405,413,478,487$, and a practicum or special topics.

## Urban and Regional Planning Certificate

Students must take seven courses ( 21 credits) in urban and regional planning to earn the certificate. These courses are intended to meet the academic eligibility requirements established by the New Jersey State Board of Professional Planners for the state examination for licensed professional planners. Please contact the department for further information regarding this professional license. Relevant courses include:

50:975:103 Urban and Regional Ecological Planning (3)
50:975:231 Social Public Policy Planning (3)
50:975:306 Basic Methods of Urban and Regional Planning (3)
50:975:312 Urban and Regional Planning Studio (3)
50:975:315 Theory and Practice of Urban and Regional Planning (3)
50:975:339 Housing and Planning Seminar (3)
50:975:347 Politics and Planning of Urban Social Services (3)
50:975:405 Legal Foundations of Urban and Regional Planning (3)
50:975:413 Urban and Regional Revitalization (3)
50:975:455 Community Welfare Planning (3)
50:975:478 History of Planning Thought (3)
50:975:487 Special Topics in Geographical Information Systems (3)
50:975:498 Independent Study in Planning (3)
50:975:499 Independent Study in Planning (3)
Substitute courses must be approved by a departmental adviser.

## Minor Requirements

A general minor, which consists of any six courses in the department, is available. Nonurban studies majors also may minor in one of the options outlined above. Minor programs should be arranged in consultation with the departmental chairperson.

Details regarding current departmental offerings, projects, and programs are available at the departmental office at 323 Cooper Street. Interested students are invited to stop by for further information and become acquainted with the work of the Department of Urban Studies and Community Planning.

## Electives

The department also accepts as electives the following courses offered by other departments:

| 50:080:347 | Environmental Design (3) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 50:082:382 | History of Design and Photography (3) |
| 50:220:330 | Urban Economics (3) |
| 50:510:255 | The Rise of the City (3) |
| 50:512:415 | History of the American City (3) |
| 50:790:331 | Urban Policy and Economic Development (3) |
| 50:790:360 | Urban Public Policy (3) |
| 50:920:321 | Urban Sociology (3) |
|  |  |
| Departmental Honors Program |  |

The department encourages any student with an overall grade-point average of 3.0 or better to consider applying for the departmental honors program. Students accepted for this program normally enroll in two terms of 50:975:498,499 Independent Study in Urban Studies. This program consists of a year of intensive research, resulting in an honors thesis produced under the guidance of a departmental adviser. Interested students should contact the chair of the department during their junior year.

## Courses

## 50:975:102. APPROACHES to URBAN STUDIES (R) (3)

## (Formerly 50:975:203)

An introduction to basic approaches to the study, analysis, and resolution of urban problems, which are explored in their social, economic, political, and physical contexts. Examination of the development of a theoretical approach to contemporary urban studies. Serves as an introduction to further work in urban studies and community development.

## 50:975:103. URban and Regional Ecological Planning (3)

The network of interdependency and interaction between the human-made and the natural environments. The role of ecological planning in controlled growth and protecting the environment. Examination of environmental protection legislation on the federal, state, and local levels. Use of New Jersey case studies involving the Pinelands Commission and the Coastal Area Facilities Review Act.

50:975:104. Power and Decision Making in Urban Communities (R) (3) The theory and structure of the decision-making process in the urban community, with emphasis on the dynamics of the group as well as the systemic constraints bearing on the process. Formal and informal power structures in the urban community and their influence on the decision-making process. The power and functioning of group types and their relationship to the decisionmaking process. Topics include urban governing structures, corporatism, elitism, pluralism, public policy, and technology of power.

## 50:975:204. Poverty and Urban Environmental Systems (R) (3)

Problems of urban poverty in the context of income insufficiency and inequality in the American socioeconomic system. Factors contributing to urban poverty including population growth, technological change, racism, migration patterns, and subcultural conflicts. Lifestyles of the urban poor and institutional structures that handicap or aid them in escaping the poverty trap. The needs of the urban poor considered relative to present programs to eliminate poverty. Existing but unmet needs identified and possible solutions explored.

## 50:975:219. History of the Ghetto and American Slums (R) (3)

The historical development, characteristics, and functioning of ghettos and slums in America. Social organization in slum areas: formal and informal social controls; historical and contemporary theories of slums and ghettos. The persistence of the ghetto in capitalist societies. Public and private programs instituted to deal with ghetto problems. A conceptual framework developed for possible action directed toward change.

50:975:220. Civic Education and Community Service (3)
Minimum of five hours ofcommunity serviceperweek and class attendance required.
Provides students with "hands-on" experience in voluntary community service. The pilot course in the CASE (Citizenship and Service Education) program.

## 50:975:221. LIteracy Practicum (3)

Tutor training for five weeks in a wide range of instructional methods followed by service learning in the community tutoring children, youth, or adults through schools and agencies.

## 50:975:231. Social Public Policy Planning (3)

Analytic study of the development of social public policy planning in the United States. Development of theoretical models of interaction between social, political, and economic events, and the legislative and professional response.

50:975:306. Basic Methods of Urban and Regional Planning (3)
An introduction to the history and methodology of urban and regional planning. Covers legal aspects of planning in the United States and touches on planning abroad. Organization and operation of the planning function in local, state, and federal governments.

## 50:975:312. Urban and Regional Planning Studio (3)

Intensive study of the problems and opportunities of a selected urban, rural, or suburban area. Focuses on development of physical action proposals resulting from an analysis of the total configuration of needs: fiscal, social, economic, and physical. Working in small teams, participants create a community development, rehabilitation, or conservation plan for their selected area.

## 50:975:315. Theory and Practice of Urban and Regional Planning (3)

Prerequisite: Junior or senior status or permission of instructor. Review of modern land-use planning theories and techniques. Purpose and objectives of plans and planning. Comparative theories and approaches to planning.

## 50:975:319. Urban Health-Care Systems and Human Needs (3)

Examination of urban health-care systems including consideration of such components as the structure and operations of local health departments, community and other institutional facilities, practitioner services, emerging forms of group practice, neighborhood health units, and other public and private systems serving the ghetto and other local urban communities. Major health needs which these services are designed to meet. Existing gaps in provision of health care and possible approaches to their solution. Includes field exploration of health services in the Camden community.

## 50:975:320. Energy and the Urban Environment (3)

The role of different energy sources as bases of urban life and development. Future study perspectives presented and explored. Approaches to the resolution of ecological problems discussed, with emphasis on maintaining the city as a viable environment for human growth and development.

## 50:975:326. Planning and Administration of Municipal Services (3)

Prerequisites: Junior or senior status and a good background in social science. The nature, objectives, and functioning of services customarily found in urban communities: municipal organizational structures; location of departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other entities therein. Agency responsibilities, methods of operation, and limitations. Law enforcement, environmental protection, educational services, health services, welfare services, sanitation, and zoning; case studies in Camden and other South Jersey communities.

## 50:975:339. Housing and Planning Seminar (3)

Prerequisite:Junior or senior status or permission of instructor. Analysis of the current housing situation in America, including the housing crisis, government and grass-roots response, obstacles inhibiting housing construction, new technologies, and major housing problems and sponsorship. Technical aspects of housing problems and sponsorship. Housing situations in Camden and other South Jersey communities used for case studies.

## 50:975:347. Polutics and Planning of Urban Social

 Services (3)Relationships between clients and bureaucracies and the politics and planning of bureaucratic reform. Special emphasis on the effects of urban social services (schools, police, welfare, etc.) on the poor and their communities.

## 50:975:369. Communications and Urban Problems (3)

The role of mass communication in an urban society, with special attention to its place in ghetto communities. Transmission and reception of social, cultural, and economic stimuli through verbal and nonverbal channels. Differing levels and types of response by various socioeconomic strata in urban communities as they relate
to urban problems and programs.

## 50:975:395. Research Methodology in Urban Planning (3)

Prerequisite:Junior or senior status or permission of instructor. Quantitative and qualitative methods of analysis in urban planning: survey methodology, data requirements, and collection methods; sampling processes, data presentation, analysis and interpretation, development and selection of alternatives; cost-benefit analysis.

## 50:975:405. Legal Foundations of Urban and Regional Planning (3)

Prerequisite: Junior or senior status or permission of instructor. Development of the legal foundations for urban and regional planning. Zoning, subdivision, land tenure, eminent domain, growth controls, and agricultural land preservation used to illustrate principles of constitutional and administrative law, as well as the law of contracts, property, torts, and procedure.

## 50:975:413. Urban and Regional Revitalization (3)

The range of strategies relevant to problems of urban fiscal and administrative stress. An assessment of their interrelationship and contributions to an overall revitalization policy. Examination of the privatization of inner-city redevelopment and its relationship to urban theory. Presentations by outside experts, agencies, interest groups, and professionals that have an impact on the formulation of urban public policy. Topics include emerging urban structures, gentrification, historic preservation, public-private ventures, local business development, and innovative financing.

## 50:975:421. Urban Studies Practicum I (3)

Prerequisites:Junior or senior status, two courses in the department, and permission of instructor.
Experiential learning in urban field placement related to academic study and preparation. Students may identify their preferred practicum agency from a list available in the department, or they may approach an agency themselves, with the counsel of faculty. Fieldwork is supervised at the agency level and regular meetings are held with the faculty member directing the section.

## 50:975:422. Urban Studies Practicum II (3)

Prerequisite: 50:975:421.
A continuationof50:975:421.

## 50:975:451. Community Leadership Training Seminar (3)

Prerequisites:50:975:220 or 221 and permission of instructor.
The process of community development in a variety of settings. In a seminar environment that involves both cognitive study and experiential laboratory training, community development examined in the neighborhood, at work, at home, in religious life, and in schools and colleges. The seminar looks at its own group process in an effort to develop both awareness of, and competency in, its members' individual capacities for leadership in community building.

## 50:975:455. Community Welfare Planning (3)

The social planning process in selected areas of public policy. Linkages between the reform impulse, federal legislation, bureaucratic implementation, and actual local service delivery. Topics include voluntarism and governmental initiative, federalism, bureaucracy and policy implementation, revenue sharing, regionalism, and decentralized service delivery.

## 50:975:478. History of Planning Thought (3)

Prerequisite: Junior or senior status or permission of instructor. Major ideas in urban and regional planning in history. A look at both utopian and practical concepts related to the built environment. The origin, growth, and impact of these ideas on the evolution of planning and urbanization in the context of broader social, intellectual, and technological change.

50:975:487. Special Topics in Geographical Information Systems (3)
Introduction to computer systems for the storage, management, analysis, and display of geographic data. Emphasis on applications relating to urban and environmental planning.

## 50:975:498,499. INDEPENDENT STUDY (BA,BA)

Independent supervised study. Students arrange to work with individual faculty members to design and present a significant research project.

## WALT WHITMAN PROGRAM IN AMERICAN STUDIES

## Directors:

Tyler Hoffman, Department of English
CarolSingley, Departmentof English,Women'sStudiesProgram Alan Tarr, Department of PoliticalScience

Faculty Advisers:
Katrina Hazzard-Donald, DepartmentofSociology
Geoffrey Sill, Department of English
Roberta Tarbell, Department of Art
Jon Van Til, Department of Urban Studies and Community Planning,
CASE Program
Allen Woll, Department of History,FilmStudies Program
The Walt Whitman Program in American Studies is an interdisciplinary undergraduate minor consisting of a concentration of six courses ( 18 credits) that illuminate diverse aspects of American culture. The minor combines course work in American studies with courses from relevant disciplines (literature, history, arts and material culture, and the social or behavioral sciences), giving students the opportunity to examine American experience from a variety of perspectives.

## Minor Requirements

To integrate these diverse perspectives, students enroll in an interdisciplinary American studies seminar, which introduces them to the critical and theoretical paradigms of American studies and their applicability to a range of American writers and texts. This seminar, taken at an early point, serves as a basis for the minor. Students, with advice of program faculty, also take 12 other elective credits, which introduce them to a particular issue or set of problems in American studies. At least 3 of these credits will be in English and at least 3 credits will be in history, but no more than 6 elective credits will be in any one discipline. At least 6 elective credits will be at the 300 level or above. During the senior year, students complete an Independent Study in American Studies, consisting either of a research project or an internship at a local museum, library, or historical site.

## Walt Whitman Option

This option encourages students to take advantage of the unique cultural resources of Camden, where Whitman spent the last years of his life and where he attained international fame. Few figures profit from interdisciplinary study as much as Whitman, whose poetry and prose is a rich repository of literary, artistic, musical, historical, religious, and philosophical currents. The Walt Whitman House, just a few blocks from the Rutgers-Camden campus, is one of the best preserved literary landmarks in the United States, and the adjacent Whitman library has a fine collection of writings by and about Whitman.

Students choosing this option fulfill the same requirements as for the American studies minor, but may select courses that offer an international context or background for Whitman's writings. The senior Independent Study involves either research on Whitman or an internship at the Walt Whitman House.

## Courses

## 50:050:301. American Studies Seminar (3)

Using one or more major figures as a focal point, this interdisciplinary course introduces students to the issues, materials, and methodologies of American studies. Students develop analytical and research tools necessary to understand both the diversity of American experience and the formation of a national culture. Readings include primary sources and recent scholarship. In addition to Walt Whitman, who lived and wrote in Camden, other figures who raise important issues and problems in the development of American culture and civilization are examined.

## 50:050:401. Independent Study in American Studies (3)

Under the direction of faculty, students research a selected topic or complete an internship at a local museum, library, or historical site. Taken in the senior year.

Other courses for the minor are selected from appropriate American topics offerings within the liberal arts college, such as:

## Art

50:082:367 American Art: 1650-1900 (3)
50:082:368 Twentieth-Century American Art (3)
50:082:382 History of Design and Photography (3)

## Economics

50:220:310 American Economic History (3)

## English

All 352 (American literature) courses

## Film Studies

50:354:315 American Film (3)
History
All 512 (American history) courses open to nonmajors, except 50:512:211 and 212

## Music

50:700:309 American Music (3) 50:700:348,349 Jazz, Rock, Folk, and Pop $(3,3)$

## Philosophy

50:730:367 American Philosophers (3)

## Political Science

50:790:304 Politics and Culture (3)
50:790:356 Women and Politics (3)
50:790:364 Politics of Minority Groups (3)
50:790:375 American Political Thought (3)
50:790:401 American Constitutional Development (3)
50:790:409 Law and American Civilization (3)
50:790:422 Politics, Business, and American Capitalism (3)
50:790:434 Government, Business, and American Politics (3)
50:790:442 Human Freedoms and the Constitution (3)
Psychology
50:830:203 The Psychology of Minority Groups (3)

## Religion

50:840:216 The Black Church (3)
50:840:307 Religion in Contemporary America (3)

## Sociology

50:070:323 Anthropology of American Culture (3)
50:070:338 North American Indians (3)
50:070:344 Dance of the African Diaspora (3)
50:202:201 Criminal Justice in American Society (3)
50:920:306 Sociology of the Family (3)
50:920:316 Race and Ethnicity (3)
50:920:321 Urban Sociology (3)
50:920:332 Social Stratification (3)
50:920:370 Social Changes in the Global Economy (3)
50:920:430 African-American Culture (3)
50:920:442 Mass Media and Popular Culture (3)

## Theater Arts

50:965:215 Black Theater I (3)
50:965:216 Black Theater II (3)
50:965:307 American Popular Entertainment (3)
50:965:308 American Musical Theater (3)
Urban Studies and Community Planning
50:975:204 Poverty and Urban Environmental Systems (3)
50:975:219 History of the Ghetto and American Slums (3)
With the approval of a program director, students pursuing the Walt Whitman option may select from the preceding courses, as well as from the following courses, which offer an expanded context for understanding Whitman's work:

## English

50:350:322 Romantic Period (3)
50:350:324 Victorian Literature (3)
50:350:377 Literature and Sexuality (3)

## Music

50:700:337 Opera (3)

## Psychology

50:830:312 Psychology of Consciousness (3)
50:830:347 Psychology of Human Sexuality (3)
Religion
50:840:211 History of Religions: The Eastern Experience (3)
50:840:325 Myth and Symbol (3)

## WOMEN'S STUDIES 988

## Director: Carol Singley, Department of English Faculty

Beth Adelson, Psychology
Georgia Arbuckle, Chemistry
Kathleen Ashton, Nursing
Laurie Bernstein, History
Stuart Z. Charmé, Religion
Baoline Chen, Economics
Marie Cornelia, English
Sheila Cosminsky, Sociology, Anthropology, and Criminal Justice
LuisGarcia,Psychology
Janet Golden, History
Sharon Gramby-Sobukwe, Political Science
Mary Greipp, Nursing
Nancy Hopkins, Chemistry
Louise Horowitz, French
Michael Lang, Urban Studies and Community Planning
Caroline Levine, English
Jing Li, Chemistry
Dorothy Mandelbaum, Psychology
Janet Morford, French
Patricia Peacock, Business
Suneeta Ramaswami, ComputerScience
James Rushing, German
Kim Shienbaum, PoliticalScience
Carol Singley, English
Lisa Szeto, Biology
Roberta Tarbell, Art
Women's studies promotes the exploration of women's lives and contributions throughout history and today. It draws on many disciplines-anthropology, art, English, history, psychology, religion, science, sociology-answering our growing intellectual and social needs to understand gender better. Women's studies not only acknowledges the significance of women's work and experience, it also develops critical tools to analyze gender as a category that shapes our thoughts, values, accomplishments, and social interactions. The broad base of women's studies makes it an important field of study for men as well as women.

The objectives of this program include the following:

1. to offer undergraduates understanding of new scholarship on gender
2. to prepare interested students for graduate work in the field of women's studies
3. to permit students to learn about the lives of women past and present through knowledge gathered by scholars in a wide array of disciplines
4. to develop leadership skills among women

## Minor Requirements

Students minoring in women's studies are required to take 50:988:201 Introduction to Women's Studies, if possible before they begin to take electives. 50:988:441 Senior Seminar in Women's Studies is required during the senior year. Special arrangements can be made for evening students interested in completing the minor. An individualized major with a concentration in women's studies can be developed by a student in consultation with the director of the program. In order to achieve the four objectives of the program, the minor requires a minimum of 18 credits from among the following courses (or other relevant courses that are approved by the program director). At least 6 credits of the departmental courses must be at the 300 level or above.

## Courses

50:988:201. Introduction to Women's Studies (3)
Introduction to the study of women as a diverse social group with
a history, culture, and experience of its own, and to the study of gender as a category of social, cultural, and economic organization. An interdisciplinary and cross-cultural approach to incorporating race, class, and ethnicity as well as gender analysis. Emphasis on contemporary issues pertaining to women, including feminism and antifeminism, work, sexuality, family relations, reproduction, and politics.

## 50:988:410. Women and Work (3)

Studies how career salience develops in women. Begins with an examination of the psychology of work and then explores aspects of feminine psychological development that may affect instrumental functioning. The psychology of women and the psychology of work are next integrated into a close look at psychological issues that may explain why and how some women develop strong, and often nontraditional, career interests, attitudes, and behaviors.

## 50:988:441. Senior Seminar in Women’s Studies (3)

Prerequisite: Any 15 credits in approved women'sstudies minor program orpermission of instructor(s).
Integration of the minor: readings and discussions about the nature, problems, and future of women as dealt with in the natural and social sciences and the humanities and fine arts.

50:988:491,492. Special Topics in Women's Studies $(3,3)$
A course on a specially selected topic.
50:988:495,496. Independent Study in Women's Studies (BA,BA)
Prerequisite: 50:988:201.
Advanced students work individually with an instructor on a self-determined course of study.

## Related Courses in Other Fields

## Anthropology

50:070:340. Women, Men, and Culture (3)
50:070:485,486. SPECIAL TOPICS in ANTHROPOLOGY (3,3) *
Art History
50:082:305. Women and Art (3)
Biology
50:120:105. The Facts of LIfe (3)
$50: 120: 106$. Human Reproduction and Development (3)

## Economics

50:220:366. Special Topics on Contemporary Economic Issues (3)*
English
50:350:377. LIterature and Sexualut (3)
50:350:388. Women in LIterature (3)
50:350:393,394. Special Topics in Literature (1-3,1-3) *
50:350:441. LIterary Theory and Criticism (3)
50:350:481,482. Readings in Major Authors (3,3)*
50:352:391,392. Special Topics in American Literature (3,3)*
50:352:436,437. Major Writers of America $(3,3)$ *
Film
50:354:391,392,393,394. SpeCIaL TOPICS in FILM (3,3,3,3) *

[^12]French
50:420:240,241. Special Topics in French Literature in English Translation (3,3) *
50:420:244. Women in French Literature in English Translation (3)
German
50:470:391,392. Special Topics in German Literature in English Translation $(3,3)$ *

History
50:510:480. Special Topics in European, African, or Asian History (3) *

50:512:220. Women in American History (3)
50:512:480. Special Topics in American History (3) *
Linguistics
50:615:225. LANGUAGE, CLASS, and CULTURE (3)
50:615:386,387. SPECIAL STUDIES IN LINGUISTICS $(3,3)$ *
Management
52:620:467. Women and Men in Management (3)
Philosophy
50:730:327. Women and Philosophy (3)
Political Science
50:790:356. Women and Poltics (3)

## Psychology

50:830:203. The Psychology of Minority Groups (3)
$50: 830: 206$. Psychology of Marriage and the Family (3)
50:830:347. Psychology of Human Sexualty (3)
50:830:373. PSYChology of Women (3)

50:830:393. Human Emotions (3)
50:830:458,459. SPECIAL TOPICS IN PSYCHOLOGY (2-3,2-3)*
50:830:463,464. SPECIAL TOPICS IN PSYCHOLOGY (2-3,2-3) *

## Religion

50:840:330. Women and Religion (3)

## Russian

50:860:349. Special Topics: Russian Literature/ Stalin (3) *

## Sociology

50:920:306. Sociology of the Family (3)
50:920:323. Sociology of Childhood and Adolescence (3)
$50: 920: 337$. Women and Men in Society (3)
50:920:357. Individual and Society (3)
50:920:431. Sociology of Work and Careers (3)
50:920:438. Sociology of AGING (3)
50:920:440. Sexuality and Society (3)
50:920:445,446. SPECIAL TOPICS in SOCIOLOGY (1-3,1-3) *
50:920:447,448. SpeCial Topics in Sociology (1-3,1-3) *
50:920:463. Special Topics in Sociology (1-3) *
Urban Planning
50:975:498,499. INDEPENDENT STUDY (BA,BA) *

## ZOOLOGY 990

See Biological Sciences.

[^13]
[^0]:    005 Engineering Transfer
    006 Pre-Business
    008 Pre-Nursing

[^1]:    * Primarily deals with statics.

[^2]:    50:070:344 Dance of the African Diaspora (3)
    50:082:285 Art of Africa (3)

[^3]:    * Requires approval of the African-American Studies program director prior to enrollment.

[^4]:    50:120:101,102 General Biology $(4,4)$ or 50:120:127,128, 129,130 Principles of Biology (3,3,1,1)
    50:160:115-116 Chemical Principles I,II $(3,3)$
    50:160:125-126 Chemical Principles Laboratory I,II (1,1)

[^5]:    * Although either 50:640:130 or 121 will satisfy the mathematics requirement, students who plan to pursue graduate studies in the biological sciences are advised to take 50:640:121 and 122.

[^6]:    * No more than 8 credits toward the chemistry major may be earned in 100and 200-level courses.

[^7]:    * Certification is not available in General Science.

[^8]:    * Required for elementary candidates only
    $\dagger$ Required for secondary candidates only.

[^9]:    Department of English
    Chairperson: Geoffrey Sill
    Director of the Writing Program: M.A. Rafey Habib

[^10]:    50:070:341 Peoples and Cultures of Latin America (3)
    50:202:337 The Poor, Minorities, and Justice (3)
    50:620:369 The Management of Multinational Business (3)*
    50:630:371 Marketing(3)*
    50:790:211 Introduction to International Politics (3)
    50:790:311 Government and Politics of Latin America (3)
    50:830:203 The Psychology of Minority Groups (3)
    50:920:316 Race and Ethnicity (3)
    50:940:204 Advanced Spanish Composition and Conversation (3)
    50:940:302 Spanish and Spanish-American Culture and Civilization (3)
    50:940:315 Commercial Spanish (3)

[^11]:    * School of Business-Camden students only.

[^12]:    * Special topics courses are approved for Women's Studies credit if they are listed in the Women's Studies flyer issued each term. Other courses may be approved for Women's Studies credit by the program director. Please note that some of the above courses have departmental prerequisites.

[^13]:    * Special topics courses are approved for Women's Studies credit if they are listed in the Women's Studies flyer issued each term. Other courses may be approved for Women's Studies credit by the program director. Please note that some of the above courses have departmental prerequisites.

